# FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANKS

# Combined Financial Report for the Quarterly Period Ended September 30, 2024

This Combined Financial Report provides financial information on the Federal Home Loan Banks. The Federal Home Loan Banks issue consolidated bonds and consolidated discount notes (collectively referred to as consolidated obligations). Consolidated obligations are joint and several obligations of all Federal Home Loan Banks, which means that each individual Federal Home Loan Bank is responsible for the payment of principal and interest on all consolidated obligations. Each Federal Home Loan Bank is a separately chartered entity with its own board of directors and management. There is no centralized, system-wide management or oversight by a single board of directors of the Federal Home Loan Banks.

Federal Home Loan Bank consolidated obligations are not obligations of the United States and are not guaranteed by the United States. No person other than the Federal Home Loan Banks will have any obligations or liability with respect to consolidated obligations.

The Securities Act of 1933, as amended, does not require the registration of consolidated obligations; therefore, no registration statement with respect to consolidated obligations has been filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. Neither the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, nor the Federal Housing Finance Agency, nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these consolidated obligations or determined if this report is truthful or complete.

Carefully consider the risk factors provided in this and other Combined Financial Reports of the Federal Home Loan Banks (collectively referred to as Combined Financial Reports). Neither the Combined Financial Reports nor any offering materials provided by, or on behalf of, the Federal Home Loan Banks describe all the risks of investing in consolidated obligations. Investors should consult with their financial and legal advisors about the risks of investing in consolidated obligations.

The financial information contained in this Combined Financial Report is for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2024. This Combined Financial Report should be read in conjunction with the Federal Home Loan Banks Combined Financial Report for the year ended December 31, 2023, issued on March 22, 2024. Combined Financial Reports are available on the Federal Home Loan Banks Office of Finance website at fhlb-of.com. This website address is provided as a matter of convenience only, and its contents are not made part of or incorporated by reference into this report.

Investors should direct questions about consolidated obligations or the Combined Financial Reports to the Federal Home Loan Banks Office of Finance at (703) 467-3600 or at info@fhlb-of.com.

This Combined Financial Report was issued on November 13, 2024.

(This page intentionally left blank)

# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

	Page
Explanatory Statement about Federal Home Loan Banks Combined Financial Report	i
Combined Financial Statements (Unaudited)	F-1
Combined Statements of Condition	F-1
Combined Statements of Income	F-2
Combined Statements of Comprehensive Income	F-3
Combined Statements of Capital	F-6
Combined Statements of Cash Flows	F-8
Notes to Combined Financial Statements (Unaudited)	F-10
Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	F-10
Note 2 - Recently Issued and Adopted Accounting Guidance	F-11
Note 3 - Investments	F-11
Note 4 - Advances	F-19
Note 5 - Mortgage Loans	F-22
Note 6 - Derivatives and Hedging Activities	F-25
Note 7 - Deposits	F-31
Note 8 - Consolidated Obligations	F-32
Note 9 - Capital	F-33
Note 10 - Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	F-38
Note 11 - Fair Value	F-40
Note 12 - Commitments and Contingencies	F-47
Note 13 - Subsequent Events	F-48
Condensed Combining Schedules (Unaudited)	F-50
Selected Financial Data	1
Financial Discussion and Analysis of Combined Financial Condition and Combined Results of Operations	2
Forward-Looking Information	2
Executive Summary	4
Combined Financial Condition	10
Combined Results of Operations	30
Liquidity and Capital Resources	43
Critical Accounting Estimates	47
Recent Accounting Developments	47
Legislative and Regulatory Developments	47
External Credit Ratings	49
Risk Management	49
Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk	60
Controls and Procedures	64
Legal Proceedings	66
Risk Factors	67
Market for Capital Stock and Related Stockholder Matters	68
Supplemental Information	S-1
Index of Tables and Figures Contained in the Combined Financial Report	Index

(This page intentionally left blank)

# EXPLANATORY STATEMENT ABOUT FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANKS COMBINED FINANCIAL REPORT

The Federal Home Loan Banks (FHLBanks) are government-sponsored enterprises (GSEs), federally-chartered but privately capitalized and independently managed. The FHLBanks together with the Federal Home Loan Banks Office of Finance (Office of Finance) comprise the FHLBank System.

The Office of Finance is responsible for preparing the Combined Financial Reports of the FHLBanks. Each FHLBank is responsible for the financial information and underlying data it provides to the Office of Finance for inclusion in the Combined Financial Reports. The Office of Finance is responsible for combining the financial information it receives from each of the FHLBanks.

The Combined Financial Reports are intended to be used by investors in consolidated obligations (consolidated bonds and consolidated discount notes) of the FHLBanks as these are joint and several obligations of all FHLBanks. This Combined Financial Report is provided using combination accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This combined presentation in no way indicates that these assets and liabilities are under joint management and control as each individual FHLBank manages its operations independently. Therefore, each FHLBank's business, risk profile, financial condition, and results of operations will vary from FHLBank to FHLBank.

Because of the FHLBank System's structure, the Office of Finance does not prepare consolidated financial statements. Consolidated financial statements are generally considered to be appropriate when a controlling financial interest rests directly or indirectly in one of the enterprises included in the consolidation, which is the case in a typical holding company structure where there is a parent company that owns, directly or indirectly, one or more subsidiaries. However, the FHLBanks do not have a parent company that controls each of the FHLBanks. Instead, each of the FHLBanks is owned by its respective members and certain former members.

Each FHLBank is a separately chartered cooperative with its own board of directors and management and is responsible for establishing its own accounting and financial reporting policies in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Although the FHLBanks work together in an effort to achieve consistency on significant accounting policies, the FHLBanks' accounting and financial reporting policies and practices may vary because alternative policies and presentations are permitted under GAAP in certain circumstances. Statements in this report may be qualified by a term such as "generally," "primarily," "typically," or words of similar meaning to indicate that the statement is generally applicable, but may not be applicable to all FHLBanks or their transactions as a result of their different business practices and accounting and financial reporting and financial reporting policies under GAAP.

An investor may not be able to obtain easily a system-wide view of the FHLBanks' business, risk profile, and financial information because there is no centralized, system-wide management or centralized board of directors oversight of the individual FHLBanks. This decentralized structure is not conducive to preparing disclosures from a system-wide view in the same manner as is generally expected of U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) registrants. For example, a conventional Management's Discussion and Analysis is not provided in this Combined Financial Report; instead, this report includes a "Financial Discussion and Analysis" prepared by the Office of Finance using information provided by each FHLBank.

Each FHLBank is subject to the reporting requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and must file periodic reports and other information with the SEC. Each FHLBank prepares an annual financial report, filed on SEC Form 10-K, quarterly financial reports, filed on SEC Form 10-Q, and current reports, filed on SEC Form 8-K. Those reports contain additional information that is not contained in this Combined Financial Report. An investor should review those reports and other available information on individual FHLBanks to obtain additional

detail on each FHLBank's business, risk profile, financial condition, results of operations, and accounting and financial reporting policies. Periodic reports and other information filed by each FHLBank with the SEC are made available on its website and on the SEC's website at sec.gov. References to websites and to reports and other information filed by individual FHLBanks with the SEC are provided as a matter of convenience only, and their contents are not made part of or incorporated by reference into this report.

# FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANKS COMBINED STATEMENTS OF CONDITION (UNAUDITED)

(dollars in millions, except par value)	Septe	ember 30, 2024	Dece	mber 31, 2023
Assets				
Cash and due from banks	\$	350	\$	481
Interest-bearing deposits (Note 3)		28,121		24,163
Securities purchased under agreements to resell (Note 3)		64,360		81,012
Federal funds sold (Note 3)		74,597		57,860
Investment securities (Note 3)				
Trading securities		22,854		15,553
Available-for-sale securities, net, amortized cost of \$175,874 and \$161,766		175,418		160,455
Held-to-maturity securities, net, fair value of \$63,276 and \$67,696		63,960		68,859
Total investment securities		262,232		244,867
Advances, includes \$5,565 and \$2,247 at fair value held under fair value option (Note 4)		756,465		809,571
Mortgage loans held for portfolio, net (Note 5)		67,428		61,335
Accrued interest receivable, net		4,267		4,519
Derivative assets, net (Note 6)		4,340		3,796
Other assets, net		1,472		1,809
Total assets	\$	1,263,632	\$	1,289,413
Liabilities				
Deposits (Note 7)	\$	13,937	\$	13,150
Consolidated obligations (Note 8)				
Discount notes, includes \$54,683 and \$65,118 at fair value held under fair value option		275,871		287,050
Bonds, includes \$20,498 and \$26,149 at fair value held under fair value option		889,903		904,636
Total consolidated obligations		1,165,774		1,191,686
Mandatorily redeemable capital stock (Note 9)		978		1,230
Accrued interest payable		5,937		6,772
Affordable Housing Program payable		1,667		1,405
Derivative liabilities, net (Note 6)		104		96
Other liabilities		2,508		3,538
Total liabilities		1,190,905		1,217,877
Commitments and contingencies (Note 12)				
Capital <i>(Note 9)</i>				
Capital stock				
Class B putable (\$100 par value) issued and outstanding shares: 426,668,557 and 444,066,986		42,667		44,407
Class A putable (\$100 par value) issued and outstanding shares: 3,840,988 and 2,788,871		384		279
Total capital stock		43,051		44,686
Retained earnings				
Unrestricted		21,506		20,348
Restricted		8,453		7,546
Total retained earnings		29,959		27,894
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) (Note 10)		(283)		(1,044)
Total capital		72,727		71,536
Total liabilities and capital	\$	1,263,632	\$	1,289,413

# FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANKS COMBINED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (UNAUDITED)

		ree Months End	ded Sep	otember 30,	 Nine Months End	ed September 30,	
(dollars in millions)		2024		2023	2024		2023
Interest income							
Advances	\$	11,008	\$	12,053	\$ 33,770	\$	36,500
Interest-bearing deposits		506		567	1,527		1,568
Securities purchased under agreements to resell		707		709	2,112		2,262
Federal funds sold		1,286		1,443	3,740		4,213
Investment securities							
Trading securities		190		91	483		242
Available-for-sale securities		2,662		2,238	7,676		6,025
Held-to-maturity securities		888		837	2,686		2,233
Total investment securities		3,740		3,166	10,845		8,500
Mortgage loans held for portfolio		643		494	1,808		1,388
Other		1		_	2		1
Total interest income		17,891		18,432	53,804		54,432
Interest expense							
Consolidated obligations							
Discount notes		4,083		4,159	12,044		15,144
Bonds		11,454		11,760	34,551		32,109
Total consolidated obligations		15,537		15,919	 46,595		47,253
Deposits		178		186	532		471
Mandatorily redeemable capital stock		21		24	83		48
Total interest expense		15,736		16,129	 47,210		47,772
Net interest income		2,155		2,303	 6,594		6,660
Provision (reversal) for credit losses		(5)		8	(7)		16
Net interest income after provision (reversal) for credit losses		2,160		2,295	 6,601		6,644
Non-interest income							
Net gains (losses) on investment securities		455		(90)	367		(46
Net gains (losses) on financial instruments held under fair value option		(79)		(75)	(84)		(144
Net gains (losses) on derivatives		(343)		189	(179)		262
Other, net		77		41	243		201
Total non-interest income (loss)		110		65	 347		273
Non-interest expense							
Compensation and benefits		210		202	636		617
Other operating expenses		154		140	447		406
Federal Housing Finance Agency		27		26	80		76
Office of Finance		19		16	58		53
Voluntary housing and community investment		176		38	307		89
Other, net		8		7	25		22
Total non-interest expense		594		429	 1,553		1,263
Net income before assessments		1,676		1,931	 5,395		5,654
Affordable Housing Program assessments		170		196	548		570
Net income	\$	1,506	\$	1,735	\$ 4,847	\$	5,084

## FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANKS COMBINED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UNAUDITED)

	Th	ree Months En	tember 30,		Nine Months End	ed September 30,		
(dollars in millions)		2024		2023		2024		2023
Net income	\$	1,506	\$	1,735	\$	4,847	\$	5,084
Other comprehensive income								
Net unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities		(56)		(533)		850		(368)
Net non-credit portion of other-than-temporary impairment gains (losses) on held-to-maturity securities		_		_		_		3
Net unrealized gains (losses) relating to hedging activities		(133)		58		(83)		63
Pension and postretirement benefits		(1)		(2)		(6)		21
Total other comprehensive income (loss)		(190)		(477)		761		(281)
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$	1,316	\$	1,258	\$	5,608	\$	4,803

# FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANKS COMBINED STATEMENTS OF CAPITAL (UNAUDITED)

#### THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024 AND 2023

				Capital Stoo	:k - F	Putable			
	Cla	ss B		Clas	ss A		То	tal	
(dollars and shares in millions)	Shares		Par Value	Shares		Par Value	Shares		Par Value
Balance, June 30, 2024	437	\$	43,690	3	\$	319	440	\$	44,009
Comprehensive income (loss)	_		-	-		_	-		-
Proceeds from issuance of capital stock	103		10,393	-		1	103		10,394
Repurchases/redemptions of capital stock	(108)		(10,886)	(4)		(521)	(112)		(11,407)
Net stock reclassified (to)/from mandatorily redeemable capital stock	_		(1)	(1)		(73)	(1)		(74)
Transfers between Class B and Class A shares	(6)		(658)	6		658	_		_
Dividends on capital stock									
Cash	_		_	_		_	_		-
Stock	1		129	_		_	1		129
Balance, September 30, 2024	427	\$	42,667	4	\$	384	431	\$	43,051
		_			-			_	
Balance, June 30, 2023	472	\$	47,218	4	\$	352	476	\$	47,570
Comprehensive income (loss)	_		-	_		_	_		_
Proceeds from issuance of capital stock	117		11,725	_		1	117		11,726
Repurchases/redemptions of capital stock	(130)		(13,054)	(7)		(703)	(137)		(13,757)
Net stock reclassified (to)/from mandatorily redeemable capital stock	(4)		(421)	(1)		(54)	(5)		(475)
Transfers between Class B and Class A shares	(8)		(762)	8		762	_		_
Dividends on capital stock									
Cash	_		-	_		_	_		_
Stock	2		155	_		_	2		155
Balance, September 30, 2023	449	\$	44,861	4	\$	358	453	\$	45,219

# FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANKS COMBINED STATEMENTS OF CAPITAL (continued) (UNAUDITED)

#### THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024 AND 2023

			R	etained Earnings			Accumulated Other Comprehensive		Total
(dollars and shares in millions)	U	nrestricted		Restricted	 Total		Income (Loss)		Capital
Balance, June 30, 2024	\$	21,208	\$	8,172	\$ 29,380	\$	(93)	\$	73,296
Comprehensive income (loss)		1,225		281	1,506		(190)		1,316
Proceeds from issuance of capital stock		-		_	-		_		10,394
Repurchases/redemptions of capital stock		-		_	-		_		(11,407)
Net stock reclassified (to)/from mandatorily redeemable capital stock		_		_	_		_		(74)
Transfers between Class B and Class A shares		-		_	_		_		_
Dividends on capital stock									
Cash		(798)		_	(798)		_		(798)
Stock		(129)		_	(129)		_		_
Balance, September 30, 2024	\$	21,506	\$	8,453	\$ 29,959	\$	(283)	\$	72,727
					 	_		_	
Balance, June 30, 2023	\$	19,525	\$	6,902	\$ 26,427	\$	(557)	\$	73,440
Comprehensive income (loss)		1,387		348	1,735		(477)		1,258
Proceeds from issuance of capital stock		-		_	_		_		11,726
Repurchases/redemptions of capital stock		-		_	_		_		(13,757)
Net stock reclassified (to)/from mandatorily redeemable capital stock		_		_	_		_		(475)
Transfers between Class B and Class A shares		-		_	_		_		_
Dividends on capital stock									
Cash		(815)		_	(815)		_		(815)
Stock		(155)		_	(155)		_		-
Balance, September 30, 2023	\$	19,942	\$	7,250	\$ 27,192	\$	(1,034)	\$	71,377

# FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANKS COMBINED STATEMENTS OF CAPITAL (UNAUDITED)

#### NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024 AND 2023

				Capital Stor	:k - P	utable			
	Cla	ss B		Clas	ss A		То	tal	
(dollars and shares in millions)	Shares		Par Value	Shares		Par Value	Shares		Par Value
Balance, December 31, 2023	444	\$	44,407	3	\$	279	447	\$	44,686
Comprehensive income (loss)	_		-	_		—	-		_
Proceeds from issuance of capital stock	314		31,400	-		1	314		31,401
Repurchases/redemptions of capital stock	(318)		(31,846)	(12)		(1,226)	(330)		(33,072)
Net stock reclassified (to)/from mandatorily redeemable capital stock	(1)		(60)	(3)		(296)	(4)		(356)
Transfers between Class B and Class A shares	(16)		(1,626)	16		1,626	—		-
Dividends on capital stock									
Cash	_		_	_		_	_		_
Stock	4		392	_		_	4		392
Balance, September 30, 2024	427	\$	42,667	4	\$	384	431	\$	43,051
					_				
Balance, December 31, 2022	438	\$	43,767	2	\$	239	440	\$	44,006
Comprehensive income (loss)	_		-	_		_	_		-
Proceeds from issuance of capital stock	533		53,280	_		3	533		53,283
Repurchases/redemptions of capital stock	(482)		(48,176)	(16)		(1,715)	(498)		(49,891)
Net stock reclassified (to)/from mandatorily redeemable capital stock	(22)		(2,194)	(4)		(357)	(26)		(2,551)
Transfers between Class B and Class A shares	(22)		(2,188)	22		2,188	_		_
Dividends on capital stock									
Cash	_		-	_		_	-		-
Stock	4		372	_		_	4		372
Balance, September 30, 2023	449	\$	44,861	4	\$	358	453	\$	45,219

# FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANKS COMBINED STATEMENTS OF CAPITAL (continued) (UNAUDITED)

#### NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024 AND 2023

			R	etained Earnings			Accumulated Other Comprehensive		Total
(dollars and shares in millions)	l	Unrestricted		Restricted		Total		Income (Loss)	 Capital
Balance, December 31, 2023	\$	20,348	\$	7,546	\$	27,894	\$	(1,044)	\$ 71,536
Comprehensive income (loss)		3,940		907		4,847		761	5,608
Proceeds from issuance of capital stock		-		-		_		-	31,401
Repurchases/redemptions of capital stock		_		_		_		_	(33,072)
Net stock reclassified (to)/from mandatorily redeemable capital stock		_		_		_		_	(356)
Transfers between Class B and Class A shares		_		_		_		_	_
Dividends on capital stock									
Cash		(2,390)		_		(2,390)		_	(2,390)
Stock		(392)		_		(392)		_	_
Balance, September 30, 2024	\$	21,506	\$	8,453	\$	29,959	\$	(283)	\$ 72,727
	-		-		-				
Balance, December 31, 2022	\$	18,322	\$	6,232	\$	24,554	\$	(753)	\$ 67,807
Comprehensive income (loss)		4,066		1,018		5,084		(281)	4,803
Proceeds from issuance of capital stock		_		_		_		_	53,283
Repurchases/redemptions of capital stock		_		_		_		_	(49,891)
Net stock reclassified (to)/from mandatorily redeemable capital stock		_		_		_		_	(2,551)
Transfers between Class B and Class A shares		_		_		_		_	_
Dividends on capital stock									
Cash		(2,074)		_		(2,074)		_	(2,074)
Stock		(372)		_		(372)		_	_
Balance, September 30, 2023	\$	19,942	\$	7,250	\$	27,192	\$	(1,034)	\$ 71,377

# FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANKS COMBINED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

	Nine Months Ended September 30,					
(dollars in millions)	2024		2023			
Operating activities						
Net income	\$ 4,8	47 \$	5,084			
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities						
Depreciation and amortization/(accretion)	3	80	393			
Net change in derivatives and hedging activities	(4,2	11)	3,557			
Net change in fair value adjustments on trading securities	(3	64)	41			
Net change in fair value adjustments on financial instruments held under fair value option		84	144			
Other adjustments, net		43	5			
Net change in						
Accrued interest receivable		75	(1,197)			
Other assets		21	(19)			
Accrued interest payable	(9	64)	3,965			
Other liabilities	2	11	362			
Total adjustments	(4,7	25)	7,251			
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	1	.22	12,335			
Investing activities						
Net change in						
Interest-bearing deposits	(1,8	50)	(3,371)			
Securities purchased under agreements to resell	16,6	52	2,140			
Federal funds sold	(16,7	'37)	(21,137)			
Trading securities						
Proceeds from sales	4,8	93	1,141			
Proceeds from maturities and paydowns	2,2	18	6,734			
Purchases	(14,1	.45)	(3,738)			
Available-for-sale securities						
Proceeds from sales	2,4	03	1,391			
Proceeds from maturities and paydowns	7,0	66	9,432			
Purchases	(20,9	98)	(32,275)			
Held-to-maturity securities						
Proceeds from sales		-	39			
Proceeds from maturities and paydowns	10,2	61	8,140			
Purchases	(5,3	65)	(17,519)			
Advances, net	57,1	.71	(10,462)			
Mortgage loans held for portfolio						
Principal collected	4,3	53	3,725			
Purchases	(10,5	513)	(7,556)			
Other investing activities, net		(70)	(58)			
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	35,3	39	(63,374)			

## FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANKS COMBINED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (continued) (UNAUDITED)

	Nine Month	Nine Months Ended September 30,					
(dollars in millions)	2024		2023				
Financing activities							
Net change in deposits and pass-through reserves, and other financing activities	\$	711 \$	3,567				
Net proceeds (payments) on derivative contracts with financing element		52	135				
Net proceeds from issuance of consolidated obligations							
Discount notes	4,483,	515	4,461,405				
Bonds	702,	721	847,639				
Payments for maturing and retiring consolidated obligations							
Discount notes	(4,495,	348)	(4,623,084)				
Bonds	(722,	574)	(637,799)				
Proceeds from issuance of capital stock	31,	401	53,283				
Payments for repurchases/redemptions of capital stock	(33,	072)	(49,891)				
Payments for repurchases/redemptions of mandatorily redeemable capital stock	(	608)	(1,857)				
Cash dividends paid	(2,	390)	(2,074)				
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(35,	592)	51,324				
Net increase (decrease) in cash and due from banks	(	131)	285				
Cash and due from banks at beginning of the period		481	417				
Cash and due from banks at end of the period	\$	350 \$	702				
Supplemental disclosures							
Cash activities							
Interest paid	\$ 43,	976 \$	41,590				
Affordable Housing Program payments, net	\$	353 \$	229				

# **NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)**

# **Background Information**

These financial statements present the combined financial position and combined results of operations of the Federal Home Loan Banks (FHLBanks). The FHLBanks are government-sponsored enterprises (GSEs) that were organized under the Federal Home Loan Bank Act of 1932, as amended (FHLBank Act), to serve the public by enhancing the availability of credit for residential mortgages and targeted community development. Each FHLBanks are regulated by the Federal Housing Finance Agency (FHFA). The FHLBanks are financial cooperatives that provide a readily available, competitively-priced source of funds to their member institutions.

The Office of Finance is a joint office of the FHLBanks established to facilitate the issuance and servicing of the debt instruments of the FHLBanks, known as consolidated obligations (consolidated bonds and consolidated discount notes), and to prepare the quarterly and annual combined financial reports of the FHLBanks. As provided by the FHLBank Act and applicable regulations, consolidated obligations are backed only by the financial resources of the FHLBanks. Consolidated obligations are the primary source of funds for the FHLBanks in addition to deposits, other borrowings, and capital stock issued to members. The FHLBanks primarily use these funds to provide advances to members.

Unless otherwise stated, dollar amounts disclosed in this Combined Financial Report represent values rounded to the nearest million. Dollar amounts rounding to less than one million are not reflected in this Combined Financial Report.

# **Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

These unaudited quarterly combined financial statements do not include all disclosures associated with annual combined financial statements, and therefore should be read in conjunction with the audited combined financial statements included in the Federal Home Loan Banks Combined Financial Report for the year ended December 31, 2023. In addition, the results of operations for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the year ending December 31, 2024.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

These combined financial statements include the financial statements and records of the FHLBanks that are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (GAAP). The information contained in these combined financial statements is not audited. Each FHLBank's financial statements, in the opinion of its management, contain all the necessary adjustments for a fair presentation of its interim financial information.

**Principles of Combination.** Transactions between the FHLBanks have been eliminated in accordance with combination accounting principles similar to consolidation under GAAP (See the <u>Condensed Combining Schedules</u> for the combining adjustments, consisting of interbank eliminations and rounding adjustments, made to the combined financial statements.)

**Segment Reporting.** FHFA regulations consider each FHLBank to be a segment. However, there is no single chief operating decision maker because there is no centralized, system-wide management or centralized board of directors oversight of the individual FHLBanks. (See the <u>Condensed Combining Schedules</u> for segment information.)

**Reclassifications and Revisions to Prior Period Amounts.** The Combined Statements of Cash Flows amounts for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 were revised to correct a classification error between available-for-sale (AFS) securities proceeds from sales, from \$2,991 million to \$1,391 million, and AFS securities proceeds from

maturities and paydowns, from \$7,832 million to \$9,432 million. This error also resulted in revisions to *Table 3.6 -Proceeds from Sales and Gross Gains and Losses on Sales of AFS Securities* in <u>Note 3 - Investments</u> for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023. These errors were not deemed to be material. In addition, certain other prior period amounts have been reclassified and may not agree to previously issued Federal Home Loan Banks combined financial reports. These amounts were not deemed to be material.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires each FHLBank's management to make subjective assumptions and estimates that may affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported amounts of income and expense. The most significant of these estimates include those used in conjunction with fair value estimates and derivatives and hedging activities. Actual results could differ from these estimates significantly.

#### **Financial Instruments Meeting Netting Requirements**

The FHLBanks present certain financial instruments on a net basis when they have a legal right of offset and all other requirements for netting are met (collectively referred to as the netting requirements). For these financial instruments, each of the affected FHLBanks has elected to offset its asset and liability positions, as well as cash collateral received or pledged, when it has met the netting requirements.

The net exposure for these financial instruments can change on a daily basis; therefore, there may be a delay between the time this exposure change is identified and additional collateral is requested, and the time when this collateral is received or pledged. Likewise, there may be a delay for excess collateral to be returned. For derivative instruments that meet the netting requirements, any excess cash collateral received or pledged is recognized as a derivative liability or derivative asset. (See <u>Note 6 - Derivatives and Hedging Activities</u> for additional information regarding these agreements.)

Securities purchased under agreements to resell are also subject to netting requirements. Based on the fair value of the related collateral held, securities purchased under agreements to resell were fully collateralized for the periods presented. There were no offsetting liabilities related to these securities at September 30, 2024 or December 31, 2023.

# Note 2 - Recently Issued and Adopted Accounting Guidance

There were no material changes during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, to recently issued and adopted accounting standards that may have an effect on the combined financial statements. (See *Note 2* - *Recently Issued and Adopted Accounting Guidance* on page F-26 of the audited combined financial statements included in the Federal Home Loan Banks Combined Financial Report for the year ended December 31, 2023, for a discussion regarding the effect of recently issued and adopted accounting guidance.)

## Note 3 - Investments

The FHLBanks make short-term investments in interest-bearing deposits, securities purchased under agreements to resell, and federal funds sold and may make other investments in debt securities, which are classified as trading, available-for-sale (AFS), or held-to-maturity (HTM).

#### Interest-Bearing Deposits, Securities Purchased under Agreements to Resell, and Federal Funds Sold

The FHLBanks invest in interest-bearing deposits, securities purchased under agreements to resell, and federal funds sold to provide short-term liquidity. These investments are generally transacted with counterparties that have received a credit rating of triple-B or greater (investment grade) by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. At both September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, none of these investments were with counterparties rated below triple-B and 9% and 11% of these investments, based on amortized cost, were with

counterparties that were unrated. At September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, securities purchased under agreements to resell comprised all and 99% of the investments with unrated counterparties, and all of the associated collateral of these transactions was rated single-A or above. These may differ from any internal ratings of the investments by an FHLBank, if applicable.

Federal funds sold are unsecured loans that are generally transacted on an overnight term. FHFA regulations include a limit on the amount of unsecured credit an individual FHLBank may extend to a counterparty. At September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, all investments in interest-bearing deposits and federal funds sold were repaid or expected to be repaid according to the contractual terms. No allowance for credit losses was recorded for these assets at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, and December 31, 2023. The carrying values of interest-bearing deposits and federal funds sold exclude accrued interest receivable totaling \$93 million and \$105 million at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

Securities purchased under agreements to resell are short-term collateralized loans and are structured such that they are evaluated regularly to determine if the market value of the underlying securities decreases below the market value required as collateral (i.e., subject to collateral maintenance provisions). If so, the counterparty must place an equivalent amount of additional securities as collateral or remit an equivalent amount of cash, generally by the next business day. Based upon the collateral held as security and collateral maintenance provisions with the relevant counterparties, each FHLBank determined that no allowance for credit losses was needed for its securities purchased under agreements to resell at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023. The carrying value of securities purchased under agreements to resell excludes accrued interest receivable of \$9 million and \$36 million at September 30, 2024 and December 30,

#### **Debt Securities**

The FHLBanks invest in debt securities, which are classified as trading, AFS, or HTM. Within these investments, the FHLBanks are primarily subject to credit risk related to private-label mortgage-backed securities (private-label MBS or PLMBS) that are supported by underlying mortgage or asset-backed loans. The FHLBanks are prohibited by FHFA regulations from purchasing certain higher-risk securities, such as equity securities and debt instruments that are not investment quality, other than certain investments targeted at low-income persons or communities and instruments that experienced credit deterioration after their purchase by the FHLBanks.

#### **Trading Securities**

Table 3.1 presents the fair value of trading securities by major security type at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

#### Table 3.1 - Trading Securities by Major Security Type

Fair Value	September 3	0, 2024	December	31, 2023
Non-mortgage-backed securities				
U.S. Treasury obligations	\$ 2	20,405	\$	12,698
Other U.S. obligations		61		68
GSE and Tennessee Valley Authority obligations		1,739		2,052
Other		110		111
Total non-mortgage-backed securities		22,315		14,929
Mortgage-backed securities				
U.S. obligations single-family		_		1
GSE single-family		12		14
GSE multifamily		527		609
Total mortgage-backed securities		539		624
Total	\$ 2	22,854	\$	15,553

Table 3.2 presents a summary of net gains (losses) on trading securities for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023.

#### Table 3.2 - Net Gains (Losses) on Trading Securities

(dollars in millions)

	T	nree Months End	led Se	ptember 30,		ptember 30,		
		2024		2023		2024		2023
Net unrealized gains (losses) on trading securities held at period-end	\$	451	\$	(85)	\$	347	\$	(74)
Net gains (losses) on trading securities sold/matured during the period		4		1		17		33
Net gains (losses) on trading securities	\$	455	\$	(84)	\$	364	\$	(41)

#### **Available-for-Sale Securities**

Table 3.3 presents the amortized cost and fair value of AFS securities by major security type at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

#### Table 3.3 - AFS Securities by Major Security Type

				Sept	tember 30, 2024			
	Amortized Cost <sup>(1)</sup>	Allowa	ance for Credit Losses	Gr	oss Unrealized Gains	Gros	s Unrealized Losses	 Fair Value
Non-mortgage-backed securities								
U.S. Treasury obligations	\$ 35,899	\$	_	\$	11	\$	(104)	\$ 35,806
Other U.S. obligations	1,770		_		17		(91)	1,696
GSE and Tennessee Valley Authority obligations	5,442		_		81		(21)	5,502
State or local housing agency obligations	1,962		_		3		(17)	1,948
Federal Family Education Loan Program ABS	1,568		_		54		(3)	1,619
Other	 393		_		2		(3)	 392
Total non-mortgage-backed securities	47,034		_		168		(239)	46,963
Mortgage-backed securities								
U.S. obligations single-family	6,926		_		25		(13)	6,938
U.S. obligations multifamily	512		_		—		(41)	471
GSE single-family	10,180		_		28		(86)	10,122
GSE multifamily	110,091		_		811		(1,094)	109,808
Private-label	1,131		(38)		44		(21)	 1,116
Total mortgage-backed securities	128,840		(38)		908		(1,255)	128,455
Total	\$ 175,874	\$	(38)	\$	1,076	\$	(1,494)	\$ 175,418

				December 31, 2023		
	Amortized Cost <sup>(1)</sup>	Allowa	ance for Credit Losses	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
Non-mortgage-backed securities						
U.S. Treasury obligations	\$ 33,467	\$	_	\$7	\$ (115)	\$ 33,359
Other U.S. obligations	1,629		_	1	(115)	1,515
GSE and Tennessee Valley Authority obligations	6,708		_	90	(28)	6,770
State or local housing agency obligations	1,905		_	2	(17)	1,890
Federal Family Education Loan Program ABS	1,903		_	58	(4)	1,957
Other	 507			3	(4)	 506
Total non-mortgage-backed securities	46,119		_	161	(283)	45,997
Mortgage-backed securities						
U.S. obligations single-family	6,161		_	4	(45)	6,120
U.S. obligations multifamily	521		_	-	(43)	478
GSE single-family	6,700		_	16	(140)	6,576
GSE multifamily	101,055		_	683	(1,639)	100,099
Private-label	 1,210		(43)	41	(23)	 1,185
Total mortgage-backed securities	115,647		(43)	744	(1,890)	114,458
Total	\$ 161,766	\$	(43)	\$ 905	\$ (2,173)	\$ 160,455

(1) Includes adjustments made to the cost basis of an investment for accretion, amortization, net charge-offs, and/or fair value hedge accounting adjustments, and excludes accrued interest receivable of \$622 million and \$602 million at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

Table 3.4 presents the AFS securities with gross unrealized losses by major security type and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

#### Table 3.4 - AFS Securities in a Continuous Gross Unrealized Loss Position

	September 30, 2024										
		Less than	12 months			12 month	is or more	T	otal		
	Fa	air Value	Gross Unrealiz Losses	ed		Fair Value	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Gr	oss Unrealized Losses	
Non-mortgage-backed securities											
U.S. Treasury obligations	\$	17,328	\$	(24)	\$	7,475	\$ (80)	\$ 24,803	\$	(104)	
Other U.S. obligations		71		—		879	(91)	950		(91)	
GSE and Tennessee Valley Authority obligations		34	_			364	(21)	398		(21)	
State or local housing agency obligations		349		(1)		1,329	(16)	1,678		(17)	
Federal Family Education Loan Program ABS		_		_		262	(3)	262		(3)	
Other		_		—		331	(3)	331		(3)	
Total non-mortgage-backed securities		17,782		(25)		10,640	(214)	28,422		(239)	
Mortgage-backed securities											
U.S. obligations single-family		275		—		1,799	(13)	2,074		(13)	
U.S. obligations multifamily		_		—		471	(41)	471		(41)	
GSE single-family		549		—		3,682	(86)	4,231		(86)	
GSE multifamily		17,479		(75)		34,867	(1,019)	52,346		(1,094)	
Private-label		68		(3)		270	(18)	338		(21)	
Total mortgage-backed securities		18,371		(78)		41,089	(1,177)	59,460		(1,255)	
Total	\$	36,153	\$ (1	.03)	\$	51,729	\$ (1,391)	\$ 87,882	\$	(1,494)	

	December 31, 2023											
		Less than	12 months			12 month	is or more			То	tal	
	Fai	r Value	Gross Uni Loss			Fair Value	Gross Unre Losses			Fair Value	Gro	ss Unrealized Losses
Non-mortgage-backed securities												
U.S. Treasury obligations	\$	19,072	\$	(47)	\$	6,692	\$	(68)	\$	25,764	\$	(115)
Other U.S. obligations		87		(3)		966		(112)		1,053		(115)
GSE and Tennessee Valley Authority obligations		_				446 (28)			446		(28)	
State or local housing agency obligations		812		(1)		827		(16)		1,639		(17)
Federal Family Education Loan Program ABS		_		_		314	(4)			314		(4)
Other		82		_		251		(4)	333			(4)
Total non-mortgage-backed securities		20,053		(51)		9,496		(232)		29,549		(283)
Mortgage-backed securities												
U.S. obligations single-family		2,608		(14)		2,772		(31)		5,380		(45)
U.S. obligations multifamily		_		_		478		(43)		478		(43)
GSE single-family		1,582		(18)		2,904		(122)		4,486		(140)
GSE multifamily		37,794		(244)		36,722	(	1,395)		74,516		(1,639)
Private-label		48		(2)		311		(21)		359		(23)
Total mortgage-backed securities		42,032		(278)		43,187	(	1,612)		85,219		(1,890)
Total	\$	62,085	\$	(329)	\$	52,683	\$ (	1,844)	\$	114,768	\$	(2,173)

Table 3.5 presents the amortized cost and fair value of AFS securities by contractual maturity at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

#### Table 3.5 - AFS Securities by Contractual Maturity

(dollars in millions)

September 30, 2024					December 31, 2023				
Amo	rtized Cost		Fair Value	Ar	nortized Cost		Fair Value		
\$	5,895	\$	5,887	\$	2,037	\$	2,042		
	33,743		33,701		34,799		34,740		
	2,717		2,712		4,553		4,528		
	3,111		3,044		2,827		2,730		
	1,568		1,619		1,903		1,957		
	47,034		46,963		46,119		45,997		
	128,840		128,455		115,647		114,458		
\$	175,874	\$	175,418	\$	161,766	\$	160,455		
		Amortized Cost \$ 5,895 33,743 2,717 3,111 1,568 47,034 128,840	Amortized Cost \$ 5,895 \$ 33,743 2,717 3,111 1,568 47,034 128,840	Amortized Cost         Fair Value           \$         5,895         \$         5,887           33,743         33,701         2,717           2,717         2,712         3,111           3,111         3,044         1,568           1,568         1,619         46,963           128,840         128,455         128,455	Amortized Cost         Fair Value         Ar           \$         5,895         \$         5,887         \$           \$         5,895         \$         5,887         \$           33,743         33,701         2,717         2,712         2,712           3,111         3,044         1,568         1,619         2,713         2,712         2,714         2,714         2,714         2,714         2,714         2,714         2,714         3,044         3,0	Amortized Cost         Fair Value         Amortized Cost           \$ 5,895         \$ 5,887         \$ 2,037           33,743         33,701         34,799           2,717         2,712         4,553           3,111         3,044         2,827           1,568         1,619         1,903           47,034         46,963         46,119           128,840         128,455         115,647	Amortized Cost         Fair Value         Amortized Cost           \$ 5,895         \$ 5,887         \$ 2,037         \$           33,743         33,701         34,799         \$           2,717         2,712         4,553         \$           3,111         3,044         2,827         \$           1,568         1,619         1,903         \$           47,034         46,963         46,119         \$           128,840         128,455         115,647         \$		

(1) MBS and Federal Family Education Loan Program ABS are not presented by contractual maturity because their expected maturities will likely differ from contractual maturities as borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment fees.

Table 3.6 presents the proceeds from sales and gross gains and losses on sales of AFS securities for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023.

#### Table 3.6 - Proceeds from Sales and Gross Gains and Losses on Sales of AFS Securities

(dollars in millions)

	Thr	ee Months End	led Sep	tember 30,	Nine Months Ended September 30,						
		2024		2023		2024		2023			
Proceeds from sales of AFS securities <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	977	\$	508	\$	2,403	\$	1,391			
Gross gains on sales of AFS securities	\$	_	\$	1	\$	3	\$	1			
Gross losses on sales of AFS securities				(7)				(7)			
Net realized gains (losses) from sales of AFS securities	\$ — \$ (6)		\$	3	\$	(6)					

(1) Proceeds from sales of AFS securities for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, were revised from \$1,058 million to \$508 million and \$2,991 million to \$1,391 million to correct errors in the amounts previously reported. These revisions were not deemed to be material.

#### **Held-to-Maturity Securities**

Table 3.7 presents the amortized cost, net carrying value, and fair value of HTM securities by major security type at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

#### Table 3.7 - HTM Securities by Major Security Type

	September 30, 2024											
	Amortized Cost <sup>(1)</sup>	Allowance for Credit Losses	OTTI Recognized in AOCI <sup>(2)</sup>	Net Carrying Value	Gross Unrecognized Holding Gains <sup>(3)</sup>	Gross Unrecognized Holding Losses <sup>(3)</sup>	Fair Value					
Non-mortgage-backed securities												
U.S. Treasury obligations	\$ 49	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 49	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 49					
Other U.S. obligations	540	-	-	540	1	(4)	537					
GSE and Tennessee Valley Authority obligations	1,155	_	_	1,155	16	(1)	1,170					
State or local housing agency obligations	228	_	_	228	_	(13)	215					
Total non-mortgage-backed securities	1,972		_	1,972	17	(18)	1,971					
Mortgage-backed securities												
U.S. obligations single-family	7,698	_	_	7,698	25	(168)	7,555					
GSE single-family	17,414	_	_	17,414	87	(279)	17,222					
GSE multifamily	36,694	_	_	36,694	28	(371)	36,351					
Private-label	183		(1)	182	3	(8)	177					
Total mortgage-backed securities	61,989		(1)	61,988	143	(826)	61,305					
Total	\$ 63,961	\$ —	\$ (1)	\$ 63,960	\$ 160	\$ (844)	\$ 63,276					

	December 31, 2023											
	Amortized Cost <sup>(1)</sup>	Allowance for Credit Losses	OTTI Recognized in AOCI <sup>(2)</sup>	Net Carrying Value	Gross Unrecognized Holding Gains <sup>(3)</sup>	Gross Unrecognized Holding Losses <sup>(3)</sup>	Fair Value					
Non-mortgage-backed securities												
U.S. Treasury obligations	\$ 49	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 49	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 49					
Other U.S. obligations	1,385	-	_	1,385	1	(9)	1,377					
GSE and Tennessee Valley Authority obligations	1,839	_	_	1,839	15	(15)	1,839					
State or local housing agency obligations	234	_	_	234	_	(13)	221					
Total non-mortgage-backed securities	3,507	_		3,507	16	(37)	3,486					
Mortgage-backed securities												
U.S. obligations single-family	8,520	-	-	8,520	16	(208)	8,328					
GSE single-family	16,513	-	-	16,513	57	(411)	16,159					
GSE multifamily	40,105	-	-	40,105	15	(603)	39,517					
Private-label	215	_	(1)	214	4	(12)	206					
Total mortgage-backed securities	65,353		(1)	65,352	92	(1,234)	64,210					
Total	\$ 68,860	\$ —	\$ (1)	\$ 68,859	\$ 108	\$ (1,271)	\$ 67,696					

Amortized cost of HTM securities includes adjustments made to the cost basis of an investment for accretion, amortization, and/or net charge-offs and excludes accrued (1) interest receivable of \$188 million and \$212 million at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

(2) Represents other-than-temporary impairment (OTTI) recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income (AOCI).

(3) Gross unrecognized holding gains (losses) represent the difference between fair value and net carrying value.

Table 3.8 presents the amortized cost, net carrying value, and fair value of HTM securities by contractual maturity at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

#### Table 3.8 - HTM Securities by Contractual Maturity

(dollars in millions)

		September 30, 2024						December 31, 2023							
Year of Maturity	Amo	Amortized Cost		Amortized Cost		Net Carrying Amortized Cost Value <sup>(1)</sup>		Fair Value		Amortized Cost		Net Carrying ost Value <sup>(1)</sup>		Fair Value	
Non-mortgage-backed securities															
Due in one year or less	\$	404	\$	404	\$	404	\$	1,909	\$	1,909	\$	1,897			
Due after one year through five years		1,022		1,022		1,026		1,041		1,041		1,044			
Due after five years through ten years		328		328		327		318		318		313			
Due after ten years		218		218		214		239		239		232			
Total non-mortgage-backed securities		1,972		1,972		1,971		3,507		3,507		3,486			
Mortgage-backed securities <sup>(2)</sup>		61,989		61,988		61,305		65,353		65,352		64,210			
Total	\$	63,961	\$	63,960	\$	63,276	\$	68,860	\$	68,859	\$	67,696			

(1)

Net carrying value of HTM securities represents amortized cost after adjustments for non-credit-related losses recognized in AOCI and allowance for credit losses. (2) MBS are not presented by contractual maturity because their expected maturities will likely differ from contractual maturities as borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment fees.

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

Certain FHLBanks sold securities out of their respective HTM portfolio that were near enough to their maturity date (for example, within three months of maturity) that changes in market interest rates would not have a significant effect on the security's fair value or had less than 15% of the acquired principal outstanding at the time of the sale. These sales are considered maturities for purposes of security classification. Table 3.9 presents the proceeds from sales and gains and losses on sales of HTM securities for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023.

# Table 3.9 - Proceeds from Sales and Gains and Losses on Sales of HTM Securities (dollars in millions)

	Three Mont	hs End	ed September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,					
	2024		2023		2024	_	2023			
Proceeds from sales of HTM securities	\$	_	\$ -	- 7	\$ —	\$	39			
Amortized cost of HTM securities sold		-			-		38			
Net realized gains (losses) from sales of HTM securities	\$	_	\$ -		\$ —	\$	1			

#### Allowance for Credit Losses on AFS and HTM Securities

The FHLBanks evaluate AFS and HTM securities for credit losses on a quarterly basis. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, the FHLBanks recognized a reversal of credit losses of \$5 million and \$4 million on AFS securities. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, the FHLBanks recognized a provision for credit losses of \$8 million and \$10 million on AFS securities.

Table 3.10 presents a rollforward of the allowance for credit losses on debt securities for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023.

#### Table 3.10 - Allowance for Credit Losses on Debt Securities

(dollars in millions)

		Three Months Ended September 30,								Nine Months Ended September 30,									
		20	24			20	23			20	24		2023						
	4	<b>AFS</b>		нтм		AFS		HTM		AFS		HTM		AFS		нтм			
Balance, at beginning of period	\$	42	\$		\$	38	\$	1	\$	43	\$	_	\$	38	\$	-			
Provision (reversal) for credit losses		(5)		_		8		_		(4)		_		10		_			
Charge-offs, net of recoveries		1		_		_		_		(1)		_		(2)		1			
Balance, at end of period	\$	38	\$	_	\$	46	\$	1	\$	38	\$	_	\$	46	\$	1			

To evaluate investment securities for credit losses at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the FHLBanks employed the following methodologies, based on the type of security:

#### AFS and HTM Securities (Excluding PLMBS)

The FHLBanks' AFS and HTM securities are principally certificates of deposit, U.S. Treasury and other U.S. obligations, GSE and Tennessee Valley Authority obligations, state or local housing agency obligations, and MBS issued by Ginnie Mae, Freddie Mac, and Fannie Mae that are backed by single-family or multifamily mortgage loans. The FHLBanks only purchase securities that are considered investment quality. Excluding PLMBS investments, at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, substantially all and all of the AFS and HTM securities, based on amortized cost, were rated single-A or above by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization, based on the lowest long-term credit rating for each security used by each individual FHLBank. These may differ from any internal ratings of the securities by an FHLBank, if applicable.

Each FHLBank evaluates its individual AFS securities for impairment by comparing the security's fair value to its amortized cost. Impairment may exist when the fair value of the investment is less than its amortized cost (i.e., in an unrealized loss position). At September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, certain of the FHLBanks' AFS securities were in an unrealized loss position. These losses are considered temporary as each FHLBank expects to recover the entire amortized cost basis on these AFS securities and neither intends to sell these securities nor considers it more likely than not that it will be required to sell these securities before its anticipated recovery of each security's remaining amortized cost basis. Furthermore, the FHLBanks had not experienced any payment defaults on these securities at September 30, 2024 or December 31, 2023; and substantially all of these securities are highly-rated. In the case of U.S. obligations, they carry an explicit government guarantee. In the case of GSE securities, they are purchased under an assumption that the issuers' obligation to pay principal and interest on those securities will be honored, taking into account their status as GSEs. As a result, no allowance for credit losses was recorded on these AFS securities at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

Each FHLBank evaluates its HTM securities for impairment on a collective or pooled basis unless an individual assessment is deemed necessary because the securities do not possess similar risk characteristics. At September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the FHLBanks had not established an allowance for credit losses on any of these HTM securities because the securities: (1) were all highly-rated and/or had short remaining terms to maturity, (2) had not experienced, nor did the FHLBanks expect, any material payment defaults on these securities, (3) in the case of U.S. obligations, carry an explicit government guarantee, and (4) in the case of GSE securities, are purchased under an assumption that the issuers' obligation to pay principal and interest on those securities will be honored, taking into account their status as GSEs.

#### **Private-label MBS**

Certain FHLBanks also hold investments in private-label MBS. No FHLBank has purchased private-label MBS since 2008. Although the FHLBanks invested in private-label MBS that at the date of purchase were substantially all rated triple-A, many of these securities have subsequently experienced significant credit deterioration. At September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, 6% and 7% of private-label MBS, based on amortized cost, were rated single-A, or above, by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization; and the remaining securities were either rated less than single-A, or were unrated. To determine whether an allowance for credit losses is necessary on these securities, the FHLBanks perform cash flow analyses.

Each applicable FHLBank performs a cash flow analysis using third-party models to assess whether the entire amortized cost basis of its private-label MBS will be recovered. The projected cash flows are based on a number of assumptions and expectations, and the results of these models can vary significantly with changes in assumptions and expectations. The projected cash flows, determined based on the model approach, reflect a best estimate scenario and include a base case housing price forecast and a base case housing price recovery path. At September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the allowance for credit losses was \$38 million and \$43 million for AFS PLMBS. For certain private-label MBS where underlying collateral data is not available, alternative procedures as determined by each FHLBank are used to assess these securities for credit loss.

#### Note 4 - Advances

The FHLBanks offer a wide range of fixed- and variable-rate advance products with different maturities, interest rates, payment characteristics, and optionality. Fixed-rate advances generally have maturities ranging from one day to 30 years. Variable-rate advances generally have maturities ranging from less than 30 days to 20 years, where the interest rates reset periodically at a fixed spread to the Secured Overnight Financing Rate (SOFR) or other specified indices, or to consolidated obligation yields.

Table 4.1 presents advances outstanding by redemption term and weighted-average interest rate at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

#### Table 4.1 - Advances by Redemption Term

(dollars in millions)

	 Septembe	r 30, 2024	December 31, 2023					
Redemption Term	 Amount <sup>(1)</sup>	Weighted-Average Interest Rate		Amount <sup>(1)</sup>	Weighted-Average Interest Rate			
Overdrawn demand and overnight deposit accounts	\$ 40	5.41 %	\$	11	5.86 %			
Due in 1 year or less	418,598	4.57 %		434,148	4.98 %			
Due after 1 year through 2 years	119,253	4.12 %		115,395	4.15 %			
Due after 2 years through 3 years	79,310	3.84 %		84,483	4.22 %			
Due after 3 years through 4 years	56,750	4.09 %		55,922	3.81 %			
Due after 4 years through 5 years	38,813	4.21 %		78,692	4.65 %			
Thereafter	 43,859	3.45 %		45,144	3.29 %			
Total principal amount	 756,623	4.30 %		813,795	4.58 %			
Premiums	32			52				
Discounts	(113)			(62)				
Fair value hedging adjustments	(165)			(4,204)				
Fair value option valuation adjustments	88			(10)				
Total	\$ 756,465		\$	809,571				

(1) Carrying amounts exclude accrued interest receivable of \$2,839 million and \$3,147 million at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

The FHLBanks offer advances to members and housing associates that provide the right, based upon predetermined option exercise dates, to call the advance prior to maturity without incurring prepayment or termination fees (callable advances). The FHLBanks also offer certain floating-rate and/or amortizing advances that may be contractually prepaid by the borrower on specified dates without incurring prepayment or termination fees (prepayable advances). Other advances may only be prepaid by paying a fee to the FHLBank (prepayment fee) that makes the FHLBank financially indifferent to the prepayment of the advance.

Some advances contain embedded options allowing an FHLBank to offer putable and convertible advances. A member can either sell an embedded option to an FHLBank or purchase an embedded option from an FHLBank. With a putable advance to a member, an FHLBank effectively purchases a put option from the member that allows that FHLBank to put or extinguish the fixed-rate advance to the member on predetermined exercise dates. Generally, these put options are exercised when interest rates increase relative to contractual rates.

Convertible advances allow an FHLBank to convert an advance from one interest-payment term structure to another. Fixed-rate to variable-rate convertible advances have a defined lockout period after which they convert to the current market rate or another structure. A convertible advance generally carries a lower initial interest rate than a comparable-maturity fixed-rate advance without the conversion feature. Variable- to fixed-rate convertible advances have a defined lockout period during which the interest rates adjust based on a spread to SOFR or other specified indices, or to consolidated obligation yields. At the end of the lockout period, these advances may convert to fixed-rate advances. The fixed rates on the converted advances are determined at origination.

Table 4.2 presents advances by redemption term or next call date and next put or convert date at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

#### Table 4.2 - Advances by Redemption Term or Next Call Date and Next Put or Convert Date

(dollars in millions)

			tion Term Call Date <sup>(1)</sup>	Redemption Term or Next Put or Convert Date			
	Septe	ember 30, 2024	December 31, 2023	September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023		
Overdrawn demand and overnight deposit accounts	\$	40	\$ 11	\$ 40	\$ 11		
Due in 1 year or less		457,137	494,249	453,845	464,121		
Due after 1 year through 2 years		103,674	106,889	116,831	115,245		
Due after 2 years through 3 years		71,925	70,036	75,982	82,698		
Due after 3 years through 4 years		52,647	52,805	52,910	54,492		
Due after 4 years through 5 years		30,121	47,481	31,736	69,967		
Thereafter		41,079	42,324	25,279	27,261		
Total principal amount	\$	756,623	\$ 813,795	\$ 756,623	\$ 813,795		

 Also includes certain floating-rate and/or amortizing advances that may be contractually prepaid by the borrower on specified dates without incurring prepayment or termination fees.

Table 4.3 presents fixed-rate and variable-rate advances at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

#### Table 4.3 - Advances by Current Interest Rate Terms

(dollars in millions)

	September 30, 2024		Decemb	er 31, 2023
Total fixed-rate	\$	495,518	\$	526,062
Total variable-rate		261,105		287,733
Total principal amount	\$	756,623	\$	813,795

#### **Credit Risk Exposure and Security Terms**

The FHLBanks' advances are primarily made to member financial institutions, including commercial banks and insurance companies. Each FHLBank manages its credit exposure to advances through an integrated approach that includes establishing a credit limit for each borrower. This approach includes an ongoing review of each borrower's financial condition, in conjunction with the FHLBank's collateral and lending policies to limit risk of loss, while balancing borrowers' needs for a reliable source of funding.

In addition, each FHLBank lends to eligible borrowers in accordance with federal law and FHFA regulations. Specifically, each FHLBank is required to obtain sufficient collateral to fully secure credit products up to the counterparty's total credit limit. Residential mortgage loans are the principal form of collateral for advances.

An FHLBank either allows a borrower to retain physical possession of the collateral assigned to it, or requires the borrower to specifically assign or place physical possession of the collateral with the FHLBank or its safekeeping agent. Each FHLBank perfects its security interest in all pledged collateral. (See *Note 5 - Advances* on pages F-36 to F-38 of the audited combined financial statements included in the Federal Home Loan Banks Combined Financial Report for the year ended December 31, 2023, for additional information about the FHLBanks' collateral securing advances, including eligible collateral types, valuation and other risk mitigation procedures.)

Using a risk-based approach and taking into consideration each borrower's financial strength, the FHLBanks consider the types and level of collateral to be the primary indicator of credit quality on their advances. At September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, each FHLBank had rights to collateral on a borrower-by-borrower basis with an estimated value equal to, or greater than, its outstanding advances.

Each FHLBank continues to evaluate and make changes to its collateral guidelines, as necessary, based on current market conditions. At September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, none of the FHLBanks had any advances that were considered past due, on nonaccrual status, or considered impaired. In addition, there were no modifications related to advances with borrowers experiencing financial difficulties at any FHLBank during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, and based on the collateral held as security, each FHLBank management's credit extension and collateral policies, and repayment history on advances, no allowance for credit losses on advances was recorded at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

### Note 5 - Mortgage Loans

#### **Mortgage Loans Held for Portfolio**

Mortgage loans held for portfolio consist of loans obtained through the Mortgage Partnership Finance<sup>®</sup> (MPF<sup>®</sup>) Program ("Mortgage Partnership Finance," "MPF," and "MPF Xtra<sup>®</sup>" are registered trademarks of the FHLBank of Chicago), the Mortgage Purchase Program (MPP), or the Mortgage Asset Program ("MAP<sup>®</sup>" is a registered trademark of the FHLBank of New York), and are either conventional mortgage loans or government-guaranteed or -insured mortgage loans. Under these mortgage programs, the FHLBanks purchase single-family mortgage loans that are originated or acquired by participating financial institutions. These mortgage loans are credit-enhanced by participating financial institutions or are guaranteed or insured by federal agencies.

Table 5.1 presents the composition of mortgage loans held for portfolio, net of the allowance for credit losses at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

#### Table 5.1 - Mortgage Loans Held for Portfolio

	September 30, 2024		Decer	nber 31, 2023
Fixed-rate, long-term <sup>(1)</sup> single-family mortgage loans	\$	61,662	\$	55,338
Fixed-rate, medium-term <sup>(2)</sup> single-family mortgage loans		4,885		5,190
Total unpaid principal balance		66,547		60,528
Premiums		1,042		963
Discounts		(95)		(76)
Hedging adjustments		(37)		(45)
Total mortgage loans held for portfolio <sup>(3)</sup>		67,457		61,370
Allowance for credit losses on mortgage loans		(29)		(35)
Mortgage loans held for portfolio, net	\$	67,428	\$	61,335

(1) Long-term is defined as an original term of greater than 15 years and up to 30 years.

(2) Medium-term is defined as an original term of 15 years or less.

(3) Excludes accrued interest receivable of \$385 million and \$324 million at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

Table 5.2 presents mortgage loans held for portfolio by collateral/guarantee type at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

#### Table 5.2 - Mortgage Loans Held for Portfolio by Collateral/Guarantee Type

(dollars in millions)

	Septem	September 30, 2024		December 31, 2023	
Conventional mortgage loans	\$	64,403	\$	58,423	
Government-guaranteed or -insured mortgage loans		2,144		2,105	
Total unpaid principal balance	\$	66,547	\$	60,528	

**Credit Enhancements.** An FHLBank's allowance for credit losses considers the credit enhancements associated with conventional mortgage loans under the MPF Program, the MPP, and the MAP. Credit enhancements may include primary mortgage insurance, supplemental mortgage insurance, the credit enhancement amount plus any recoverable performance-based credit enhancement fees (for certain MPF loans), Lender Risk Account (for MPP loans), and Member Performance Account (for MAP loans). The credit risk analysis of all conventional loans is performed at the individual master commitment level to determine the credit enhancements available to recover losses on loans under each individual master commitment.

*MPF Program.* Participating financial institutions are paid a credit enhancement fee for assuming credit risk, and in some instances all or a portion of the credit enhancement fee may be performance-based. An FHLBank records credit enhancement fees paid to the participating financial institutions as a reduction to mortgage interest income. A participating financial institution may obtain supplemental mortgage insurance that it intends to use to cover a portion of its credit loss obligation under a master commitment.

Conventional MPF loans are evaluated for credit enhancement by use of third-party models. Each FHLBank participating in the MPF program (MPF FHLBank) and its participating financial institution share the risk of credit losses on conventional MPF loan products held for portfolio, by structuring potential losses into layers with respect to each master commitment. Credit losses in a master commitment are first absorbed by an FHLBank, up to a specified amount referred to as the First Loss Account. For certain product master commitments, the FHLBank may withhold a participating financial institution's scheduled performance credit enhancement fee in order to reimburse the FHLBank for a portion of credit losses allocated to the First Loss Account.

The First Loss Account represents the first layer or portion of credit losses that each MPF FHLBank absorbs with respect to its MPF loans after considering the borrower's equity, primary mortgage insurance, and recoverable credit enhancement fees. The participating financial institution is required to cover the next layer of losses up to an agreed-upon credit enhancement obligation amount, which may consist of a direct liability of the participating financial institution to pay credit losses up to a specified amount, a contractual obligation of a participating financial institution to provide supplemental mortgage insurance, or a combination of both. Any remaining unallocated losses are absorbed by the MPF FHLBank.

Unlike conventional MPF products held for portfolio, under the MPF Xtra, MPF Government, and MPF Government MBS products, participating financial institutions are not required to provide credit enhancement and do not receive credit enhancement fees. Loans sold to the FHLBank of Chicago under the MPF Xtra product are concurrently sold to third-party investors, and are not recorded on the MPF FHLBank's statement of condition.

*MPP and MAP Loans.* The conventional mortgage loans under the MPP are supported by a Lender Risk Account, and may also be supported by primary or supplemental mortgage insurance, in addition to the associated property as collateral. The Lender Risk Account is funded by an FHLBank participating in the MPP (MPP FHLBank) either upfront as a portion of the purchase proceeds or through a portion of the net interest remitted monthly by the borrower in an amount sufficient to cover expected losses on the pool of mortgages. The Lender Risk Account is recorded in other liabilities on the Combined Statements of Condition. To the extent available, Lender Risk Account funds are used to offset any losses that occur. Typically after five years, excess funds over required balances are returned to the participating financial institution in accordance with a step-down schedule that is established upon execution of a master commitment contract. The Lender Risk Account, the FHLBank of New York maintains a Member Performance Account as credit enhancement for MAP loans. At September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the amount of the credit enhancements in the Lender Risk and Member Performance accounts remaining to cover future potential losses totaled \$500 million and \$490 million.

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

**Payment Status of Mortgage Loans.** Payment status is the key credit quality indicator for conventional mortgage loans and allows the FHLBanks to monitor borrower performance. A past due loan is one where the borrower has failed to make a full payment of principal and interest within 30 days of its due date. Other delinquency statistics include, non-accrual loans and loans in process of foreclosure. Tables 5.3 and 5.4 present the payment status for conventional mortgage loans and other delinquency statistics for all of the FHLBanks' mortgage loans at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

### Table 5.3 - Credit Quality Indicator for Conventional Mortgage Loans

(dollars in millions)

	September 30, 2024 Conventional Mortgage Loans									
	-		Originat	ion Ye	ear					
Payment Status at Amortized Cost <sup>(1)</sup>	Prior to 2020				2020 to 2024		Total			
Past due 30-59 days		\$	176	\$	207	\$	383			
Past due 60-89 days			51		50		101			
Past due 90 days or more			98		60		158			
Total past due mortgage loans			325		317		642			
Total current mortgage loans			18,062		46,580		64,642			
Total conventional mortgage loans	-	\$	18,387	\$	46,897	\$	65,284			

	December 31, 2023 Conventional Mortgage Loans									
			Originat	ion Y	'ear					
Payment Status at Amortized Cost <sup>(1)</sup>		Prior to 2019			2019 to 2023		Total			
Past due 30-59 days	ć	\$	147	\$	202	\$	349			
Past due 60-89 days			41		51		92			
Past due 90 days or more			87		52		139			
Total past due mortgage loans			275		305		580			
Total current mortgage loans			13,531		45,125		58,656			
Total conventional mortgage loans	ć	\$	13,806	\$	45,430	\$	59,236			

(1) Amortized cost excludes accrued interest receivable.

#### Table 5.4 - Other Delinquency Statistics

(dollars in millions)

	September 30, 2024									
Amortized Cost		ventional gage Loans	Gua	vernment- ranteed or - Insured		Total				
In process of foreclosure <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	41	\$	11	\$	52				
Serious delinquency rate <sup>(2)</sup>		0.24 %		1.50 %		0.29 %				
Past due 90 days or more and still accruing interest	\$	15	\$	32	\$	47				
Loans on non-accrual status <sup>(3)</sup>	\$	199	\$	_	\$	199				

	 December 31, 2023									
Amortized Cost	Conventional Mortgage Loans			Total						
In process of foreclosure <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 43	\$	12	\$	55					
Serious delinquency rate <sup>(2)</sup>	0.24 %		1.46 %		0.28 %					
Past due 90 days or more and still accruing interest	\$ 16	\$	30	\$	46					
Loans on non-accrual status <sup>(3)</sup>	\$ 168	\$		\$	168					

(1) Includes loans where the decision of foreclosure or a similar alternative, such as pursuit of deed-in-lieu, has been reported.

(2) Represents seriously delinquent loans as a percentage of total mortgage loans. Seriously delinquent loans are comprised of all loans past due 90 days or more and loans that are in the process of foreclosure.

(3) At September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, \$94 million and \$78 million of conventional mortgage loans on non-accrual status did not have a related allowance for credit losses because either these loans were previously charged-off to the expected recoverable value or the fair value of the underlying collateral, including any credit enhancements, was greater than the amortized cost of the loans.

#### Allowance for Credit Losses for Mortgage Loans

See Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies on pages F-19 to F-21 and Note 6 - Mortgage Loans on pages F-39 to F-42 of the audited combined financial statements included in the Federal Home Loan Banks Combined Financial Report for the year ended December 31, 2023, for information on measuring credit losses on mortgage loans, placing them on non-accrual status, and charging them off when necessary.

Each FHLBank established an allowance for credit losses on its conventional mortgage loans held for portfolio. Table 5.5 presents a rollforward of the allowance for credit losses on conventional mortgage loans for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023.



	Thre	e Months End	ptember 30,	Nine Months Ended September 30,				
	2	2024	2023			2024		2023
Balance, at beginning of period	\$	29	\$	36	\$	35	\$	30
(Charge-offs), net of recoveries		_		(1)		(2)		_
Provision (reversal) for credit losses		_		_		(4)		5
Balance, at end of period	\$	29	\$	35	\$	29	\$	35

**Government-Guaranteed or -Insured Mortgage Loans.** An FHLBank may invest in fixed-rate mortgage loans that are insured or guaranteed by the Federal Housing Administration, the Department of Veterans Affairs, the Rural Housing Service of the Department of Agriculture, and/or the Department of Housing and Urban Development. The servicer provides and maintains insurance or a guarantee from the applicable government agency. Any losses incurred on these loans that are not recovered from the issuer or the guarantor are absorbed by the servicer. Therefore, each FHLBank only has credit risk for these loans if the servicer fails to pay for losses not covered by the guarantee or insurance, but in such instance, the FHLBank would have recourse against the servicer for such failure. Based on each FHLBank's assessment of its servicers and the collateral backing the loans, the risk of loss was immaterial and, consequently, no FHLBank recorded an allowance for credit losses for government-guaranteed or -insured mortgage loans at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

## **Note 6 - Derivatives and Hedging Activities**

#### **Nature of Business Activity**

The FHLBanks are exposed to interest-rate risk primarily from the effect of interest rate changes on their interestearning assets and their interest-bearing liabilities that finance these assets. The goal of each FHLBank's interestrate risk management strategy is not to eliminate interest-rate risk, but to manage it within appropriate limits. To mitigate the risk of loss, each FHLBank has established policies and procedures, which include guidelines on the amount of exposure to interest rate changes it is willing to accept. In addition, each FHLBank monitors the risk to its interest income, net interest margin, and average maturity of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities. (See *Note 7 - Derivatives and Hedging Activities* on pages F-43 to F-52 of the audited combined financial statements included in the Federal Home Loan Banks Combined Financial Report for the year ended December 31, 2023, for a description of the application of derivatives and the types of derivatives and hedged items.)

Each FHLBank reevaluates its hedging strategies periodically and may change the hedging techniques it uses or may adopt new strategies. Each FHLBank transacts most of its derivatives with counterparties that are large banks and major broker-dealers. Some of these banks and broker-dealers, or their affiliates, buy, sell, and distribute consolidated obligations. Derivative transactions may be either executed with a counterparty, referred to as uncleared derivatives, or cleared through a Futures Commission Merchant (i.e., clearing agent) with a Derivative Clearing Organization, referred to as cleared derivatives. The FHLBanks are not derivative dealers and do not trade derivatives for short-term profit.

#### **Financial Statement Effect and Additional Financial Information**

**Derivative Notional Amounts.** The notional amount of derivatives serves as a factor in determining periodic interest payments or cash flows received and paid. However, the notional amount of derivatives reflects the FHLBanks' involvement in the various classes of financial instruments and represents neither the actual amounts exchanged nor the overall exposure of the FHLBanks to credit and market risk; the overall risk is much smaller. The risks of derivatives can be measured meaningfully on a portfolio basis that takes into account the counterparties, the types of derivatives, the items being hedged, and any offsets between the derivatives and the items being hedged.

Table 6.1 presents the notional amount, fair value of derivative instruments, and total derivative assets and liabilities at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023. Total derivative assets and liabilities include the effect of netting adjustments and cash collateral. For purposes of this disclosure, the derivative values include the fair value of derivatives and the related accrued interest.

#### Table 6.1 - Fair Value of Derivative Instruments

(dollars in millions)

		September 30, 2024		December 31, 2023					
	Notional Amount of Derivatives	Derivative Assets	Derivative Liabilities	Notional Amount of Derivatives	Derivative Assets	Derivative Liabilities			
Derivatives designated as hedging instruments									
Interest-rate swaps	\$ 893,427	\$ 5,575	\$ 8,922	\$ 1,035,435	\$ 5,550	\$ 12,404			
Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments									
Interest-rate swaps	183,991	689	550	188,990	1,495	889			
Interest-rate swaptions	2,275	9	-	2,125	8	-			
Interest-rate caps or floors	5,685	6	-	6,790	7	-			
Interest-rate futures or forwards	445	1	-	172	-	1			
Mortgage delivery commitments	964	1	2	588	4	-			
Other	127	_	_	116	-	1			
Total derivatives not designated as hedging instruments	193,487	706	552	198,781	1,514	891			
Total derivatives before netting and collateral adjustments	\$ 1,086,914	6,281	9,474	\$ 1,234,216	7,064	13,295			
Netting adjustments and cash collateral <sup>(1)</sup>		(1,941)	(9,370)		(3,268)	(13,199)			
Total derivative assets and total derivative liabilities		\$ 4,340	\$ 104		\$ 3,796	\$ 96			

(1) Amounts represent the application of the netting requirements that allow an FHLBank to settle positive and negative positions, and also cash collateral, including accrued interest, held or placed by that FHLBank with the same clearing agent and/or counterparty. Cash collateral posted, including accrued interest, was \$8,072 million and \$10,525 million at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023. Cash collateral received, including accrued interest, was \$1,689 million and \$1,836 million at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

Table 6.2 presents the net gains (losses) on qualifying and discontinued fair value and cash flow hedging relationships for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023.

#### Table 6.2 - Net Gains (Losses) on Fair Value and Cash Flow Hedging Relationships

			, 2024						
				Interest Inco	me/I	Expense			Other
	Advances		Av	ailable-for-Sale Securities			Consolidated Bonds		Comprehensive Income
Total interest income (expense) presented on the Combined Statements of Income	\$	11,008	\$	2,662	\$	(4,083)	\$	(11,454)	
Gains (losses) on fair value hedging relationships									
Interest rate contracts									
Derivatives <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	(4,588)	\$	(3,725)	\$	79	\$	2,865	
Hedged items <sup>(2)</sup>		6,095		4,692		(126)		(4,754)	
Net gains (losses) on fair value hedging relationships	\$	1,507	\$	967	\$	(47)	\$	(1,889)	
Gains (losses) on cash flow hedging relationships <sup>(3)</sup>			-						
Interest rate contracts									
Reclassified from AOCI into interest income (expense)	\$	_	\$	_	\$	59	\$	2	
Recognized in OCI									\$ (72)

			2023						
				Interest Inco	me/l	Expense			Other
	Advances		Available-for-Sale Securities		Consolidated Discount Notes		Consolidated Bonds		Comprehensive
Total interest income (expense) presented on the Combined Statements of Income	\$	12,053	\$	2,238	\$	(4,159)	\$	(11,760)	
Gains (losses) on fair value hedging relationships									
Interest rate contracts									
Derivatives <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	3,048	\$	3,797	\$	(5)	\$	(2,177)	
Hedged items <sup>(2)</sup>		(1,365)		(2,924)		(22)		(112)	
Net gains (losses) on fair value hedging relationships	\$	1,683	\$	873	\$	(27)	\$	(2,289)	
Gains (losses) on cash flow hedging relationships <sup>(3)</sup>									
Interest rate contracts									
Reclassified from AOCI into interest income (expense)	\$	_	\$	_	\$	19	\$	(1)	
Recognized in OCI									\$ 76

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024										
			Other								
		Advances	Available-for-Sale Securities		Consolidated Discount Notes		Consolidated Bonds		Comprehensive Income		
Total interest income (expense) presented on the Combined Statements of Income	\$	33,770	\$	7,676	\$	(12,044)	\$	(34,551)			
Gains (losses) on fair value hedging relationships											
Interest rate contracts											
Derivatives <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	756	\$	389	\$	(60)	\$	(852)			
Hedged items <sup>(2)</sup>		3,909		2,418		(50)		(5,195)			
Net gains (losses) on fair value hedging relationships	\$	4,665	\$	2,807	\$	(110)	\$	(6,047)			
Gains (losses) on cash flow hedging relationships <sup>(3)</sup>											
Interest rate contracts											
Reclassified from AOCI into interest income (expense)	\$	-	\$	_	\$	95	\$	2			
Recognized in OCI									\$ 14		

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023										
		Interest Income/Expense									
		Advances	Available-for-Sale Securities		Consolidated Discount Notes		Consolidated Bonds		Other Comprehei Income	nsive	
Total interest income (expense) presented on the Combined Statements of Income	\$	36,500	\$	6,025	\$	(15,144)	\$	(32,109)			
Gains (losses) on fair value hedging relationships											
Interest rate contracts											
Derivatives <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	6,597	\$	5,422	\$	(22)	\$	(5,180)			
Hedged items <sup>(2)</sup>		(2,607)		(3,106)		(50)		(1,067)			
Net gains (losses) on fair value hedging relationships	\$	3,990	\$	2,316	\$	(72)	\$	(6,247)			
Gains (losses) on cash flow hedging relationships <sup>(3)</sup>											
Interest rate contracts											
Reclassified from AOCI into interest income (expense)	\$	_	\$	_	\$	51	\$	(4)			
Recognized in OCI									\$	110	

(1) Includes changes in fair value and net interest settlements and excludes the interest income (expense) of the respective hedged item.

(2) Includes changes in fair value and amortization and accretion of basis adjustments.

(3) Includes changes in fair value, net interest settlements, and amortization and accretion of hedging activities into interest income. Excludes the interest income (expense) of the respective hedged item.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, no material amounts were reclassified from AOCI into earnings as a result of discontinued cash flow hedges because the original forecasted transactions occurred by the end of the originally specified time period or within a two-month period thereafter. At September 30, 2024, \$11 million of deferred net gains on derivative instruments in AOCI was expected to be reclassified to earnings during the next twelve months. At September 30, 2024, the maximum length of time over which an FHLBank was hedging its exposure to the variability in future cash flows for forecasted transactions was eight years, excluding those forecasted transactions related to the payment of variable interest on existing financial instruments.

Table 6.3 presents the cumulative basis adjustments on hedged items designated in fair value hedging relationships and the related amortized cost of the hedged items at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

#### Table 6.3 - Cumulative Basis Adjustments for Fair Value Hedges

(dollars in millions)

	September 30, 2024											
		Advances	Available-for-Sale Securities		Mortgage Loans		Consolidated Discount Notes		(	Consolidated Bonds		
Amortized cost of hedged asset or liability <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	349,720	\$	139,394	\$	155	\$	69,040	\$	332,591		
Fair value hedging adjustments												
Basis adjustments for active hedging relationships included in amortized cost	\$	(153)	\$	(3,204)	\$	_	\$	44	\$	(4,869)		
Basis adjustments for discontinued hedging relationships included in amortized cost		(12)		864		2		_		115		
Total amount of fair value hedging basis adjustments	\$	(165)	\$	(2,340)	\$	2	\$	44	\$	(4,754)		

	December 31, 2023											
	Advances			ailable-for-Sale Securities	Mortgage Loans		Consolidated Discount Notes			Consolidated Bonds		
Amortized cost of hedged asset or liability <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	340,423	\$	128,886	\$	179	\$	59 <i>,</i> 406	\$	491,118		
Fair value hedging adjustments												
Basis adjustments for active hedging relationships included in amortized cost	\$	(4,170)	\$	(7,310)	\$	_	\$	(7)	\$	(10,052)		
Basis adjustments for discontinued hedging relationships included in amortized cost		(34)		1,023		3		_		103		
Total amount of fair value hedging basis adjustments	\$	(4,204)	\$	(6,287)	\$	3	\$	(7)	\$	(9,949)		

(1) Includes only the portion of amortized cost representing the hedged items in active or discontinued fair value hedging relationships. Amortized cost includes fair value hedging adjustments.

Table 6.4 presents net gains (losses) related to derivatives and economic hedging activities recorded in noninterest income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023.

# Table 6.4 - Net Gains (Losses) on Derivatives and Economic Hedging Activities Recorded in Non-interest Income (dollars in millions)

	Th	ree Months End	led Sep	tember 30,	Nine Months Ended September 30,					
Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments		2024		2023		2024		2023		
Economic hedges										
Interest-rate swaps	\$	(381)	\$	175	\$	(275)	\$	266		
Interest-rate swaptions		(1)		3		(4)		(4)		
Interest-rate caps or floors		(7)		(1)		(10)		(3)		
Interest-rate futures or forwards		(7)		4		(6)		6		
Net interest settlements		41		22		105		24		
Other		(2)		3		_		4		
Mortgage delivery commitments		11		(10)		3		(14)		
Total net gains (losses) related to derivatives not designated as hedging instruments		(346)		196		(187)		279		
Price alignment amount <sup>(1)</sup>		3		(7)		8		(17)		
Net gains (losses) on derivatives	\$	(343)	\$	189	\$	(179)	\$	262		

(1) This amount is for derivatives for which variation margin is characterized as a daily settled contract.

#### **Managing Credit Risk on Derivatives**

Each FHLBank is subject to credit risk due to the risk of non-performance by counterparties to its derivative transactions, and manages credit risk through credit analyses of derivative counterparties, collateral requirements, and adherence to the requirements set forth in its policies, U.S. Commodity Futures Trading Commission regulations, and FHFA regulations.

**Uncleared Derivatives.** For uncleared derivatives, the degree of credit risk depends on the extent to which master netting arrangements are included in these contracts to mitigate the risk. Each FHLBank requires collateral agreements on its uncleared derivatives. Additionally, collateral related to derivatives with member institutions includes collateral assigned to an FHLBank, as evidenced by a written security agreement and held by the member institution for the benefit of that FHLBank.

Uncleared derivative transactions executed on or after the dates specified in applicable regulations are subject to two-way initial margin requirements as mandated by the Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act, or Dodd-Frank Act, if an FHLBank's aggregate uncleared derivative transactions exposure to a counterparty exceeds a specified threshold. The initial margin is required to be held at a third-party custodian and does not change ownership. Rather, the party in respect of which the initial margin has been posted to the third-party custodian will have a security interest in the amount of initial margin required under the uncleared margin rules and can only take ownership upon the occurrence of certain events, including an event of default due to bankruptcy, insolvency, or similar proceeding.

For all uncleared transactions entered into on or after March 1, 2017, the derivative agreements are fully collateralized with a zero unsecured threshold in accordance with variation margin requirements issued by the U.S. federal bank regulatory agencies and the Commodity Futures Trading Commission.

**Cleared Derivatives.** For cleared derivatives, a Derivative Clearing Organization (Clearinghouse) is an FHLBank's counterparty. The Clearinghouse notifies the clearing agent of the required initial and variation margin and the clearing agent in turn notifies the FHLBank. Each FHLBank utilizes one or two Clearinghouses for all cleared derivative transactions, LCH Ltd. and/or CME Clearing. At both Clearinghouses, variation margin is characterized as daily settlement payments and initial margin is considered collateral. The requirement that an FHLBank post initial and variation margin, through the clearing agent to the Clearinghouse, exposes an FHLBank to credit risk if the clearing agent or the Clearinghouse fails to meet its obligations. The use of cleared derivatives is intended to mitigate credit risk exposure because a central counterparty is substituted for individual counterparties and collateral/payments for changes in the fair value of cleared derivatives is posted daily through a clearing agent.

The Clearinghouse determines initial margin requirements and generally credit ratings are not factored into the initial margin. However, clearing agents may require additional initial margin to be posted based on credit considerations, including, but not limited to, credit rating downgrades. None of the FHLBanks were required to post additional initial margin by its clearing agents, based on credit considerations, at September 30, 2024.

#### **Offsetting of Derivative Assets and Derivative Liabilities**

An FHLBank presents derivative instruments, related cash collateral received or pledged, and associated accrued interest, on a net basis by clearing agent and/or by counterparty when it has met the netting requirements.

Each FHLBank has analyzed the enforceability of offsetting rights incorporated in its cleared derivative transactions and determined that the exercise of those offsetting rights by a non-defaulting party under these transactions should be upheld under applicable law upon an event of default including a bankruptcy, insolvency, or similar proceeding involving the Clearinghouse or that FHLBank's clearing agent, or both. Based on this analysis, each FHLBank presents a net derivative receivable or payable for all of its transactions through a particular clearing agent with a particular Clearinghouse.

Table 6.5 presents separately the fair value of derivative instruments meeting or not meeting netting requirements, with and without the legal right of offset, including the related collateral at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

# Table 6.5 - Offsetting of Derivative Assets and Derivative Liabilities (dollars in millions)

							Sep	tember 30, 2024						
	Derivative Instruments Meeting Netting Requirements									Non-cash Collat	teral	Not Offset		
		s Recognized Amount	Adju	s Amounts of Netting ustments and sh Collateral	Derivative Total Derivative Instruments Not Assets and Total Meeting Netting Derivative Requirements <sup>(1)</sup> Liabilities		Can Be Sold or Repledged		Cannot Be Sold or Repledged		Net Amount <sup>(2)(3)</sup>			
<b>Derivative Assets</b>														
Uncleared	\$	3,339	\$	(3,176)	\$	1	\$	164	\$	_	\$	109	\$	55
Cleared		2,941		1,235		_		4,176		—		-		4,176
Total							\$	4,340					\$	4,231
Derivative Liabiliti	es													
Uncleared	\$	7,246	\$	(7,146)	\$	2	\$	102	\$	—	\$	3	\$	99
Cleared		2,226		(2,224)		_		2		-		_		2
Total							\$	104					\$	101

							Dec	ember 31, 2023					
	D	Derivative Instruments Meeting Netting Requirements						 Non-cash Collat	teral	Not Offset			
		Recognized Amount	N Adjust	Amounts of letting ments and Collateral	Instrur Meetir	ivative nents Not ng Netting rements <sup>(1)</sup>		otal Derivative ssets and Total Derivative Liabilities	Can Be Sold or Repledged	Car	nnot Be Sold or Repledged	Net	Amount <sup>(2)(3)</sup>
<b>Derivative Assets</b>													
Uncleared	\$	5,117	\$	(4,861)	\$	4	\$	260	\$ 61	\$	100	\$	99
Cleared		1,943		1,593		_		3,536	_		-		3,536
Total							\$	3,796				\$	3,635
Derivative Liabiliti	es												
Uncleared	\$	11,339	\$	(11,282)	\$	1	\$	58	\$ _	\$	6	\$	52
Cleared		1,955		(1,917)		_		38	37		-		1
Total							\$	96				\$	53

December 21 2022

(1) Represents derivatives that are not subject to an enforceable netting agreement (e.g., mortgage delivery commitments and certain interest-rate futures or forwards).

(2) Any over-collateralization at an FHLBank's individual clearing agent and/or counterparty level is not included in the determination of the net amount. At September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the FHLBanks had additional net credit exposure of \$3,695 million and \$3,971 million due to instances where an FHLBank's non-cash collateral to a counterparty exceeded the FHLBank's net derivative position.

(3) The amount of non-cash collateral for uncleared derivatives included in the determination of the net amount is limited to the amount needed to secure the FHLBanks' or counterparties' uncleared exposure. In additional net credit exposure included in footnote 2 to this table, the FHLBanks pledged excess non-cash collateral with a fair value of \$219 million and \$174 million at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, and the FHLBanks received excess noncash collateral with a fair value of \$116 million at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

## Note 7 - Deposits

The FHLBanks offer demand and overnight deposit programs to members and to qualifying non-members. In addition, certain FHLBanks offer short-term interest-bearing deposit programs to members, and in certain cases, to qualifying non-members. A member that services mortgage loans may deposit in its FHLBank funds collected in connection with the mortgage loans, pending disbursement of these funds to the owners of the mortgage loans. The FHLBanks classify these funds as other deposits. Deposits classified as demand, overnight, or other pay interest based on a daily interest rate. Term deposits pay interest based on a fixed rate determined at the issuance of the deposit.

Table 7.1 presents interest-bearing and non-interest bearing deposits at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

#### Table 7.1 - Deposits

(dollars in millions)

	Septer	September 30, 2024		December 31, 2023	
Interest-bearing					
Demand and overnight	\$	13,267	\$	12,608	
Term		187		202	
Other		17		14	
Total interest-bearing		13,471		12,824	
Non-interest-bearing					
Demand and overnight		134		91	
Other		332		235	
Total non-interest-bearing		466		326	
Total deposits	\$	13,937	\$	13,150	

## **Note 8 - Consolidated Obligations**

Consolidated obligations consist of consolidated bonds and consolidated discount notes, which are joint and several obligations of all FHLBanks. The FHLBanks issue consolidated obligations through the Office of Finance as their agent. In connection with each debt issuance, an FHLBank specifies the amount of debt it wants issued on its behalf. The Office of Finance tracks the amount of debt issued on behalf of each FHLBank. In addition, each FHLBank records as a liability its specific portion of consolidated obligations for which it is the primary obligor.

The FHFA and the Secretary of the Treasury oversee the issuance of FHLBank debt through the Office of Finance. Consolidated bonds may be issued to raise short-, intermediate-, or long-term funds for the FHLBanks and are not subject to any statutory or regulatory limits on their maturity. Consolidated discount notes are issued primarily to raise short-term funds and have original maturities of up to one year. These notes generally sell below their face value and are redeemed at face value when they mature.

Although each FHLBank is primarily liable for its portion of consolidated obligations, each FHLBank is also jointly and severally liable with the other FHLBanks for the payment of principal and interest on all consolidated obligations of the FHLBanks. The principal amount of the FHLBanks' outstanding consolidated obligations was \$1,172.8 billion and \$1,204.3 billion at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

Table 8.1 presents the carrying value and principal amount of consolidated discount notes outstanding and the weighted-average interest rate at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

#### Table 8.1 - Consolidated Discount Notes Outstanding

(dollars in millions)

	Carryi	ing Value	Prin	cipal Amount	Weighted-Average Interest Rate <sup>(1)</sup>
September 30, 2024	\$	275,871	\$	278,216	4.87 %
December 31, 2023	\$	287,050	\$	289,885	5.20 %

(1) Represents yield to maturity excluding concession fees.

Table 8.2 presents consolidated bonds outstanding by contractual maturity and the weighted-average interest rate at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

#### Table 8.2 - Consolidated Bonds Outstanding by Contractual Maturity

(dollars in millions)

		Septembe	r 30, 2024		December 31, 2023				
Year of Contractual Maturity		Amount	Weighted-Average Interest Rate	Amount		Weighted-Average Interest Rate			
Due in 1 year or less	\$	565,803	4.50 %	\$	552,368	4.81 %			
Due after 1 year through 2 years		162,666	3.47 %		163,647	4.23 %			
Due after 2 years through 3 years		59,163	2.71 %		86,428	1.83 %			
Due after 3 years through 4 years		26,526	3.31 %		37,259	2.57 %			
Due after 4 years through 5 years		27,959	3.98 %		27,542	3.44 %			
Thereafter		52,467	3.43 %		47,187	2.87 %			
Total principal amount		894,584	4.08 %		914,431	4.19 %			
Net premiums		75			119				
Fair value hedging adjustments		(4,754)			(9,949)				
Fair value option valuation adjustments		(2)			35				
Total	\$	889,903		\$	904,636				

Consolidated bonds outstanding were issued with either fixed-rate coupon payment terms or variable-rate coupon payment terms that are indexed to specified indices, such as SOFR. To meet the specific needs of both the FHLBanks and certain investors in consolidated obligations, both fixed-rate and variable-rate consolidated bonds may contain features that result in complex coupon payment terms and call options. When these consolidated bonds are issued, an FHLBank may enter into derivatives containing features that offset the terms and embedded options, if any, of the consolidated bond obligations.

Table 8.3 presents consolidated bonds outstanding by call features at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

## Table 8.3 - Consolidated Bonds Outstanding by Call Features

(dollars in millions)

Principal Amount of Consolidated Bonds	Septem	ber 30, 2024	Decen	nber 31, 2023
Non-callable/non-putable	\$	568,357	\$	474,641
Callable		326,227		439,790
Total principal amount	\$	894,584	\$	914,431

Table 8.4 presents consolidated bonds outstanding by contractual maturity or next call date at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

#### Table 8.4 - Consolidated Bonds Outstanding by Contractual Maturity or Next Call Date (dollars in millions)

Year of Contractual Maturity or Next Call Date	Septe	mber 30, 2024	December 31, 2023	
Due in 1 year or less	\$	752,669	\$	752,826
Due after 1 year through 2 years		86,682		103,417
Due after 2 years through 3 years		23,487		25,760
Due after 3 years through 4 years		12,553		8,566
Due after 4 years through 5 years		8,458		12,812
Thereafter		10,735		11,050
Total principal amount	\$	894,584	\$	914,431

## Note 9 - Capital

Each FHLBank is subject to three capital requirements under its capital plan and the FHFA rules and regulations. Regulatory capital does not include AOCI, but does include mandatorily redeemable capital stock.

- 1. *Risk-based capital.* Each FHLBank must maintain at all times permanent capital, defined as the amounts paid-in for Class B stock and retained earnings, in an amount at least equal to the sum of its credit risk, market risk, and operational risk capital requirements, all of which are calculated in accordance with the rules and regulations of the FHFA.
- 2. *Regulatory capital.* Each FHLBank must maintain at all times a total capital-to-assets ratio of at least four percent. Regulatory capital is the sum of permanent capital, the amounts paid-in for Class A stock, any general loss allowance, if consistent with GAAP and not established for specific assets, and other amounts from sources determined by the FHFA as available to absorb losses.
- 3. *Leverage capital*. Each FHLBank must maintain at all times a leverage capital-to-assets ratio of at least five percent. Leverage capital is defined as the sum of permanent capital weighted 1.5 times and all other components of total capital.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

The FHFA may require an FHLBank to maintain greater minimum capital levels than are required based on FHFA rules and regulation. At September 30, 2024, each FHLBank was in compliance with FHFA regulatory capital requirements.

Table 9.1 presents the risk-based capital requirements at September 30, 2024.

#### Table 9.1 - Risk-Based Capital Requirements at September 30, 2024

(dollars in millions)

	Ri	Risk-Based Capital					
FHLBank	Minimum Requireme		Actual				
Boston	\$	589 \$	4,040				
New York	1	,051	8,507				
Pittsburgh		902	5,994				
Atlanta	1	,438	7,867				
Cincinnati	1	,418	6,687				
Indianapolis	1	,236	4,507				
Chicago	2	,175	8,480				
Des Moines	1	,533	9,323				
Dallas	1	,250	7,074				
Торека		786	3,799				
San Francisco	1	,139	7,327				
Combined <sup>(1)</sup>	13	,517	73,604				

Based on FHFA rules and regulations, risk-based capital requirements apply to individual FHLBanks, and there are no minimum risk-based capital requirements at a combined (1) level. The combined risk-based capital amounts are for analysis only and are calculated based on the sum of the individual FHLBanks' risk-based capital amounts. The sum of the individual FHLBank risk-based capital amounts may not agree to the combined amount due to combining adjustments.

Table 9.2 presents the regulatory capital requirements at September 30, 2024.

#### Table 9.2 - Regulatory Capital Requirements at September 30, 2024

(dollars in millions)

	Regulatory Capi	tal Ratio	Regulatory Capital			
FHLBank	Minimum Requirement	Actual	Minimum Requirement	Actual		
Boston	4.00 %	5.58 %	\$ 2,896	\$ 4,040		
New York	4.00 %	5.47 %	6,218	8,507		
Pittsburgh	4.00 %	5.17 %	4,639	5,994		
Atlanta	4.00 %	5.79 %	5,432	7,867		
Cincinnati	4.00 %	5.23 %	5,113	6,687		
Indianapolis	4.00 %	5.56 %	3,242	4,507		
Chicago	4.00 %	6.74 %	5,033	8,480		
Des Moines	4.00 %	5.76 %	6,479	9,323		
Dallas	4.00 %	5.66 %	4,995	7,074		
Topeka	4.00 %	5.28 %	3,168	4,183		
San Francisco	4.00 %	8.80 %	3,331	7,327		
Combined <sup>(1)</sup>		5.86 %	50,546	73,988		

(1) Based on FHFA rules and regulations, regulatory capital requirements apply to individual FHLBanks, and there are no minimum regulatory capital requirements at a combined level. The combined regulatory capital ratio and amounts are for analysis only. The combined regulatory capital ratio is calculated based on the combined regulatory capital as a percentage of combined total assets, and the combined regulatory capital amounts are calculated based on the sum of the individual FHLBanks' regulatory capital amounts. The sum of the individual FHLBank regulatory capital amounts may not agree to the combined amount due to combining adjustments.

#### Table 9.3 presents the leverage capital requirements at September 30, 2024.

(dollars in millions)

	Leverage Capital Ratio Leverage Cap				
FHLBank	Minimum Requirement	Actual	Minimum Requirement	Actual	
Boston	5.00 %	8.37 %	\$ 3,620	\$ 6,060	
New York	5.00 %	8.21 %	7,773	12,760	
Pittsburgh	5.00 %	7.75 %	5,798	8,991	
Atlanta	5.00 %	8.69 %	6,790	11,801	
Cincinnati	5.00 %	7.85 %	6,391	10,031	
Indianapolis	5.00 %	8.34 %	4,053	6,761	
Chicago	5.00 %	10.11 %	6,291	12,719	
Des Moines	5.00 %	8.63 %	8,099	13,986	
Dallas	5.00 %	8.50 %	6,244	10,611	
Торека	5.00 %	7.68 %	3,960	6,083	
San Francisco	5.00 %	13.20 %	4,164	10,990	
Combined <sup>(1)</sup>		8.77 %	63,183	110,792	

(1) Based on FHFA rules and regulations, leverage capital requirements apply to individual FHLBanks, and there are no minimum leverage capital requirements at a combined level. The combined leverage capital ratio and amounts are for analysis only. The combined leverage capital ratio is calculated based on the combined leverage capital as a percentage of combined total assets, and the combined leverage capital amounts are calculated based on the sum of the individual FHLBanks' leverage capital amounts. The sum of the individual FHLBank leverage capital amounts may not agree to the combined amount due to combining adjustments.

#### **Capital Stock**

Each FHLBank is a cooperative whose member financial institutions own most of the FHLBank's capital stock. Former members (including certain non-members that own FHLBank capital stock as a result of merger or acquisition, relocation, charter termination, voluntary termination, or involuntary termination of an FHLBank member) own the remaining capital stock to support business transactions still carried on an FHLBank's statement of condition. Shares of capital stock cannot be purchased or sold except between an FHLBank and its members at its \$100 per share par value, as mandated by each FHLBank's capital plan. Members can redeem Class A stock by giving six-months' written notice, and members can redeem Class B stock by giving five-years' written notice, subject to certain restrictions. An FHLBank's board of directors may declare and pay dividends in either cash or capital stock, assuming the FHLBank is in compliance with FHFA rules.

#### **Restricted Retained Earnings**

The Joint Capital Enhancement Agreement, as amended (Capital Agreement), is intended to enhance the capital position of each FHLBank. The Capital Agreement provides that each FHLBank will, on a quarterly basis, allocate 20% of its net income to a separate restricted retained earnings account until the balance of that account, calculated as of the last day of each calendar quarter, equals at least one percent of that FHLBank's average balance of outstanding consolidated obligations for the calendar quarter. These restricted retained earnings are not available to pay dividends. Additionally, the Capital Agreement provides that amounts in restricted retained earnings in excess of 150% of an FHLBank's restricted retained earnings minimum (i.e., one percent of that FHLBank's average balance of outstanding consolidated obligations calculated as of the last day of each calendar quarter) may be released from restricted retained earnings. As of September 30, 2024, none of the FHLBanks had restricted retained earnings that exceeded one percent of its average balance of outstanding consolidated obligations.

#### Mandatorily Redeemable Capital Stock

An FHLBank generally reclassifies capital stock subject to redemption from capital to the mandatorily redeemable capital stock liability upon expiration of a grace period, if applicable, after a member exercises a written redemption right, or gives notice of intent to withdraw from membership, or attains non-member status by merger or acquisition, relocation, charter termination, or involuntary termination from membership. Shares of capital stock meeting these definitions are reclassified to mandatorily redeemable capital stock at fair value. Dividends related to capital stock classified as mandatorily redeemable capital stock are accrued at the expected dividend rate and reported as interest expense on the Combined Statements of Income. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, dividends on mandatorily redeemable capital stock of \$21 million and \$83 million were recorded as interest expense. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, dividends on mandatorily redeemable capital stock of \$21 million and \$83 million were recorded as interest expense.

A member may cancel or revoke its written notice of redemption or its notice of withdrawal from membership prior to the end of the applicable redemption period. Each FHLBank's capital plan provides the terms for cancellation fees that may be incurred by the member upon cancellation.

Table 9.4 presents a rollforward of capital stock subject to mandatory redemption for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023. Payment is contingent on, among other things, each FHLBank's waiting period and the FHLBank's ability to meet its minimum regulatory capital requirements. These amounts have been classified as a liability on the Combined Statements of Condition.

#### Table 9.4 - Rollforward of Mandatorily Redeemable Capital Stock

(dollars in millions)

	Th	ree Months End	led Sep	otember 30,	Nine Months End	led September 30,		
		2024		2023	2024		2023	
Balance, beginning of year	\$	1,079	\$	1,538	\$ 1,230	\$	708	
Capital stock subject to mandatory redemption reclassified from capital		74		475	356		2,551	
Redemption/repurchase of mandatorily redeemable capital stock		(175)		(611)	(608)		(1,857)	
Balance, end of year	\$	978	\$	1,402	\$ 978	\$	1,402	

Table 9.5 presents the amount of mandatorily redeemable capital stock by contractual year of redemption at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023. The year of redemption in the table is the end of the appropriate redemption period applicable to each FHLBank's capital plan. An FHLBank is not required to redeem membership stock until either five years or six months, depending on the type of capital stock issuable under its capital plan, after the membership is terminated or the FHLBank receives notice of withdrawal. However, for certain membership terminations such as mergers, consolidations, terminations related to insolvency, or out-of-district relocations, the FHLBank may recalculate the former member's stock requirement following that termination and the stock may be deemed excess stock subject to repurchase at the FHLBank's discretion. An FHLBank is not required to redeem activity-based stock until the later of the expiration of the notice of redemption or until the activity to which the capital stock relates no longer remains outstanding. If activity-based stock becomes excess stock as a result of an activity no longer remaining outstanding, an FHLBank may repurchase those shares, at its sole discretion, subject to the statutory and regulatory restrictions on excess capital stock redemption.

#### Table 9.5 - Mandatorily Redeemable Capital Stock by Contractual Year of Redemption (dollars in millions)

	Septemb	er 30, 2024	Decemb	er 31, 2023
Year 1	\$	5	\$	16
Year 2		107		20
Year 3		16		96
Year 4		772		342
Year 5		32		716
Past contractual redemption date due to remaining activity <sup>(1)</sup>		46		40
Total	\$	978	\$	1,230

(1) Represents mandatorily redeemable capital stock that is past the end of the contractual redemption period because there is activity outstanding to which the mandatorily redeemable capital stock relates.

#### **Excess Capital Stock**

The FHLBanks define excess capital stock as the amount of stock held by a member (or former member) in excess of that institution's minimum stock ownership requirement. FHFA rules limit the ability of an FHLBank to create member excess capital stock under certain circumstances. An FHLBank may not pay dividends in the form of capital stock or issue new excess capital stock to members if that FHLBank's excess capital stock exceeds one percent of its total assets or if the issuance of excess capital stock would cause that FHLBank's excess capital stock to exceed one percent of its total assets. At September 30, 2024, none of the FHLBanks had excess capital stock outstanding totaling more than one percent of its total assets.

#### **Capital Classification Determination**

The FHFA determines each FHLBank's capital classification on at least a quarterly basis. If an FHLBank is determined to be other than adequately capitalized, that FHLBank becomes subject to additional supervisory authority by the FHFA. Before implementing a reclassification, the Director of the FHFA is required to provide that FHLBank with written notice of the proposed action and an opportunity to submit a response. Each FHLBank was classified by the FHFA as adequately capitalized as of the date of the FHFA's most recent notification to each FHLBank.

## Note 10 - Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

Table 10.1 presents a summary of changes in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023.

#### Table 10.1 - Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

(dollars in millions)

	Gains AFS	Unrealized (Losses) on Securities Note 3)	Po Gai	et Non-Credit ortion of OTTI ins (Losses) on IM Securities (Note 3)	Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) Relating to Hedging Activities (Note 6)		Pension and Postretirement Benefits	(	otal Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)
Balance, June 30, 2024	\$	(362)	\$	(1)	\$ 301	\$	(31)	\$	(93)
Other comprehensive income before reclassifications									
Unrealized gains (losses)		(56)		—	(72)		_		(128)
Reclassifications from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) to net income									
Reclassification of realized net (gains) losses included in net income		_		_	_		_		_
Amortization on hedging activities		_		—	(61)		-		(61)
Pension and postretirement benefits		_					(1)		(1)
Net current period other comprehensive income (loss)		(56)		_	(133)		(1)		(190)
Balance, September 30, 2024	\$	(418)	\$	(1)	\$ 168	\$	(32)	\$	(283)
Balance, June 30, 2023	\$	(862)	\$	(1)	\$ 330	\$	(24)	\$	(557)
Other comprehensive income before reclassifications									
Unrealized gains (losses)		(539)		-	76		_		(463)
Non-credit losses included in basis of HTM securities sold		_		_	_		_		_
Reclassifications from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) to net income									
Reclassification of realized net (gains) losses included in net income		6		_	_		_		6
Amortization on hedging activities		_		-	(18)		-		(18)
Pension and postretirement benefits		_		_			(2)		(2)
Net current period other comprehensive income (loss)		(533)		_	 58		(2)		(477)
Balance, September 30, 2023	\$	(1,395)	\$	(1)	\$ 388	\$	(26)	\$	(1,034)

	Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) or AFS Securities (Note 3)	1	Net Non-Credit Portion of OTTI Gains (Losses) on HTM Securities (Note 3)	Re	Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) telating to Hedging Activities (Note 6)	Pension and Postretirement Benefits	-	otal Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)
Balance, December 31, 2023	\$ (1,26	68)	\$ (1)	\$	251	\$ (26)	\$	(1,044)
Other comprehensive income before reclassifications								
Unrealized gains (losses)	85	3	-		14	-		867
Reclassifications from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) to net income								
Reclassification of realized net (gains) losses included in net income		(3)	_		_	_		(3)
Amortization on hedging activities	-	_	_		(97)	_		(97)
Pension and postretirement benefits	-	_	-		_	(6)		(6)
Net current period other comprehensive income (loss)	85	0			(83)	(6)		761
Balance, September 30, 2024	\$ (41	8)	\$ (1)	\$	168	\$ (32)	\$	(283)
Balance, December 31, 2022	\$ (1,02	27)	\$ (4)	\$	325	\$ (47)	\$	(753)
Other comprehensive income before reclassifications								
Unrealized gains (losses)	(37	'4)	-		110	-		(264)
Non-credit losses included in basis of HTM securities sold		_	3		_	_		3
Reclassifications from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) to net income								
Reclassification of realized net (gains) losses included in net income		6	_		_	_		6
Amortization on hedging activities		_	-		(47)	-		(47)
Pension and postretirement benefits	-				_	21		21
Net current period other comprehensive income (loss)	(36	68)	3		63	21		(281)
Balance, September 30, 2023	\$ (1,39	95)	\$ (1)	\$	388	\$ (26)	\$	(1,034)

#### Note 11 - Fair Value

The fair value amounts recorded on the Combined Statements of Condition and presented in the note disclosures for the periods presented have been determined by the FHLBanks using available market and other pertinent information and reflect each FHLBank's best judgment of appropriate valuation methods. GAAP defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e., an exit price). Although each FHLBank uses its best judgment in estimating the fair value of its financial instruments, there are inherent limitations in any valuation technique. Therefore, the fair values may not be indicative of the amounts that would have been realized in market transactions at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023. Additionally, these values do not represent an estimate of the overall market value of the FHLBanks as going concerns, which would take into account future business opportunities and the net profitability of assets and liabilities.

#### **Fair Value Hierarchy**

GAAP establishes a fair value hierarchy and requires an entity to maximize the use of significant observable inputs and minimize the use of significant unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The inputs are evaluated and an overall level for the fair value measurement is determined. This overall level is an indication of market observability of the fair value measurement for the asset or liability. An entity must disclose the level within the fair value hierarchy in which the measurements are classified.

The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value into three broad levels:

- Level 1 Inputs. Quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in an active market that the reporting entity can access on the measurement date. An active market for the asset or liability is a market in which the transactions for the asset or liability occur with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.
- Level 2 Inputs. Inputs other than quoted prices within Level 1, that are observable inputs for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. If the asset or liability has a specified or contractual term, a Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability. Level 2 inputs include the following: (1) quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; (2) quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liability (e.g., interest rates and yield curves that are observable at commonly quoted intervals, and implied volatilities); and (4) inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.
- Level 3 Inputs. Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. Valuations are derived from techniques that use significant assumptions not observable in the market, which include pricing models, discounted cash flow models, or similar techniques.

Each FHLBank reviews its fair value hierarchy classifications on a quarterly basis. Changes in the observability of the valuation inputs may result in a reclassification of certain assets or liabilities. The FHLBanks had no transfers of assets or liabilities into or out of Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023.

Table 11.1 presents the carrying value, fair value, and fair value hierarchy of financial assets and liabilities of the FHLBanks at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023. The FHLBanks record trading securities, AFS securities, derivative assets, derivative liabilities, certain advances, certain consolidated obligations, and certain other assets at fair value on a recurring basis, and on occasion certain mortgage loans held for portfolio and certain other assets at fair value on a non-recurring basis. The FHLBanks record all other financial assets and liabilities at amortized cost. Refer to Table 11.2 for further details about the financial assets and liabilities held at fair value on either a recurring or non-recurring basis.

#### Table 11.1 - Fair Value Summary

(dollars in millions)

			Septembe	er 30,	2024			
					Fair Value			
Financial Instruments	Carrying Value <sup>(1)</sup>	Total	Level 1		Level 2	Level 3	Adju	Netting stment and Cash Ilateral <sup>(2)</sup>
Assets								
Cash and due from banks	\$ 350	\$ 350	\$ 350	\$	_	\$ -	\$	-
Interest-bearing deposits	28,121	28,121	12,686		15,435	-		-
Securities purchased under agreements to resell	64,360	64,360	_		64,360	_		_
Federal funds sold	74,597	74,597	_		74,597	-		-
Trading securities	22,854	22,854	7,292		15,562	-		-
Available-for-sale securities	175,418	175,418	_		173,057	2,361		-
Held-to-maturity securities	63,960	63,276	_		62,915	361		-
Advances <sup>(3)</sup>	756,465	756,941	_		756,941	-		-
Mortgage loans held for portfolio	67,428	62,869	_		62,786	83		-
Mortgage loans held for sale <sup>(4)</sup>	12	12	_		12	_		-
Accrued interest receivable	4,267	4,267	_		4,267	-		-
Derivative assets, net	4,340	4,340	_		6,281	-		(1,941)
Other assets	413	413	314		99	-		-
Liabilities								
Deposits	13,937	13,937	_		13,937	-		-
Consolidated obligations								
Discount notes <sup>(5)</sup>	275,871	275,936	_		275,936	-		-
Bonds <sup>(6)</sup>	889,903	885,108	_		885,108	_		-
Total consolidated obligations	1,165,774	 1,161,044	 _		1,161,044	_		_
Mandatorily redeemable capital stock	978	978	978		_	-		-
Accrued interest payable	5,937	5,937	_		5,937	-		—
Derivative liabilities, net	104	104	-		9,474	-		(9,370)
Other liabilities	35	34	-		34	_		—

December 31, 2023												
							Fair Value					
Financial Instruments	Carrying Value <sup>(1)</sup>		Total		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3	A	Netting Adjustment and Cash Collateral <sup>(2)</sup>	
Assets												
Cash and due from banks	\$ 481	\$	481	\$	481	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Interest-bearing deposits	24,163		24,163		11,132		13,031		-		-	
Securities purchased under agreements to resell	81,012		81,012		_		81,012		_		_	
Federal funds sold	57,860		57,860		_		57,860		-		-	
Trading securities	15,553		15,553		5,886		9,667		-		—	
Available-for-sale securities	160,455		160,455		-		158,020		2,435		_	
Held-to-maturity securities	68,859		67,696		_		67,301		395		-	
Advances <sup>(3)</sup>	809,571		809,090		-		809,090		_		_	
Mortgage loans held for portfolio	61,335		55,725		_		55,655		70		-	
Mortgage loans held for sale <sup>(4)</sup>	15		15		-		15		_		_	
Accrued interest receivable	4,519		4,519		_		4,519		-		-	
Derivative assets, net	3,796		3,796		_		7,064		-		(3,268)	
Other assets	386		384		283		101		-		-	
Liabilities												
Deposits	13,150		13,150		_		13,150		-		—	
Consolidated obligations												
Discount notes <sup>(5)</sup>	287,050		287,040		_		287,040		-		-	
Bonds <sup>(6)</sup>	904,636		897,114		_		897,114		_		_	
Total consolidated obligations	1,191,686		1,184,154		_		1,184,154		-		-	
Mandatorily redeemable capital stock	1,230		1,230		1,230		-		-		-	
Accrued interest payable	6,772		6,772		_		6,772		-		-	
Derivative liabilities, net	96		96		-		13,295		-		(13,199)	
Other liabilities	35		33		_		33		-		-	

(1) For certain financial instruments, the amounts represent net carrying value, which includes an allowance for credit losses.

(2) Amounts represent the application of the netting requirements that allow an FHLBank to settle positive and negative positions, and also cash collateral and related accrued interest held or placed by that FHLBank with the same clearing agent and/or counterparty.

(3) Includes \$5,565 million and \$2,247 million of advances recorded under fair value option at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

(4) Represents mortgage loans held for sale recorded under fair value option, included in other assets, net on the Combined Statements of Condition.

(5) Includes \$54,683 million and \$65,118 million of consolidated discount notes recorded under fair value option at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

(6) Includes \$20,498 million and \$26,149 million of consolidated bonds recorded under fair value option at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

#### **Summary of Valuation Methodologies and Primary Inputs**

A description of the valuation methodologies and primary inputs is disclosed in *Note 14 - Fair Value* on pages F-65 to F-74 of the audited combined financial statements included in the Federal Home Loan Banks Combined Financial Report for the year ended December 31, 2023. There were no significant changes in these valuation methodologies and primary inputs during the nine months ended September 30, 2024.

#### **Fair Value Measurements**

Table 11.2 presents the fair value of assets and liabilities that are recorded on a recurring or non-recurring basis at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, by level within the fair value hierarchy. The FHLBanks measure certain mortgage loans at fair value on a non-recurring basis due to the recognition of a credit loss. Real estate owned is measured using fair value when the asset's fair value less costs to sell is lower than its carrying amount.

#### Table 11.2 - Fair Value Measurements

(dollars in millions)

				Sept	ember 30, 2024		
	 Total		Level 1		Level 2	Level 3	ing Adjustment and Cash Collateral <sup>(1)</sup>
Recurring fair value measurements - Assets							
Trading securities							
U.S. Treasury obligations	\$ 20,405	\$	7,292	\$	13,113	\$ _	\$ -
Other U.S. obligations	61		_		61	_	_
GSE and Tennessee Valley Authority obligations	1,739		-		1,739	_	-
Other non-MBS	110		_		110	-	_
GSE single-family MBS	12		-		12	-	-
GSE multifamily MBS	527		_		527	-	_
Total trading securities	 22,854		7,292		15,562	 _	_
Available-for-sale securities							
U.S. Treasury obligations	35,806		-		35,806	-	-
Other U.S. obligations	1,696		_		1,696	-	_
GSE and Tennessee Valley Authority obligations	5,502		-		5,502	-	-
State or local housing agency obligations	1,948		_		703	1,245	_
Federal Family Education Loan Program ABS	1,619		-		1,619	-	-
Other non-MBS	392		_		392	-	_
U.S. obligations single-family MBS	6,938		-		6,938	-	-
U.S. obligations multifamily MBS	471		_		471	-	_
GSE single-family MBS	10,122		-		10,122	-	-
GSE multifamily MBS	109,808		_		109,808	-	_
Private-label MBS	1,116		-		_	1,116	-
Total available-for-sale securities	175,418		_		173,057	2,361	_
Advances <sup>(2)</sup>	 5,565		-		5,565	_	_
Mortgage loans held for sale <sup>(2)</sup>	12		-		12	_	_
Derivative assets, net							
Interest-rate related	4,339		_		6,280	-	(1,941)
Mortgage delivery commitments	1		-		1	-	-
Total derivative assets, net	4,340		_		6,281	_	(1,941)
Other assets	379		314		65	-	-
Total recurring assets at fair value	\$ 208,568	\$	7,606	\$	200,542	\$ 2,361	\$ (1,941)
Recurring fair value measurements - Liabilities	 	-				 	
Consolidated Obligations							
Discount notes <sup>(2)</sup>	\$ 54,683	\$	-	\$	54,683	\$ -	\$ -
Bonds <sup>(2)</sup>	20,498		_		20,498	-	_
Total consolidated obligations	 75,181		_		75,181	_	_
Derivative liabilities, net							
Interest-rate related	101		-		9,471	-	(9,370)
Mortgage delivery commitments	3		_		3	-	_
Total derivative liabilities, net	104		_		9,474	_	(9,370)
Total recurring liabilities at fair value	\$ 75,285	\$	_	\$	84,655	\$ _	\$ (9,370)
Non-recurring fair value measurements - Assets <sup>(3)</sup>							
Mortgage loans held for portfolio	\$ 25	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 25	
Real estate owned	1		_		_	1	
Total non-recurring assets at fair value	\$ 26	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 26	
	 			_		 	

	December 31, 2023 Netting Adjustmer													
		Total		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		ing Adjustment and Cash Collateral <sup>(1)</sup>				
Recurring fair value measurements - Assets														
Trading securities														
U.S. Treasury obligations	\$	12,698	\$	5,886	\$	6,812	\$	_	\$	_				
Other U.S. obligations		68		_		68		_		_				
GSE and Tennessee Valley Authority obligations		2,052		_		2,052		_		_				
Other non-MBS		111		_		111		_		_				
U.S. obligations single-family MBS		1		_		1		_		_				
GSE single-family MBS		14		_		14		_		_				
GSE multifamily MBS		609		_		609		_		-				
Total trading securities		15,553		5,886		9,667		_						
Available-for-sale securities														
U.S. Treasury obligations		33,359		_		33,359		_		_				
Other U.S. obligations		1,515		_		1,515		_		_				
GSE and Tennessee Valley Authority obligations		6,770		_		6,770		_		_				
State or local housing agency obligations		1,890		_		640		1,250		_				
Federal Family Education Loan Program ABS		1,957		_		1,957		_		_				
Other non-MBS		506		_		506		_		_				
U.S. obligations single-family MBS		6,120		_		6,120		_		_				
U.S. obligations multifamily MBS		478		_		478		_		_				
GSE single-family MBS		6,576		_		6,576		_		_				
GSE multifamily MBS		100,099		_		100,099		_		_				
Private-label MBS		1,185		_		_		1,185		_				
Total available-for-sale securities		160,455		_		158,020		2,435		_				
Advances <sup>(2)</sup>		2,247				2,247				_				
Mortgage loans held for sale <sup>(2)</sup>		15		_		15		_		_				
Derivative assets, net														
Interest-rate related		3,792		_		7,060		_		(3,268)				
Mortgage delivery commitments		4		_		4		_		(-,,				
Total derivative assets, net		3,796		_		7,064		_		(3,268)				
Other assets		351		283		68		_		(0,200,				
Total recurring assets at fair value	\$	182,417	\$	6,169	\$	177,081	\$	2,435	\$	(3,268)				
Recurring fair value measurements - Liabilities	<u> </u>	102,417	<u> </u>	0,105	<u> </u>	177,001	<u> </u>	2,400	<u> </u>	(0)200)				
Consolidated Obligations														
Discount notes <sup>(2)</sup>	\$	65,118	Ś	_	\$	65,118	Ś	_	\$	_				
Bonds <sup>(2)</sup>	Ŷ	26,149	Ŧ	_	Ŷ	26,149	Ŷ	_	Ŷ	_				
Total consolidated obligations		91,267		_		91,267		_		_				
Derivative liabilities, net		51,207				51,207								
Interest-rate related		96		_		13,295		_		(13,199)				
Mortgage delivery commitments		_						_		(13,135)				
Total derivative liabilities, net		96		_		13,295				(13,199)				
Total recurring liabilities at fair value	\$	91,363	\$		\$		\$		\$	(13,199)				
Non-recurring fair value measurements - Assets <sup>(3)</sup>	Ŷ	51,303	Ŷ		<u> </u>	104,502	Ŷ		Ŷ	(13,135)				
Mortgage loans held for portfolio	\$	38	\$		\$		\$	38						
Real estate owned	ٻ	1	Ŷ	_	ç	_	Ļ	1						
Total non-recurring assets at fair value	\$	39	\$		Ś		Ś	39						
Total non-recurring assets at fair value	Ş	39	Ş	_	Ş	_	Ş	39						

(1) Amounts represent the application of the netting requirements that allow an FHLBank to settle positive and negative positions, and also cash collateral and related accrued interest held or placed by that FHLBank with the same clearing agent and/or counterparty.

(2) Represents financial instruments recorded under fair value option at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

(3) The fair value information presented is as of the date the fair value adjustment was recorded during the period.

#### Level 3 Disclosures for All Assets and Liabilities that are Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

Table 11.3 presents a rollforward of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis and classified as Level 3 during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023.

#### Table 11.3 - Rollforward of Level 3 Assets and Liabilities

(dollars in millions)

			Thre	e Months End	led Se	ptember 30,		
		20	24	20	23			
	Housi	and Local ng Agency igations	Private	-Label MBS	-	tate and Local ousing Agency Obligations	Priv	vate-Label MBS
Balance, at beginning of period	\$	1,245	\$	1,115	\$	1,138	\$	1,253
Total gains (losses) included in earnings								
Interest income		_		6		_		10
(Provision) reversal for credit losses on available-for-sale securities		_		5		—		(8)
Total gains (losses) included in other comprehensive income								
Net unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities		_		21		_		(15)
Purchases, issuances, sales, and settlements								
Settlements		_		(31)		(1)		(38)
Transfers from held-to-maturity securities to available-for-sale securities		_		_		_		_
Balance, at end of period	\$	1,245	\$	1,116	\$	1,137	\$	1,202
Total amount of unrealized gains (losses) for the period included in OCI relating to assets held at the end of the period	\$	_	\$	20	\$	_	\$	(14)
Total amount of gains (losses) for the period included in earnings attributable to the change in unrealized gains/losses relating to assets held at the end of period	\$	_	\$	8	\$	_	\$	1

			N	ine Months End	ed Sep	tember 30,		
		20	24			20	23	
	Hous	e and Local sing Agency lligations	Priva	te-Label MBS	Ho	ate and Local ousing Agency Obligations	Priv	vate-Label MBS
Balance, at beginning of period	\$	1,250	\$	1,185	\$	1,141	\$	1,325
Total gains (losses) included in earnings								
Interest income		_		12		_		32
(Provision) reversal for credit losses on available-for-sale securities		_		4		_		(10)
Total gains (losses) included in other comprehensive income								
Net unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities		(1)		5		_		(29)
Purchases, issuances, sales, and settlements								
Settlements		(4)		(90)		(4)		(118)
Transfers from held-to-maturity securities to available-for-sale securities		-		_		_		2
Balance, at end of period	\$	1,245	\$	1,116	\$	1,137	\$	1,202
Total amount of unrealized gains (losses) for the period included in OCI relating to assets held at the end of the period	\$	(1)	\$	4	\$	_	\$	(28)
Total amount of gains (losses) for the period included in earnings attributable to the change in unrealized gains/losses relating to assets held at the end of period	\$	_	\$	13	\$	_	\$	21

#### **Fair Value Option**

The fair value option provides an irrevocable option to elect fair value as an alternative measurement for selected financial assets, financial liabilities, unrecognized firm commitments, and written loan commitments not previously carried at fair value. It requires entities to display the fair value of those assets and liabilities for which the entity has chosen to use fair value on the face of the statement of condition. Fair value is used for both the initial and subsequent measurement of the designated assets, liabilities and commitments, with the changes in fair value recognized in net income. Interest income and interest expense on advances and consolidated obligations at fair value are recognized solely on the contractual amount of interest due or unpaid. Any transaction fees or costs are immediately recognized into non-interest income or non-interest expense.

The FHLBanks of New York, Cincinnati, Chicago, Des Moines, and San Francisco (Electing FHLBanks) have each elected the fair value option for certain financial instruments when a hedge relationship does not qualify for hedge accounting or may be at risk for not meeting hedge effectiveness requirements. These fair value elections were made primarily in an effort to mitigate the potential income statement volatility that can arise when an economic derivative is adjusted for changes in fair value, but the related hedged item is not.

Table 11.4 presents net gains (losses) recognized in earnings related to financial assets and liabilities for which the fair value option was elected during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023.

#### Table 11.4 - Fair Value Option - Financial Assets and Liabilities

(dollars in millions)

	 Three Months End	ded Se	eptember 30,	Nine Months End	ed September 30,		
Net Gains (Losses) from Changes in Fair Value Recognized in Earnings	2024		2023	 2024		2023	
Advances	\$ 96	\$	(14)	\$ 83	\$	(9)	
Mortgage loans held for sale <sup>(1)</sup>	_		(1)	_		(1)	
Consolidated discount notes	(116)		(17)	(66)		(71)	
Consolidated bonds	 (59)		(43)	(101)		(63)	
Total net gains (losses)	\$ (79)	\$	(75)	\$ (84)	\$	(144)	

(1) Included in other assets, net on the Combined Statements of Condition.

For instruments for which the fair value option has been elected, the related contractual interest income, contractual interest expense, and the discount amortization on fair value option discount notes are recorded as part of net interest income on the Combined Statements of Income. The remaining changes in fair value for instruments for which the fair value option has been elected are recorded as net gains (losses) on financial instruments held under fair value option on the Combined Statements of Income, except for changes in fair value related to instrument specific credit risk, which are recorded in AOCI on the Combined Statements of Condition. Each of the Electing FHLBanks determined that none of the remaining changes in fair value were related to instrument specific credit risk during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023. In determining that there has been no change in instrument specific credit risk period to period, the Electing FHLBanks primarily considered the following factors:

- The FHLBanks are federally chartered GSEs, and as a result of this status, the FHLBanks' consolidated obligations have historically received the same credit ratings as the government bond credit rating of the United States, even though they are not obligations of the United States and are not guaranteed by the United States.
- Each FHLBank is jointly and severally liable with the other FHLBanks for the payment of principal and interest on all consolidated obligations of each of the FHLBanks.

Table 11.5 presents the difference between the aggregate fair value and the aggregate unpaid principal balance outstanding for advances, mortgage loans held for sale, and consolidated obligations for which the fair value option has been elected at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

#### Table 11.5 - Aggregate Fair Value and Aggregate Unpaid Principal Balance

(dollars in millions)

			Sept	tember 30, 2024			December 31, 2023							
	Ag	gregate Fair Value		gregate Unpaid incipal Balance	Val Ag	Aggregate Fair lue Over/(Under) ggregate Unpaid rincipal Balance		Aggregate Fair Value		ggregate Unpaid rincipal Balance	Val Ag	Aggregate Fair ue Over/(Under) gregate Unpaid rincipal Balance		
Advances	\$	5,565	\$	5,477	\$	88	\$	2,247	\$	2,257	\$	(10)		
Mortgage loans held for sale $^{(1)}$		12		12		_		15		15		_		
Consolidated discount notes		54,683		55,356		(673)		65,118		65,950		(832)		
Consolidated bonds		20,498		20,500		(2)		26,149		26,114		35		

(1) Included in other assets, net on the Combined Statements of Condition.

# Note 12 - Commitments and Contingencies

#### **Off-Balance Sheet Commitments**

Table 12.1 represents off-balance sheet commitments at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023. Each FHLBank has deemed it unnecessary to record any liabilities for credit losses on these commitments at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, based on each FHLBank's credit extension and collateral policies.

#### Table 12.1 - Off-Balance Sheet Commitments

(dollars in millions)

	_		September 30, 2024		Dece	ember 31, 2023
Notional amount	Expire	e Within One Year	Expire After One Year	Total		Total
Standby letters of credit notional amount <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	182,686	\$ 35,636	\$ 218,322	\$	203,279
Unsettled consolidated bonds, principal amount		6,950	—	6,950		1,602
Commitments for standby bond purchases		543	2,804	3,347		3,335
Unused lines of credit - advances		2,477	—	2,477		2,380
Unsettled consolidated discount notes, principal amount		1,231	-	1,231		612
Commitments to fund additional advances		1,194	15	1,209		2,265
Commitments to purchase mortgage loans		905	-	905		560

(1) Excludes unconditional commitments to issue standby letters of credit of \$148 million and \$61 million at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

**Standby Letters of Credit.** An FHLBank issues standby letters of credit on behalf of its members to support certain obligations of the members to third-party beneficiaries. These standby letters of credit are generally subject to the same collateralization and borrowing limits that are applicable to advances. Standby letters of credit may be offered to assist members and non-member housing associates in facilitating residential housing finance, community lending, and asset-liability management, and to provide liquidity. In particular, members often use standby letters of credit as collateral for deposits from federal, state, and local government agencies. Standby letters of credit are executed for members for a fee. If an FHLBank is required to make payment for a beneficiary's draw, the member either reimburses the FHLBank for the amount drawn or, subject to the applicable FHLBank's discretion, the amount drawn may be converted into a collateralized advance to the member. However, standby letters of credit usually expire without being drawn upon. At September 30, 2024, the outstanding standby letters of credit is recorded in other liabilities and was \$135 million and \$125 million at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

Each FHLBank monitors the creditworthiness of its members that have standby letters of credit. In addition, standby letters of credit are subject to the same collateralization and borrowing limits that apply to advances and are fully collateralized at the time of issuance.

**Standby Bond-Purchase Agreements.** Certain FHLBanks have entered into standby bond-purchase agreements with state housing authorities within their district whereby these FHLBanks agree to provide liquidity for a fee. If required, the affected FHLBanks will purchase and hold the state housing authority's bonds until the designated marketing agent can find a suitable investor or the state housing authority repurchases the bond according to a schedule established by the standby bond-purchase agreement. Each standby bond-purchase agreement dictates the specific terms that would require the affected FHLBank to purchase the bond and typically allows the FHLBank to terminate the agreement upon the occurrence of a default event of the issuer. At September 30, 2024, the outstanding standby bond-purchase commitments entered into by these FHLBanks expire no later than 2029, although some are renewable at the option of the affected FHLBank. At both September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the FHLBanks had standby bond-purchase commitments with 13 state housing authorities. During the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, the FHLBanks were not required to purchase any bonds under these agreements.

#### **Pledged Collateral**

Certain FHLBanks pledged securities, as collateral, related to derivatives. (See <u>Note 6 - Derivatives and Hedging</u> <u>Activities</u> for additional information about the FHLBanks' pledged collateral and other credit-risk-related contingent features.)

#### **Legal Proceedings**

The FHLBanks are subject to legal proceedings arising in the normal course of business. The FHLBanks would record an accrual for a loss contingency when it is probable that a loss has been incurred and the amount can be reasonably estimated. After consultation with legal counsel, management of each FHLBank does not anticipate that the ultimate liability, if any, arising out of these matters will have a material effect on its FHLBank's financial condition, results of operations, or cash flows.

## **Note 13 - Subsequent Events**

Subsequent events have been evaluated from October 1, 2024, through the time of this Combined Financial Report publication and no significant subsequent events were identified. Significant subsequent events do not include the declaration of dividends or repurchase or redemption of excess capital stock, which generally occur in the normal course of business unless there are regulatory or self-imposed restrictions.

(This page intentionally left blank)

# FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANKS CONDENSED COMBINING SCHEDULES STATEMENTS OF CONDITION (unaudited)

## **SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

(dollars in millions, except par value)	Combined	bining tments		Boston		New York	Pittsburgh		Atlanta	 Cincinnati
Assets										
Cash and due from banks	\$ 350	\$ 1	\$	50	\$	44	\$ 17	\$	34	\$ 23
Investments, net	429,310	(11)		26,138		45,659	30,884		47,882	39,750
Advances	756,465	(2)		42,007		106,435	79,265		86,536	80,179
Mortgage loans held for portfolio, net	67,428	(1)		3,544		2,308	4,747		93	7,188
Other assets, net	 10,079	 2		658		1,008	 1,051		1,248	 687
Total assets	\$ 1,263,632	\$ (11)	\$	72,397	\$	155,454	\$ 115,964	\$	135,793	\$ 127,827
Liabilities	 	 	_		-					 
Deposits	\$ 13,937	\$ (9)	\$	766	\$	2,115	\$ 705	\$	2,543	\$ 1,183
Consolidated obligations										
Discount notes	275,871	_		14,941		51,342	9,776		13,541	16,183
Bonds	889,903	(2)		52,339		92,468	98,529		110,873	102,445
Total consolidated obligations	1,165,774	(2)		67,280		143,810	108,305		124,414	118,628
Mandatorily redeemable capital stock	978	1		5		6	28		_	15
Other liabilities	10,216	_		539		1,108	965		976	1,379
Total liabilities	1,190,905	(10)		68,590		147,039	 110,003	-	127,933	 121,205
Capital										
Capital stock										
Class B putable (\$100 par value) issued and outstanding	42,667	1		2,161		6,014	3,932		5,159	4,879
Class A putable (\$100 par value) issued and outstanding	384	_		_		_	_		_	_
Total capital stock	 43,051	1		2,161		6,014	3,932		5,159	 4,879
Retained earnings										
Unrestricted	21,506	(1)		1,380		1,309	1,331		1,823	1,008
Restricted	8,453	(2)		493		1,178	703		885	785
Total retained earnings	 29,959	(3)		1,873		2,487	2,034		2,708	 1,793
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	(283)	1		(227)		(86)	(5)		(7)	(50)
Total capital	72,727	(1)		3,807		8,415	 5,961		7,860	 6,622
Total liabilities and capital	\$ 1,263,632	\$ (11)	\$	72,397	\$	155,454	\$ 115,964	\$	135,793	\$ 127,827

# FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANKS CONDENSED COMBINING SCHEDULES STATEMENTS OF CONDITION (unaudited, continued)

#### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

(dollars in millions, except par value)	Indianapolis			Chicago		Des Moines		Dallas	Topeka	San Francisco
Assets										
Cash and due from banks	\$	55	\$	23	\$	36	\$	30	\$ 28	\$ 9
Investments, net		31,555		52,664		49,649		47,351	25,202	32,587
Advances		38,600		59,336		98,923		71,358	44,355	49,473
Mortgage loans held for portfolio, net		9,955		13,033		11,398		5,574	8,882	707
Other assets, net		894		767		1,973		559	738	494
Total assets	\$	81,059	\$	125,823	\$	161,979	\$	124,872	\$ 79,205	\$ 83,270
Liabilities									 	 
Deposits	\$	747	\$	958	\$	1,042	\$	1,628	\$ 886	\$ 1,373
Consolidated obligations										
Discount notes		19,641		35,756		59,465		26,969	17,252	11,005
Bonds		55,348		79,751		91,067		87,879	56,461	62,745
Total consolidated obligations		74,989		115,507		150,532		114,848	 73,713	73,750
Mandatorily redeemable capital stock		363		83		9		_	3	465
Other liabilities		833		829		1,112		1,171	531	773
Total liabilities		76,932		117,377		152,695		117,647	75,133	76,361
Capital										
Capital stock										
Class B putable (\$100 par value) issued and outstanding		2,476		3,165		5,892		4,331	2,241	2,416
Class A putable (\$100 par value) issued and outstanding		_		_		_		_	384	_
Total capital stock		2,476		3,165		5,892		4,331	 2,625	 2,416
Retained earnings										
Unrestricted		1,215		4,220		2,385		2,127	1,078	3,631
Restricted		453		1,012		1,037		616	478	815
Total retained earnings		1,668		5,232		3,422		2,743	 1,556	 4,446
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)		(17)		49		(30)		151	(109)	47
Total capital		4,127		8,446		9,284		7,225	 4,072	 6,909
Total liabilities and capital	\$	81,059	\$	125,823	\$	161,979	\$	124,872	\$ 79,205	\$ 83,270

# FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANKS CONDENSED COMBINING SCHEDULES STATEMENTS OF CONDITION

#### DECEMBER 31, 2023

(dollars in millions, except par value)	Combined	mbining ustments	Boston	New York	Pittsburgh	Atlanta	Cincinnati
Assets							
Cash and due from banks	\$ 481	\$ _	\$ 53	\$ 48	\$ 12	\$ 142	\$ 21
Investments, net	407,902	(12)	21,168	46,267	28,004	54,207	42,641
Advances	809,571	(1)	41,959	108,890	78,432	96,608	73,553
Mortgage loans held for portfolio, net	61,335	(1)	3,059	2,180	4,698	103	7,109
Other assets, net	10,124	_	903	 948	1,002	 1,310	 672
Total assets	\$ 1,289,413	\$ (14)	\$ 67,142	\$ 158,333	\$ 112,148	\$ 152,370	\$ 123,996
Liabilities							
Deposits	\$ 13,150	\$ (11)	\$ 923	\$ 3,482	\$ 636	\$ 1,568	\$ 1,114
Consolidated obligations							
Discount notes	287,050	_	22,000	47,907	13,684	25,972	23,691
Bonds	904,636	(1)	40,249	 97,569	90,801	 115,600	 91,756
Total consolidated obligations	1,191,686	(1)	62,249	145,476	 104,485	141,572	 115,447
Mandatorily redeemable capital stock	1,230	1	6	7	28	_	17
Other liabilities	11,811	(1)	 426	 1,123	 1,320	 1,114	 991
Total liabilities	1,217,877	(12)	63,604	150,088	 106,469	144,254	117,569
Capital							
Capital stock							
Class B putable (\$100 par value) issued and outstanding	44,407	_	2,042	6,050	3,921	5,597	4,846
Class A putable (\$100 par value) issued and outstanding	279	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total capital stock	44,686	_	2,042	 6,050	3,921	 5,597	4,846
Retained earnings							
Unrestricted	20,348	(1)	1,339	1,277	1,216	1,743	964
Restricted	7,546	(1)	 451	 1,061	 615	 781	 694
Total retained earnings	27,894	(2)	1,790	 2,338	1,831	 2,524	1,658
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	(1,044	_	(294)	(143)	(73)	(5)	(77)
Total capital	71,536	(2)	3,538	8,245	5,679	8,116	6,427
Total liabilities and capital	\$ 1,289,413	\$ (14)	\$ 67,142	\$ 158,333	\$ 112,148	\$ 152,370	\$ 123,996

# FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANKS CONDENSED COMBINING SCHEDULES STATEMENTS OF CONDITION (continued)

#### DECEMBER 31, 2023

(dollars in millions, except par value)	Inc	dianapolis	Chicago		Des Moines			Dallas	Topeka		San Francisco
Assets											
Cash and due from banks	\$	59	\$	34	\$	31	\$	50	\$ 26	\$	5
Investments, net		31,544		40,843		49,828		42,631	20,487		30,294
Advances		35,562		65,306		122,530		79,952	45,445		61,335
Mortgage loans held for portfolio, net		8,614		11,410		9,967		5,089	8,353		754
Other assets, net		829		791		2,050		543	636		440
Total assets	\$	76,608	\$	118,384	\$	184,406	\$	128,265	\$ 74,947	\$	92,828
Liabilities					-		_		 	_	
Deposits	\$	629	\$	628	\$	1,039	\$	1,428	\$ 752	\$	962
Consolidated obligations											
Discount notes		22,622		28,109		54,537		8,598	20,743		19,187
Bonds		48,432		80,389		116,961		109,536	49,047		64,297
Total consolidated obligations		71,054		108,498		171,498		118,134	69,790		83,484
Mandatorily redeemable capital stock		369		83		12		1	_		706
Other liabilities		813		1,035		2,026		1,443	513		1,008
Total liabilities		72,865		110,244		174,575		121,006	71,055		86,160
Capital											
Capital stock											
Class B putable (\$100 par value) issued and outstanding		2,285		3,277		6,873		4,737	2,329		2,450
Class A putable (\$100 par value) issued and outstanding		_		_		_		_	279		_
Total capital stock		2,285		3,277		6,873		4,737	2,608		2,450
Retained earnings											
Unrestricted		1,134		4,061		2,242		1,908	990		3,475
Restricted		398		918		896		505	413		815
Total retained earnings		1,532		4,979		3,138		2,413	 1,403		4,290
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)		(74)		(116)		(180)		109	(119)		(72)
Total capital		3,743		8,140		9,831		7,259	 3,892		6,668
Total liabilities and capital	\$	76,608	\$	118,384	\$	184,406	\$	128,265	\$ 74,947	\$	92,828

# FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANKS CONDENSED COMBINING SCHEDULES STATEMENTS OF INCOME (unaudited)

## THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024 AND 2023

(dollars in millions)	Combined	Combining Adjustments	Boston	New York	Pittsburgh	Atlanta	Cincinnati
September 30, 2024							
Interest income							
Advances	\$ 11,008	\$ (3)	\$ 536	\$ 1,606	\$ 1,060	\$ 1,267	\$ 1,099
Investments	6,239	(2)	342	690	486	746	608
Mortgage loans held for portfolio	643	_	34	21	43	2	60
Other interest income	1	(1)	_	_	_	_	_
Total interest income	17,891	(6)	912	2,317	1,589	2,015	1,767
Interest expense							
Consolidated obligations - Discount notes	4,083	1	246	795	143	230	240
Consolidated obligations - Bonds	11,454	(3)	567	1,254	1,239	1,537	1,305
Other interest expense	199	(1)	9	30	10	27	14
Total interest expense	15,736	(3)	822	2,079	1,392	1,794	1,559
Net interest income	2,155	(3)	90	238	197	221	208
Provision (reversal) for credit losses	(5)	(2)			(1)		_
Net interest income after provision (reversal) for credit losses	2,160	(1)	90	238	198	221	208
Non-interest income (loss)	110	(7)	5	35	(4)	6	9
Non-interest expense	594	(11)	29	70	44	60	34
Affordable Housing Program assessments	170	1	6	20	15	17	19
Net income	\$ 1,506	\$ 2	\$ 60	\$ 183	\$ 135	\$ 150	\$ 164
		,					
September 30, 2023							
Interest income							
Advances	\$ 12,053	\$ 3	\$ 486	\$ 1,436	\$ 1,071	\$ 1,546	\$ 1,058
Investments	5,885	(5)	341	577	392	710	607
Mortgage loans held for portfolio	494	(1)	24	17	38	2	53
Other interest income		(2)	1				
Total interest income	18,432	(5)	852	2,030	1,501	2,258	1,718
Interest expense Consolidated obligations - Discount notes	4,159	1	258	539	221	323	446
Consolidated obligations - Bonds	11,760	(1)	478	1,209	1,080	1,667	1,034
Other interest expense	210	(2)	12	40	12	28	16
Total interest expense	16,129	(2)	748	1,788	1,313	2,018	1,496
Net interest income	2,303	(3)	104	242	188	240	222
Provision (reversal) for credit losses	8	(1)	_	_	2	_	_
Net interest income after provision (reversal) for credit losses	2,295	(2)	104	242	186	240	222
Non-interest income (loss)	65	(9)	2	12	14	(2)	
Non-interest expense	429	(8)	28	52	26	40	28
Affordable Housing Program assessments	196	(1)	8	20	18	20	19
Net income	\$ 1,735	\$ (2)		\$ 182			
	÷ <u>1,.35</u>	J <u>~ (2)</u>		- 152	- 150	- 170	

FHLBANKS COMBINED FINANCIAL REPORT | 2024 3Q

# FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANKS CONDENSED COMBINING SCHEDULES STATEMENTS OF INCOME (unaudited, continued)

## THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024 AND 2023

(dollars in millions)	Indianapolis	Chicago	Des Moines	Dallas	Topeka	San Francisco
September 30, 2024						
Interest income						
Advances	\$ 548	\$ 982	\$ 1,476	\$ 1,091	\$ 651	\$ 695
Investments	449	682	791	618	359	470
Mortgage loans held for portfolio	93	127	117	58	83	5
Other interest income	_	1	_	_	1	_
Total interest income	1,090	1,792	2,384	1,767	1,094	1,170
Interest expense						
Consolidated obligations - Discount notes	252	579	905	261	231	200
Consolidated obligations - Bonds	692	958	1,137	1,257	717	794
Other interest expense	17	15	15	22	11	30
Total interest expense	961	1,552	2,057	1,540	959	1,024
Net interest income	129	240	327	227	135	146
Provision (reversal) for credit losses		1	_	1		(4)
Net interest income after provision (reversal) for credit losses	129	239	327	226	135	150
Non-interest income (loss)	8	20	(14)	18	4	30
Non-interest expense	36	114	86	40	27	65
Affordable Housing Program						
assessments	10	15	23	20	11	13
Net income	\$ 91	\$ 130	\$ 204	\$ 184	\$ 101	\$ 102
September 30, 2023						
Interest income						
Advances	\$ 502	\$ 1,190	\$ 1,740	\$ 1,519	\$ 635	\$ 867
Investments	409	680	718	665	286	505
Mortgage loans held for portfolio	64	91	83	47	67	9
Other interest income	_	1	_	_	_	_
Total interest income	975	1,962	2,541	2,231	988	1,381
Interest expense			· · · · ·	<u>.</u>		. <u></u>
Consolidated obligations - Discount notes	233	609	671	355	285	218
Consolidated obligations - Bonds	599	1,062	1,517	1,573	579	963
Other interest expense	15	21	13	18	8	29
Total interest expense	847	1,692	2,201	1,946	872	1,210
Net interest income	128	270	340	285	116	171
Provision (reversal) for credit losses	_	_	_	_	_	7
Net interest income after provision (reversal) for credit losses	128	270	340	285	116	164
Non-interest income (loss)	_	11	3	20	12	7
Non-interest expense	26	78	48	30	26	55
Affordable Housing Program assessments	11	20	30	28	10	13
Net income	\$ 91	\$ 183	\$ 265	\$ 247	\$ 92	\$ 103

# FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANKS CONDENSED COMBINING SCHEDULES STATEMENTS OF INCOME (unaudited)

## NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024 AND 2023

(dollars in millions)	Combined	Combining Adjustments		Boston		New York		Pittsburgh		Atlanta		Cincinnati
September 30, 2024												
Interest income												
Advances	\$ 33,770	\$ (2	) \$	1,617	\$	4,805	\$	3,148	\$	4,242	\$	3,236
Investments	18,224	1		1,025		2,051		1,370		2,206		1,696
Mortgage loans held for portfolio	1,808	_		94		60		125		4		177
Other interest income	2	(2	)	_		_		_		_		_
Total interest income	53,804	(3	)	2,736		6,916		4,643		6,452	_	5,109
Interest expense											_	
Consolidated obligations - Discount notes	12,044	1		791		2,330		466		821		775
Consolidated obligations - Bonds	34,551	(2	)	1,609		3,738		3,559		4,838		3,681
Other interest expense	615	(2	)	28		98		29		77		43
Total interest expense	47,210	(3	)	2,428		6,166		4,054		5,736		4,499
Net interest income	6,594			308		750		589		716		610
Provision (reversal) for credit losses	(7)	(1	)	_		(1)		1		_		_
Net interest income after provision (reversal) for credit losses	6,601	1		308		751		588		716		610
Non-interest income (loss)	347	(26	)	11		88		21		17		21
Non-interest expense	1,553	(26	)	88		189		122		154		126
Affordable Housing Program assessments	548	_		23		65		49		58		51
Net income	\$ 4,847	\$ 1	\$	208	\$	585	\$	438	\$	521	\$	454
September 30, 2023		7										
Interest income												
Advances	\$ 36,500	\$ 2	\$	1,588	\$	4,494	\$	3,121	\$	5,091	\$	3,396
Investments	16,543	(5		936	+	1,719	+	1,066	+	1,976	Ŧ	1,659
Mortgage loans held for portfolio	1,388	(2		67		51		109		5		158
Other interest income	1	(6		1		_		_		_		1
Total interest income	54,432	(11		2,592		6,264		4,296		7,072		5,214
Interest expense											-	
Consolidated obligations - Discount notes	15,144	(3	)	920		1,871		944		1,362		1,762
Consolidated obligations - Bonds	32,109	(2	)	1,350		3,559		2,779		4,986		2,762
Other interest expense	519		)	26		87		27		76		41
Total interest expense	47,772	(12	)	2,296		5,517		3,750		6,424		4,565
Net interest income	6,660	1		296		747		546		648		649
Provision (reversal) for credit				_		2		4		_		_
losses	16											
osses Net interest income after provision (reversal) for credit losses	16 6,644			296		745		542		648		649
Net interest income after provision (reversal) for credit		1 (24		<b>296</b> 10		<b>745</b> 71		<b>542</b> 44		<b>648</b> 2		<b>649</b> 21
Net interest income after provision (reversal) for credit losses	6,644	(24	)									
Net interest income after provision (reversal) for credit losses Non-interest income (loss)	<b>6,644</b> 273		)	10		71		44		2		21

FHLBANKS COMBINED FINANCIAL REPORT | 2024 3Q

# FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANKS CONDENSED COMBINING SCHEDULES STATEMENTS OF INCOME (unaudited, continued)

## NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024 AND 2023

(dollars in millions)	Indianapolis	Chicago	Des Moines	Dallas	Topeka	San Francisco
September 30, 2024						
Interest income						
Advances	\$ 1,571	\$ 2,998	\$ 4,708	\$ 3,385	\$ 1,877	\$ 2,185
Investments	1,314	1,975	2,384	1,791	1,029	1,382
Mortgage loans held for portfolio	255	349	326	166	236	16
Other interest income	_	3	_	_	1	_
Total interest income	3,140	5,325	7,418	5,342	3,143	3,583
Interest expense						
Consolidated obligations - Discount notes	751	1,611	2,630	565	692	611
Consolidated obligations - Bonds	1,957	2,945	3,749	4,037	2,010	2,430
Other interest expense	49	46	44	61	32	110
Total interest expense	2,757	4,602	6,423	4,663	2,734	3,151
Net interest income	383	723	995	679	409	432
Provision (reversal) for credit losses	_	2	(2)	_	(1)	(5)
Net interest income after provision (reversal) for credit losses	383	721	997	679	410	437
Non-interest income (loss)	25	61	(19)	43	27	78
Non-interest expense	101	259	191	109	78	162
Affordable Housing Program						
assessments	32	53	79	61	36	41
Net income	\$ 275	\$ 470	\$ 708	\$ 552	\$ 323	\$ 312
September 30, 2023						
Interest income						
Advances	\$ 1,428	\$ 3,278	\$ 4,742	\$ 4,391	\$ 1,785	\$ 3,184
Investments	1,134	1,873	2,022	1,805	806	1,552
Mortgage loans held for portfolio	181	253	226	128	191	21
Other interest income	_	3	1	_	1	_
Total interest income	2,743	5,407	6,991	6,324	2,783	4,757
Interest expense						
Consolidated obligations - Discount notes	759	1,898	2,133	1,611	837	1,050
Consolidated obligations - Bonds	1,589	2,742	3,864	3,891	1,581	3,008
Other interest expense	40	55	35	53	24	62
Total interest expense	2,388	4,695	6,032	5,555	2,442	4,120
Net interest income	355	712	959	769	341	637
Provision (reversal) for credit losses	_	_	1	2	_	7
Net interest income after provision (reversal) for credit losses	355	712	958	767	341	630
Non-interest income (loss)	39	41	(29)	71	42	(15)
Non-interest expense	88	204	144	102	69	148
Affordable Housing Program assessments	32	56	79	74	31	48
Net income	\$ 274	\$ 493	\$ 706	\$ 662	\$ 283	\$ 419

# FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANKS CONDENSED COMBINING SCHEDULES STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (unaudited)

## THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024 AND 2023

(dollars in millions)	Co	mbined	Combini Adjustme		Boston	New York	Pitts	burgh	Atlanta	Cincinnati
September 30, 2024										
Net income	\$	1,506	\$	2	\$ 60	\$ 183	\$	135	\$ 150	\$ 164
Other comprehensive income										
Net unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities		(56)		_	61	61		30	(7)	(25)
Net unrealized gains (losses) relating to hedging activities		(133)		_	(20)	(44)		_	_	_
Pension and postretirement benefits		(1)		1	 _	 _		1	_	 _
Total other comprehensive income (loss)		(190)		1	41	17		31	(7)	(25)
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$	1,316	\$	3	\$ 101	\$ 200	\$	166	\$ 143	\$ 139
September 30, 2023										
Net income	\$	1,735	\$	(2)	\$ 70	\$ 182	\$	156	\$ 178	\$ 170
Other comprehensive income										
Net unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities		(533)		_	(59)	(79)		(65)	2	(16)
Net non-credit portion of other-than-temporary impairment gains (losses) on held-to-maturity securities		_		_	_	_		_	_	_
Net unrealized gains (losses) relating to hedging activities		58		1	24	16		_	_	_
Pension and postretirement benefits		(2)		(2)	_	 _		_	_	_
Total other comprehensive income (loss)		(477)		(1)	(35)	(63)		(65)	2	(16)
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$	1,258	\$	(3)	\$ 35	\$ 119	\$	91	\$ 180	\$ 154

# FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANKS CONDENSED COMBINING SCHEDULES STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (unaudited, continued)

## THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024 AND 2023

(dollars in millions)	h	ndianapolis	Chicago	Des Moines	Dallas	Topeka		San Francisco
September 30, 2024							_	
Net income	\$	91	\$ 130	\$ 204	\$ 184	\$ 101	\$	102
Other comprehensive income								
Net unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities		(34)	(36)	(49)	(54)	5		(8)
Net unrealized gains (losses) relating to hedging activities		_	(38)	_	(31)	_		_
Pension and postretirement benefits		_	(2)	_	_	_		(1)
Total other comprehensive income (loss)		(34)	(76)	(49)	 (85)	5		(9)
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$	57	\$ 54	\$ 155	\$ 99	\$ 106	\$	93
September 30, 2023								
Net income	\$	91	\$ 183	\$ 265	\$ 247	\$ 92	\$	103
Other comprehensive income								
Net unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities		(17)	(64)	(100)	(55)	(45)		(35)
Net non-credit portion of other-than-temporary impairment gains (losses) on held-to-maturity securities		_	_	_	_	_		_
Net unrealized gains (losses) relating to hedging activities		_	5	_	12	_		_
Pension and postretirement benefits		_	_	 1	 _	_		(1)
Total other comprehensive income (loss)		(17)	(59)	 (99)	 (43)	 (45)		(36)
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$	74	\$ 124	\$ 166	\$ 204	\$ 47	\$	67

# FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANKS CONDENSED COMBINING SCHEDULES STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (unaudited)

#### NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024 AND 2023

-

(dollars in millions)	Con	nbined	Combining Adjustments		Boston	New York	Pittsburgh	Atlanta	Cincinnati
September 30, 2024									
Net income	\$	4,847	\$	1	\$ 208	\$ 585	\$ 438	\$ 521	\$ 454
Other comprehensive income									
Net unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities		850		_	63	86	69	(2)	27
Net unrealized gains (losses) relating to hedging activities		(83)		(1)	4	(29)	_	_	_
Pension and postretirement benefits		(6)		2	_	 _	 (1)	 _	 _
Total other comprehensive income (loss)		761		1	67	57	68	 (2)	27
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$	5,608	\$	2	\$ 275	\$ 642	\$ 506	\$ 519	\$ 481
	-								
September 30, 2023									
Net income	\$	5,084	\$	-	\$ 206	\$ 596	\$ 455	\$ 475	\$ 515
Other comprehensive income									
Net unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities		(368)		_	(49)	(73)	(49)	34	_
Net non-credit portion of other-than-temporary impairment gains (losses) on held-to-maturity securities		3		_	_	_	_	_	_
Net unrealized gains (losses) relating to hedging activities		63		2	28	20	_	_	_
Pension and postretirement benefits		21		(2)	 _	 _	 	 _	_
Total other comprehensive income (loss)		(281)		_	(21)	(53)	(49)	 34	_
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$	4,803	\$		\$ 185	\$ 543	\$ 406	\$ 509	\$ 515

# FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANKS CONDENSED COMBINING SCHEDULES STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (unaudited, continued)

## NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024 AND 2023

(dollars in millions)	 ndianapolis	Chicago	Des Moines	Dallas	Topeka	San Francisco
September 30, 2024						
Net income	\$ 275	\$ 470	\$ 708	\$ 552	\$ 323	\$ 312
Other comprehensive income						
Net unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities	59	205	150	63	10	120
Net unrealized gains (losses) relating to hedging activities	_	(36)	_	(21)	_	_
Pension and postretirement benefits	(2)	(4)	_	_	_	(1)
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	57	165	150	42	10	119
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 332	\$ 635	\$ 858	\$ 594	\$ 333	\$ 431
September 30, 2023						
Net income	\$ 274	\$ 493	\$ 706	\$ 662	\$ 283	\$ 419
Other comprehensive income						
Net unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities	(3)	(44)	(90)	(24)	(45)	(25)
Net non-credit portion of other-than-temporary impairment gains (losses) on held-to-maturity securities	_	_	_	3	_	_
Net unrealized gains (losses) relating to hedging activities	_	(1)	_	14	_	_
Pension and postretirement benefits	 2	21	1	_	_	 (1)
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	(1)	(24)	(89)	(7)	(45)	(26)
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 273	\$ 469	\$ 617	\$ 655	\$ 238	\$ 393

# FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANKS CONDENSED COMBINING SCHEDULES STATEMENTS OF CAPITAL (unaudited)

## THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024 AND 2023

e

(dollars in millions)	Combined	Combining Adjustments	Boston	New York	Pittsburgh	Atlanta	Cincinnati
Balance, June 30, 2024	\$ 73,296	\$ -	\$ 3,682	\$ 8,750	\$ 5,611	\$ 8,217	\$ 6,499
Comprehensive income (loss)	1,316	3	101	200	166	143	139
Proceeds from issuance of capital stock	10,394	1	824	997	1,449	1,887	863
Repurchases/redemptions of capital stock	(11,407)	(3)	(757)	(1,385)	(1,187)	(2,275)	(774)
Net stock reclassified (to)/from mandatorily redeemable capital stock	(74)	1	_	_	_	_	(1)
Dividends of capital stock	129	1	-	-	-	-	_
Dividends							
Cash	(798)	(3)	(43)	(147)	(78)	(112)	(104)
Stock	(129)	(1)	 	 			 _
Balance, September 30, 2024	\$ 72,727	\$ (1)	\$ 3,807	\$ 8,415	\$ 5,961	\$ 7,860	\$ 6,622
		5					
Balance, June 30, 2023	\$ 73,440	\$2	\$ 3,470	\$ 8,518	\$ 5,640	\$ 7,945	\$ 7,397
Comprehensive income (loss)	1,258	(3)	35	119	91	180	154
Proceeds from issuance of capital stock	11,726	4	1,366	1,173	958	2,718	539
Repurchases/redemptions of capital stock	(13,757)	(3)	(1,363)	(1,735)	(1,097)	(2,097)	(1,592)
Net stock reclassified (to)/from mandatorily redeemable capital stock	(475)	1	(2)	(50)	(5)	_	(261)
Dividends of capital stock	155	1	_	_	_	_	_
Dividends							
Cash	(815)	(3)	(47)	(143)	(81)	(127)	(133)
Stock	(155)	(1)	 _	_	_	 _	 _
Balance, September 30, 2023	\$ 71,377	\$ (2)	\$ 3,459	\$ 7,882	\$ 5,506	\$ 8,619	\$ 6,104

# FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANKS CONDENSED COMBINING SCHEDULES STATEMENTS OF CAPITAL (unaudited, continued)

## THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024 AND 2023

(dollars in millions)	Inc	lianapolis	Chicago	Des Moines	Dallas	Topeka	San Francisco
Balance, June 30, 2024	\$	3,987	\$ 8,504	\$ 9,563	\$ 7,447	\$ 4,135	\$ 6,901
Comprehensive income (loss)		57	54	155	99	106	93
Proceeds from issuance of capital stock		130	518	2,130	795	469	331
Repurchases/redemptions of capital stock		_	(559)	(2,423)	(1,116)	(564)	(364)
Net stock reclassified (to)/from mandatorily redeemable capital stock		_	_	_	_	(74)	_
Dividends of capital stock		_	-	_	70	58	_
Dividends							
Cash		(47)	(71)	(141)	-	—	(52)
Stock			 	 	 (70)	 (58)	 —
Balance, September 30, 2024	\$	4,127	\$ 8,446	\$ 9,284	\$ 7,225	\$ 4,072	\$ 6,909
Balance, June 30, 2023	\$	3,784	\$ 8,254	\$ 9,196	\$ 8,575	\$ 3,896	\$ 6,763
Comprehensive income (loss)		74	124	166	204	47	67
Proceeds from issuance of capital stock		46	998	2,362	469	847	246
Repurchases/redemptions of capital stock		(200)	(987)	(1,999)	(1,579)	(745)	(360)
Net stock reclassified (to)/from mandatorily redeemable capital stock		_	(3)	(1)	_	(153)	(1)
Dividends of capital stock		_	_	_	98	56	_
Dividends							
Cash		(34)	(70)	(114)	_	_	(63)
Stock		_	_	-	(98)	(56)	_
Balance, September 30, 2023	\$	3,670	\$ 8,316	\$ 9,610	\$ 7,669	\$ 3,892	\$ 6,652

# FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANKS CONDENSED COMBINING SCHEDULES STATEMENTS OF CAPITAL (unaudited)

## NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024 AND 2023

.

(dollars in millions)	Combined	Combining Adjustments	Boston	New York	Pittsburgh	Atlanta	Cincinnati
Balance, December 31, 2023	\$ 71,536	\$ (2)	\$ 3,538	\$ 8,245	\$ 5,679	\$ 8,116	\$ 6,427
Comprehensive income (loss)	5,608	2	275	642	506	519	481
Proceeds from issuance of capital stock	31,401	1	2,227	3,697	3,179	6,454	1,947
Repurchases/redemptions of capital stock	(33,072)	(1)	(2,108)	(3,733)	(3,162)	(6,892)	(1,906)
Net stock reclassified (to)/from mandatorily redeemable capital stock	(356)	1	_	_	(6)	_	(8)
Dividends of capital stock	392	-	_	_	-	_	—
Dividends							
Cash	(2,390)	(2)	(125)	(436)	(235)	(337)	(319)
Stock	(392)		 	 	_	 	_
Balance, September 30, 2024	\$ 72,727	\$ (1)	\$ 3,807	\$ 8,415	\$ 5,961	\$ 7,860	\$ 6,622
Balance, December 31, 2022	\$ 67,807	\$ (2)	\$ 3,415	\$ 8,347	\$ 4,897	\$ 7,646	\$ 6,502
Comprehensive income (loss)	4,803	-	185	543	406	509	515
Proceeds from issuance of capital stock	53,283	2	4,129	7,804	4,314	10,398	4,169
Repurchases/redemptions of capital stock	(49,891)	(2)	(4,151)	(8,387)	(3,888)	(9,628)	(4,211)
Net stock reclassified (to)/from mandatorily redeemable capital stock	(2,551)	_	(2)	(54)	(13)	(2)	(574)
Dividends of capital stock	372	1	_	_	_	_	_
Dividends							
Cash	(2,074)	-	(117)	(371)	(210)	(304)	(297)
Stock	(372)	(1)	_	_		 _	_
Balance, September 30, 2023	\$ 71,377	\$ (2)	\$ 3,459	\$ 7,882	\$ 5,506	\$ 8,619	\$ 6,104

# FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANKS CONDENSED COMBINING SCHEDULES STATEMENTS OF CAPITAL (unaudited, continued)

## NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024 AND 2023

(dollars in millions)		Indianapolis		Chicago		Des Moines		Dallas		Topeka		San Francisco
Balance, December 31, 2023	\$	3,743	\$	8,140	\$	9,831	\$	7,259	\$	3,892	\$	6,668
Comprehensive income (loss)		332		635		858		594		333		431
Proceeds from issuance of capital stock		272		1,838		6,595		2,376		1,495		1,320
Repurchases/redemptions of capital stock		(81)		(1,950)		(7,576)		(3,003)		(1,342)		(1,318)
Net stock reclassified (to)/from mandatorily redeemable capital stock		_		_		_		(1)		(306)		(36)
Dividends of capital stock		-		—		—		222		170		—
Dividends												
Cash		(139)		(217)		(424)		_		_		(156)
Stock		_						(222)		(170)		—
Balance, September 30, 2024	\$	4,127	\$	8,446	\$	9,284	\$	7,225	\$	4,072	\$	6,909
Balance, December 31, 2022	\$	3,384	\$	7,465	\$	8,751	\$	6,001	\$	3,678	\$	7,723
Comprehensive income (loss)		273		469		617		655		238		393
Proceeds from issuance of capital stock		304		3,249		8,705		4,931		2,510		2,768
Repurchases/redemptions of capital stock		(200)		(2,690)		(8,143)		(3,916)		(1,886)		(2,789)
Net stock reclassified (to)/from mandatorily redeemable capital stock		_		(4)		(1)		(2)		(647)		(1,252)
Dividends of capital stock		_		(+)		(1)		207		(047)		(1,252)
Dividends								207		104		
Cash		(91)		(173)		(319)		_		(1)		(191)
Stock		(51)		(173)		(515)		(207)		(1)		(151)
Balance, September 30, 2023	\$	3,670	\$	8,316	\$	9,610	\$	7,669	\$	3,892	\$	6,652
balance, september 30, 2023	Ļ	3,070	Ŷ	0,510	Ļ	5,010	<u>,</u>	7,009	<u> </u>	3,032	Ļ	0,032

# FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANKS CONDENSED COMBINING SCHEDULES STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (unaudited)

## NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

(dollars in millions)	Combined	Combining Adjustments	Boston	New York	Pittsburgh	Atlanta	Cincinnati
Operating activities							
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 122	\$ 3	\$ (44)	\$ 435	\$ 105	\$ 14	\$ (32)
Investing activities							
Net change/net proceeds and payments in							
Investments	(15,602)	1	(4,008)	1,290	(2,729)	7,063	3,385
Advances	57,171	2	79	3,105	(650)	10,432	(6,308)
Mortgage loans held for portfolio	(6,160)	_	(488)	(130)	(56)	10	(93)
Other investing activities	(70)	(2)	(1)	(8)	(15)	(6)	(5)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	35,339	1	(4,418)	4,257	(3,450)	17,499	(3,021)
Financing activities							
Net change in deposits and pass-through reserves, and other financing activities	711	(2)	(157)	(1,336)	69	972	(3)
Net proceeds (payments) on derivative contracts with financing element	52	(1)	(2)	_	_	_	_
Net proceeds from issuance of consolidated obligations							
Discount notes	4,483,515	1	73,404	842,310	375,935	111,137	81,662
Bonds	702,721	(2)	28,279	63,900	93,726	119,075	92,231
Consolidated obligation discount notes transferred from other FHLBanks	_	(1,230)	614	_	_	6	_
Consolidated obligation bonds transferred from other FHLBanks	_	(5,805)	5,805	_	_	_	_
Payments for maturing and retiring consolidated obligations							
Discount notes	(4,495,348)	1	(80,481)	(839,338)	(379,805)	(123,440)	(89,113)
Bonds	(722,574)	1	(22,383)	(63,954)	(86,347)	(124,594)	(81,433)
Consolidated obligation discount notes transferred to other FHLBanks	_	1,230	(613)	_	(4)	(2)	(1)
Consolidated obligation bonds transferred to other FHLBanks	_	5,805	_	(5,805)	_	_	_
Proceeds from issuance of capital stock	31,401	1	2,227	3,697	3,179	6,454	1,947
Payments for repurchases/ redemptions of capital stock	(33,072)	(1)	(2,108)	(3,733)	(3,162)	(6,892)	(1,906)
Payments for repurchases/ redemptions of mandatorily redeemable capital stock	(608)	1	(1)	(1)	(6)	_	(10)
Cash dividends paid	(2,390)	(2)	(125)	(436)	(235)	(337)	(319)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(35,592)	(3)	4,459	(4,696)	3,350	(17,621)	3,055
Net increase (decrease) in cash and due from banks	(131)	1	(3)	(4)	5	(108)	2
Cash and due from banks at beginning of the period	481		53	48	12	142	21
Cash and due from banks at end of the period	\$ 350	\$ 1	\$ 50	\$ 44	\$ 17	\$ 34	\$ 23

# FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANKS CONDENSED COMBINING SCHEDULES STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (unaudited, continued)

#### NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

(dollars in millions)	Indianapolis	Chicago	Des Moines	Dallas	Topeka	San Francisco
Operating activities						
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ (134)	\$ 352	\$ (133)	\$ 115	\$ (147)	\$ (412)
Investing activities						
Net change/net proceeds and payments in						
Investments	663	(11,213)	246	(4,097)	(4,376)	(1,827)
Advances	(2,660)	6,368	24,286	8,920	1,304	12,293
Mortgage loans held for portfolio	(1,343)	(1,641)	(1,436)	(490)	(537)	44
Other investing activities	(10)	(12)	(5)	(4)	(2)	
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(3,350)	(6,498)	23,091	4,329	(3,611)	10,510
Financing activities						
Net change in deposits and pass-through reserves, and other financing activities	96	330	28	208	131	375
Net proceeds (payments) on derivative contracts with financing element	8	1	1	10	19	16
Net proceeds from issuance of consolidated obligations						
Discount notes	613,972	432,571	1,352,170	85,188	462,454	52,711
Bonds	28,017	40,694	35,456	99,430	53,383	48,532
Consolidated obligation discount notes transferred from other FHLBanks	_	_	_	_	610	_
Consolidated obligation bonds transferred from other FHLBanks	_	_	_	_	_	_
Payments for maturing and retiring consolidated obligations						
Discount notes	(616,948)	(424,867)	(1,347,732)	(66,876)	(465,909)	(60,840)
Bonds	(21,711)	(42,265)	(61,468)	(121,795)	(46,168)	(50,457)
Consolidated obligation discount notes transferred to other FHLBanks	_	_	_	_	(610)	_
Consolidated obligation bonds transferred to other FHLBanks	_	_	_	_	_	_
Proceeds from issuance of capital stock	272	1,838	6,595	2,376	1,495	1,320
Payments for repurchases/ redemptions of capital stock	(81)	(1,950)	(7,576)	(3,003)	(1,342)	(1,318)
Payments for repurchases/ redemptions of mandatorily redeemable capital stock	(6)	_	(3)	(2)	(303)	(277)
Cash dividends paid	(139)	(217)	(424)			(156)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	3,480	6,135	(22,953)	(4,464)	3,760	(10,094)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and due from banks	(4)	(11)	5	(20)	2	4
Cash and due from banks at beginning of the period	59	34	31	50	26	5
Cash and due from banks at end of the period	\$ 55	\$ 23	\$ 36	\$ 30	\$ 28	\$ 9

# FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANKS CONDENSED COMBINING SCHEDULES STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (unaudited)

# NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

(dollars in millions)	Combined	Combining Adjustments	Boston	New York	Pittsburgh	Atlanta	Cincinnati
Operating activities							
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 12,335	\$ (2)	\$ 481	\$ 1,174	\$ 752	\$ 640	\$ 1,151
Investing activities							
Net change/net proceeds and payments in							
Loans to FHLBanks	-	300	_	_	_	_	_
Investments	(49,023)	(105)	(826)	(682)	(2,853)	(12,481)	(7,275)
Advances	(10,462)	-	1,415	13,707	(7,468)	1,230	(2,998)
Mortgage loans held for portfolio	(3,831)	-	(186)	(64)	(80)	13	71
Other investing activities	(58)	1	(8)	(7)	(2)	(6)	(5)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(63,374)	196	395	12,954	(10,403)	(11,244)	(10,207)
Financing activities							
Net change in deposits and pass-through reserves, and other financing activities	3,567	(1)	507	1,694	326	291	423
Net change in loans from FHLBanks	_	(300)	_	_	_	_	_
Net proceeds (payments) on derivative contracts with financing element	135	_	36	(2)	_	_	_
Net proceeds from issuance of consolidated obligations							
Discount notes	4,461,405	(2)	109,089	206,274	473,218	207,168	145,979
Bonds	847,639	-	25,246	89,931	76,646	154,363	106,197
Consolidated obligation discount notes transferred from other FHLBanks	_	(11,157)	_	5,943	_	_	_
Consolidated obligation bonds transferred from other FHLBanks	_	(1,250)	_	_	_	_	250
Payments for maturing and retiring consolidated obligations							
Discount notes	(4,623,084)	2	(115,784)	(237,692)	(494,402)	(201,321)	(162,510)
Bonds	(637,799)	106	(19,514)	(79,250)	(46,333)	(139,051)	(80,371)
Consolidated obligation discount notes transferred to other FHLBanks	_	11,158	_	_	_	(11,158)	_
Consolidated obligation bonds transferred to other FHLBanks	-	1,250	-	_	-	(250)	-
Proceeds from issuance of capital stock	53,283	2	4,129	7,804	4,314	10,398	4,169
Payments for repurchases/ redemptions of capital stock	(49,891)	(2)	(4,151)	(8,387)	(3,888)	(9,628)	(4,211)
Payments for repurchases/ redemptions of mandatorily redeemable capital stock	(1,857)	1	(6)	(52)	(13)	(2)	(572)
Cash dividends paid	(2,074)		(117)	(371)	(210)	(304)	(297)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	51,324	(193)	(565)	(14,108)	9,658	10,506	9,057
Net increase (decrease) in cash and due from banks	285	1	311	20	7	(98)	1
Cash and due from banks at beginning of the period	417		8	27	13	141	20
Cash and due from banks at end of the period	\$ 702	<u>\$ 1</u>	\$ 319	\$ 47	\$ 20	\$ 43	\$ 21

FHLBANKS COMBINED FINANCIAL REPORT | 2024 3Q

# FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANKS CONDENSED COMBINING SCHEDULES STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (unaudited, continued)

#### NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

(dollars in millions)	Indianapolis	Chicago	Des Moines	Dallas	Topeka	San Francisco
Operating activities						
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 741	\$ 1,975	\$ 2,190	\$ 1,432	\$ 657	\$ 1,144
Investing activities						
Net change/net proceeds and payments in						
Loans to FHLBanks	-	-	(300)	_	-	-
Investments	146	(768)	(13,925)	(9,856)	(741)	343
Advances	1,663	(8,881)	(11,509)	(22,991)	(190)	25,560
Mortgage loans held for portfolio	(585)	(922)	(1,213)	(595)	(314)	44
Other investing activities	(3)	(9)	(10)	(4)	(3)	(2)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	1,221	(10,580)	(26,957)	(33,446)	(1,248)	25,945
Financing activities		(10)0007	(20)3377	(00)++0)	(1)2407	20,545
Net change in deposits and						
pass-through reserves, and other financing activities	13	119	162	125	32	(124)
Net change in loans from FHLBanks	_	_	_	_	_	300
Net proceeds (payments) on derivative contracts with financing element	7	_	_	63	17	14
Net proceeds from issuance of consolidated obligations						
Discount notes	585,952	607,418	1,328,205	375,539	316,687	105,878
Bonds	18,411	40,556	106,001	117,110	39,928	73,250
Consolidated obligation discount notes transferred from other FHLBanks	948	4,266	_	_	_	_
Consolidated obligation bonds transferred from other FHLBanks	_	_	_	1,000	_	_
Payments for maturing and retiring consolidated obligations						
Discount notes	(596,814)	(629,156)	(1,333,297)	(400,979)	(323,661)	(127,470)
Bonds	(10,452)	(14,914)	(76,548)	(61,842)	(31,387)	(78,243)
Consolidated obligation discount notes transferred from other FHLBanks	_	_	_	_	_	_
Consolidated obligation bonds transferred to other FHLBanks	_	_	_	_	(1,000)	_
Proceeds from issuance of capital stock	304	3,249	8,705	4,931	2,510	2,768
Payments for repurchases/ redemptions of capital stock	(200)	(2,690)	(8,143)	(3,916)	(1,886)	(2,789)
Payments for repurchases/ redemptions of mandatorily redeemable capital stock	(5)	(67)	(4)	(9)	(647)	(481)
Cash dividends paid	(91)	(173)	(319)	_	(1)	(191)
Net cash provided by (used	(4.00-)					(27.000)
in) financing activities Net increase (decrease) in	(1,927)	8,608	24,762	32,022	592	(27,088)
cash and due from banks Cash and due from banks at beginning of the period	35 21	3	(5) 89	8 28	26	1
Cash and due from banks at	21		89	28	20	9
end of the period	\$ 56	\$ 38	\$ 84	\$ 36	\$ 27	\$ 10

(This page intentionally left blank)

F-70

# **SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA**

			2024			20	)23	
(dollars in millions)	Se	ptember 30,	 June 30,	 March 31,	C	ecember 31,	s	eptember 30,
Selected Statement of Condition Data at								
Investments <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	429,310	\$ 420,374	\$ 418,512	\$	407,902	\$	412,306
Advances		756,465	780,757	762,908		809,571		826,945
Mortgage loans held for portfolio		67,428	65,046	62,661		61,335		59,783
Total assets		1,263,632	1,276,922	1,254,036		1,289,413		1,309,489
Deposits		13,937	12,827	12,835		13,150		13,256
Consolidated obligations								
Discount notes		275,871	316,228	283,639		287,050		304,971
Bonds		889,903	862,326	873,993		904,636		906,531
Total consolidated obligations		1,165,774	 1,178,554	1,157,632		1,191,686		1,211,502
Mandatorily redeemable capital stock		978	1,079	1,185		1,230		1,402
Capital								
Total capital stock <sup>(2)</sup>		43,051	44,009	43,169		44,686		45,219
Retained earnings		29,959	29,380	28,720		27,894		27,192
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)		(283)	(93)	(76)		(1,044)		(1,034)
Total capital		72,727	73,296	71,813		71,536		71,377
Selected Statement of Income Data for the quarter ended								
Net interest income	\$	2,155	\$ 2,182	\$ 2,257	\$	2,259	\$	2,303
Provision (reversal) for credit losses		(5)	3	(5)		(3)		8
Net interest income after provision (reversal) for credit losses		2,160	2,179	2,262		2,262		2,295
Non-interest income (loss)		110	82	155		57		65
Non-interest expense		594	502	457		530		429
Affordable Housing Program assessments		170	 179	 199		182		196
Net income	\$	1,506	\$ 1,580	\$ 1,761	\$	1,607	\$	1,735
Selected Other Data for the quarter ended								
Cash and stock dividends	\$	927	\$ 920	\$ 935	\$	905	\$	970
Dividend payout ratio <sup>(3)</sup>		61.55 %	58.23 %	53.09 %		56.32 %		55.91 %
Return on average equity (annualized) <sup>(4)(5)</sup>		8.19 %	8.67 %	9.83 %		8.87 %		9.62 %
Return on average assets (annualized)		0.46 %	0.49 %	0.54 %		0.48 %		0.51 %
Average equity to average assets <sup>(5)</sup>		5.62 %	5.64 %	5.49 %		5.39 %		5.29 %
Net interest margin (annualized) <sup>(6)</sup>		0.67 %	0.68 %	0.70 %		0.68 %		0.68 %
Selected Other Data at period end								
Regulatory capital-to-assets ratio <sup>(7)</sup>		5.86 %	5.83 %	5.83 %		5.72 %		5.64 %

(1) Investments consist of interest-bearing deposits, securities purchased under agreements to resell, federal funds sold, trading securities, available-for-sale securities (AFS), and held-to-maturity securities (HTM).

(2) FHLBank capital stock is redeemable at the request of a member subject to the statutory redemption periods and other conditions and limitations. (See <u>Note 9 - Capital</u> to the accompanying combined financial statements for additional information on the statutory redemption periods and other conditions and limitations.)

(3) Dividend payout ratio is equal to dividends declared in the period expressed as a percentage of net income in the period. This ratio may not be as relevant to the combined balances because there are no shareholders at the FHLBank System-wide level.

(4) Return on average equity is equal to net income expressed as a percentage of average total capital.

(5) Mandatorily redeemable capital stock is not included in the calculations of return on average equity or average equity to average assets.

(6) Net interest margin is equal to net interest income represented as a percentage of average interest-earning assets.

(7) The regulatory capital-to-assets ratio is calculated based on the FHLBanks' combined regulatory capital as a percentage of total assets. (See <u>Note 9 - Capital</u> to the accompanying combined financial statements for a definition and discussion of regulatory capital.)

# FINANCIAL DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF COMBINED FINANCIAL CONDITION AND COMBINED RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Investors should read this financial discussion and analysis of combined financial condition and combined results of operations together with the combined financial statements and the accompanying notes in this Combined Financial Report of the Federal Home Loan Banks (FHLBanks). Each FHLBank discusses its financial condition and results of operations in its periodic reports filed with the SEC. The results of operations for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the year ending December 31, 2024, or for any future period. The unaudited combined financial statements, included in this Combined Financial Report, should be read in conjunction with the audited combined financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023, included in the Federal Home Loan Banks Combined Financial Report for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Each FHLBank's Annual Report on SEC Form 10-K and Quarterly Reports on SEC Form 10-Q contain, as required by applicable SEC rules, a "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," commonly called MD&A. The SEC notes that one of the principal objectives of MD&A is "to provide a narrative explanation of a company's financial statements that enables investors to see the company through the eyes of management." Because there is no centralized management of the FHLBanks that can provide a system-wide "eyes of management" view of the FHLBanks as a whole, this Combined Financial Report does not contain a conventional MD&A. Instead, a "Financial Discussion and Analysis of Combined Financial Condition and Combined Results of Operations" is prepared by the Office of Finance using information provided by each FHLBank. This Financial Discussion and Analysis does not generally include a separate discussion of how each FHLBank's operations affect the combined financial condition and combined results of operations. That level of information about each FHLBank is addressed in each respective FHLBank's periodic reports filed with the SEC. (See *Explanatory Statement about Federal Home Loan Banks Combined Financial Report* and *Supplemental Information - Individual Federal Home Loan Bank Selected Financial Data and Financial Ratios*.)

The combined financial statements include the financial results of the FHLBanks. (See <u>Condensed Combining</u> <u>Schedules</u> to the accompanying combined financial statements for information regarding each FHLBank's results.) Transactions between the FHLBanks have been eliminated in accordance with combination accounting principles similar to consolidation under GAAP.

Unless otherwise stated, dollar amounts disclosed in this Combined Financial Report represent values rounded to the nearest million. Dollar amounts rounding to less than one million are not reflected in this Combined Financial Report.

### **Forward-Looking Information**

Statements contained in this report, including statements describing the objectives, projections, estimates, or predictions of the future of the FHLBanks and the Office of Finance, may be "forward-looking statements." These statements may use forward-looking terminology, such as "anticipates," "believes," "could," "estimates," "expects," "intends," "projects," "plans," "may," "should," "will," "would," "likely," "possible," or their negatives or other variations on these terms. Investors should note that forward-looking statements, by their nature, involve risks or uncertainties, including those set forth in the *Risk Factors* on pages 28 to 39 of the Federal Home Loan Banks Combined Financial Report for the year ended December 31, 2023. Therefore, the actual results could differ materially from those expressed or implied in these forward-looking statements or could affect the extent to which a particular objective, projection, estimate, or prediction is realized.

These forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties including, but not limited to, the following:

 changes in the general economy, money and capital markets, the rate of inflation (or deflation), employment rates, housing market activity and housing prices, the size and volatility of the residential mortgage market, and uncertainty regarding the global economy;

- levels and volatility of market prices, interest rates, and indices, including those that could affect the value of investments or collateral held by the FHLBanks;
- changes in monetary and fiscal policies;
- changes in liquidity in the financial markets;
- natural disasters, pandemics or other widespread health emergencies, terrorist attacks, cyber-attacks, civil unrest, geopolitical instability or conflicts, trade disruptions, economic or other sanctions, or other unanticipated or catastrophic events;
- political events, including legislative, regulatory, judicial, or other developments that affect the FHLBanks, their members, counterparties, dealers of consolidated obligations, or investors in consolidated obligations, such as changes in the Federal Home Loan Bank Act of 1932, as amended (FHLBank Act), or in regulations that affect FHLBank operations, housing finance and government-sponsored enterprise (GSE) reform, and Federal Housing Finance Agency (FHFA) actions (including legislative, regulatory, or other actions recommended, proposed, or implemented as a result of the FHFA's comprehensive review of the FHLBank System, such as those recommended in its "FHLBank System at 100: Focusing on the Future" report);
- the FHLBanks' plans, intent, and ability to make or increase voluntary contributions to their Affordable Housing Program (AHP) or other housing and community investment initiatives;
- competitive forces, including other sources of funding available to FHLBank members and other entities borrowing funds in the capital markets;
- disruptions in the credit and debt markets and the effect on the FHLBanks' funding costs, sources, and availability;
- changes in demand for FHLBank advances, including those resulting from changes in FHLBank members' deposit flows and credit demands, from changes in liquidity in the financial markets, or from changes in regulatory requirements or supervisory expectations affecting FHLBank members;
- loss of members and repayment of advances made to those members due to institutional failures, consolidations, voluntary withdrawals, or involuntary terminations from FHLBank membership, and changes in the financial health of members;
- changes in investor demand for consolidated obligations, including short-term funding, or the terms of
  derivative transactions and similar transactions, including changes in the relative attractiveness of
  consolidated obligations as compared to other investment opportunities, changes in the availability of other
  investment opportunities, and changes in support from dealers of consolidated obligations;
- changes in the credit ratings or ratings outlook of the U.S. government or the FHLBanks;
- the availability of acceptable institutional counterparties for business transactions, including derivative transactions used to manage interest-rate risk;
- the ability to introduce new products and services and successfully manage the risks associated with those products and services, including new types of collateral used to secure advances;
- the pace of technological change and the ability to develop, secure, and support technology and information systems to effectively manage the risks, including information security; and
- the effect of new accounting guidance, including the development of supporting systems and related internal controls.

Neither the FHLBanks nor the Office of Finance undertakes any obligation to publicly update or revise any forwardlooking statements contained in this Combined Financial Report, whether as a result of new information, future events, changed circumstances, or any other reason.

#### **Executive Summary**

This executive summary highlights selected information and may not contain all of the information that is important to readers of this Combined Financial Report. For a more complete understanding of events, trends, and uncertainties, this executive summary should be read together with the Financial Discussion and Analysis section in its entirety and the FHLBanks' combined financial statements and related notes.

#### **Overview**

The FHLBanks are GSEs, federally-chartered, but privately capitalized and independently managed. The FHLBanks together with the Office of Finance, a joint office of the FHLBanks, comprise the FHLBank System. Each of the FHLBanks and the Office of Finance operates under the supervisory and regulatory framework of the FHFA.

The FHLBanks are cooperative institutions, whose stockholders are also the FHLBanks' primary customers. FHLBank capital stock is not publicly traded; it is purchased by members from, and redeemed or repurchased by, an FHLBank at the stated par value of \$100 per share. Each FHLBank's primary business is to serve as a financial intermediary between the capital markets and its members. This intermediation process involves raising funds by issuing debt, known as consolidated obligations, in the capital markets and lending those proceeds to member institutions in the form of secured loans, known as advances. Each FHLBank's funding is principally obtained from consolidated obligations issued through the Office of Finance on behalf of the FHLBanks.

Consolidated obligations are joint and several obligations of all FHLBanks. FHLBank debt issuance is generally driven by members' needs for advances. As housing GSEs, the FHLBanks have served the public for more than 90 years, benefiting from their flexible debt issuance programs, fully-collateralized lending practices, highly-rated investment holdings, and a scalable capital base that is designed to expand and contract in response to changing needs of their members.

The FHLBanks seek to maintain a balance between their public policy mission and their goal of providing adequate returns on member capital. The FHLBanks strive to achieve this balance by providing value to their members through advances, mortgage loan purchases, other services, and dividend payments. The FHLBanks' primary sources of earnings are the net interest spread between the yield on interest-earning assets and the average rate on interest-bearing liabilities, combined with earnings on invested capital. Due to the FHLBanks' cooperative structures, the FHLBanks generally earn a narrow net interest spread.

#### **External Credit Ratings**

The FHLBanks' ability to raise funds in the capital markets at narrow spreads to the U.S. Treasury yield curve is due largely to their status as GSEs, which is reflected in their consolidated obligations receiving the same credit rating as the government bond credit rating of the United States, even though the consolidated obligations are not obligations of the United States and are not guaranteed by the United States. S&P Global Ratings (S&P), Moody's Investors Service (Moody's), or other rating organizations could downgrade or upgrade the credit rating of the U.S. government and GSEs, including the FHLBanks and their consolidated obligations. In addition to ratings on the FHLBanks' consolidated obligations, each FHLBank is rated individually by S&P and Moody's. Investors should note that a rating issued by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization is not a recommendation to buy, sell, or hold securities, and that the ratings may be revised or withdrawn by the rating organization independently. Investors should not take the historical or current ratings of the FHLBanks or their consolidated obligations as an indication of future ratings for the FHLBanks and their consolidated obligations. (See <u>External Credit Ratings</u> for more information.)

#### **Business Environment**

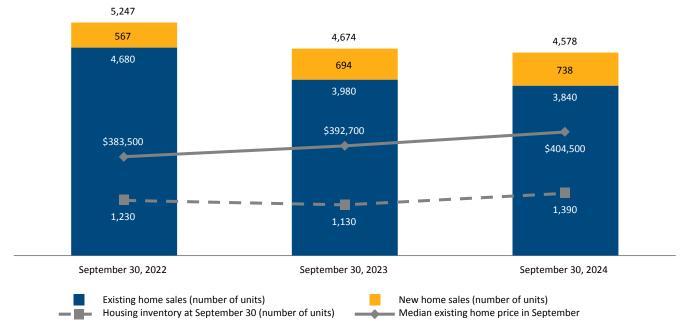
The primary external factors that affect the FHLBanks' combined financial condition and results of operations include: (1) the general state of the economy and financial markets, (2) conditions in the U.S. housing markets, (3) interest rate levels and volatility, and (4) the legislative and regulatory environment.

**Economy and Financial Markets.** The FHLBanks' results of operations are influenced by the economy and financial markets, and, in particular, by FHLBank members' demand for advances and the FHLBanks' ability to maintain sufficient access to diverse sources of funding at relatively favorable costs. The FHLBanks' flexibility in utilizing various funding tools, in combination with their diverse investor base and their status as GSEs, has helped ensure reliable market access and demand for consolidated obligations throughout fluctuating market environments and regulatory changes affecting dealers of and investors in consolidated obligations.

In October 2024, the Bureau of Labor Statistics reported that the U.S. unemployment rate was 4.1% in September 2024, up from 3.7% in December 2023, and 3.8% in September 2023. The Bureau of Labor Statistics also reported that the unadjusted U.S. consumer price index (CPI) increased 2.4% for the twelve months ended September 30, 2024, compared to 3.7% for the twelve months ended September 30, 2023. The CPI is one of the primary measures of inflation in the U.S. and has been trending downward in recent periods.

U.S. real gross domestic product (GDP) increased at an annualized rate of 2.8% in the third quarter of 2024, according to the advance estimate reported by the Bureau of Economic Analysis, compared to an increase at an annualized rate of 4.4% in the third quarter of 2023, as revised by the Bureau of Economic Analysis.

**Conditions in U.S. Housing Markets.** Conditions in the U.S. housing markets primarily affect the FHLBanks through the creation of demand for, and yield on, advances and mortgage loans, as well as the yield on investments in mortgage-backed securities (MBS). Figure 1 presents U.S. home sales, inventory, and prices for the most recent three years. The seasonally adjusted annual rate of U.S. home sales declined slightly in September 2024, compared to September 2023, driven by high home prices and high mortgage interest rates; however, the U.S. housing inventory increased over the same period.



# Figure 1 - U.S. Home Sales, Inventory, and Prices (units in thousands and home prices in whole dollars)

Source: National Association of REALTORS® for existing home sales, housing inventory, and median existing home price. Source: U.S. Census Bureau and the Department of Housing and Urban Development for new home sales.

**Interest Rate Levels and Volatility.** The level and volatility of interest rates affect FHLBank member demand for advances. In addition, credit spreads and the shape of the yield curve affect investor demand for consolidated obligations. These factors, driven in part by federal monetary and fiscal policies, also affect the FHLBanks' combined results of operations, primarily affecting net interest income and the valuation of certain assets and liabilities.

At its first five meetings in 2024, the Federal Open Market Committee maintained its target range of the federal funds rate before lowering its target range by 0.5% in September 2024 and 0.25% in November 2024, to a range of 4.50% to 4.75%. The Federal Open Market Committee stated in November 2024 that recent indicators suggest that economic activity has continued to expand at a solid pace and that inflation has made progress toward its two percent objective but remains somewhat elevated. In addition, it stated that the risks to achieving its employment and inflation goals are roughly in balance. The Federal Open Market Committee also stated that the economic outlook is uncertain, it is attentive to the risks to both sides of its dual mandate, and in considering any additional adjustments to the target range for the federal funds rate, it will carefully assess incoming data, the evolving outlook, and the balance of risks. The Federal Open Market Committee is continuing its plan of reducing its holdings of Treasury securities, agency debt, and agency MBS.

Investor demand for the FHLBanks' consolidated obligations remained strong in the first nine months of 2024, with market participants generally favoring short-term variable-rate consolidated bonds and consolidated discount notes. The FHLBanks continued to meet their funding needs during the first nine months of 2024.

Table 1 presents the three-month and nine-month averages and period-end rates for certain key interest rates. The three-month averages of rates with tenors of 1 week or less were little changed, while the three-month averages of rates with tenors of 3 months or more were lower in the third quarter of 2024, compared to the third quarter of 2023. The nine-month averages of key interest rates were generally higher during the 2024 period, compared to the nine-month period in 2023. Changes in average interest rates primarily affect the yields on interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities. At September 30, 2024, all the key interest rates were lower, compared to December 31, 2023, which affected the fair values of certain assets and liabilities. The level and volatility of interest rates will likely remain a significant factor driving the FHLBanks' results of operations and financial condition.

	Three-Mon	th Average	Nine-Mon	th Average	Perio	d End
	September 30, 2024	September 30, 2023	September 30, 2024	September 30, 2023	September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
Federal Funds Effective	5.27 %	5.26 %	5.31 %	4.93 %	4.83 %	5.33 %
SOFR	5.28 %	5.24 %	5.30 %	4.90 %	4.96 %	5.38 %
1-week Overnight Indexed Swap	5.24 %	5.28 %	5.30 %	4.95 %	4.82 %	5.33 %
3-month U.S. Treasury yield	5.13 %	5.43 %	5.30 %	5.11 %	4.63 %	5.34 %
2-year U.S. Treasury yield	4.06 %	4.94 %	4.46 %	4.53 %	3.64 %	4.25 %
10-year U.S. Treasury yield	3.96 %	4.14 %	4.18 %	3.80 %	3.78 %	3.88 %

#### Table 1 - Key Interest Rates

Source: Bloomberg

Table 2 presents the average funding spreads of newly-issued consolidated obligations relative to Treasury and Secured Overnight Financing Rate (SOFR) indices, as well as the ending spread at each period end. Average funding spreads of newly-issued consolidated obligations relative to benchmark Treasury indices generally declined during the three months ended September 30, 2024, compared to the three months ended September 30, 2023, while the spreads of newly-issued consolidated obligations relative to benchmark SOFR indices were slightly higher or little changed in the three months ended September 30, 2024, compared to the three months ended September 30, 2023. Average funding spreads of newly-issued consolidated obligations relative to benchmark Treasury and SOFR indices declined during the nine months ended September 30, 2024, compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2023.

#### Table 2 - Funding Spreads to Treasury and SOFR Indices

(in basis points)

	Three-Mon	th Average	Nine-Mon	th Average	Ending	Spread
Borrowing Term	September 30, 2024	September 30, 2023	September 30, 2024	September 30, 2023	September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
Treasury						
3-months	3.4	2.0	2.2	4.6	7.2	7.0
2-years	3.7	9.8	3.9	14.9	4.0	8.5
5-years	5.4	10.0	5.6	12.9	4.0	5.5
10-years	33.2	50.4	32.0	55.6	32.5	43.0
SOFR						
3-months	0.5	1.0	0.1	0.6	0.4	(0.3)
2-years	19.7	16.7	15.6	16.1	20.1	21.4
5-years	32.1	28.9	29.6	31.8	32.7	34.1
10-years	74.5	74.7	68.8	80.3	75.8	79.7

Source: Funding spreads are derived using Office of Finance indications compared to Treasury and SOFR indices.

**Legislative and Regulatory Environment.** Potential legislative and regulatory changes, as well as other rules and regulations issued by the FHFA, could adversely affect the FHLBanks, FHLBank members, counterparties, and dealers of and investors in consolidated obligations. The FHLBanks' business operations, funding costs, rights, obligations, and the environment in which the FHLBanks carry out their mission could be significantly affected by these changes. In particular, on November 7, 2023, the FHFA issued a written report titled "FHLBank System at 100: Focusing on the Future," relating to its review and analysis of the FHLBank System, in which the FHFA summarized its recommended legislative, regulatory, and other actions that it plans to pursue in service of its vision for the future of the FHLBank System. (See *Legislative and Regulatory Developments* in this report as well as *Legislative and Regulatory Developments* included in the Federal Home Loan Banks Combined Financial Reports for the year ended December 31, 2023 (pages 99 to 101) and the quarterly periods ended March 31, 2024 (pages 44 to 45) and June 30, 2024 (pages 47 to 48), for more information.)

**Supporting Housing and Community Investment.** In addition to supporting residential mortgage lending, one of the FHLBanks' core missions is to support affordable housing and community investment. To help fulfill that mission, the FHLBanks administer a number of programs, some of which are statutory while others are voluntary. The FHLBanks are required to set aside a portion of their profits to support affordable housing each year. These funds assist members in serving very low- and low- or moderate-income households. The FHLBanks' combined income subject to assessments resulted in statutory Affordable Housing Program (AHP) assessment expense of \$170 million and \$548 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, compared to \$196 million and \$570 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023.

In addition to the statutory AHP assessment, an FHLBank may make voluntary contributions to the AHP or other housing and community investment initiatives. In connection with that, and in recognition that additional funding would be beneficial in meeting community needs in affordable housing as well as business and community development, the FHLBanks are either already making additional voluntary contributions or are in the process of increasing their voluntary contribution levels. The FHLBanks recognized voluntary housing and community investment expenses of \$176 million and \$307 million, including \$24 million and \$72 million related to voluntary AHP contributions, during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, compared to \$38 million and \$89 million in total voluntary housing and community investment expenses during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, compared to \$38 million and \$89 million in total voluntary housing and community investment expenses during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, compared to \$38 million and \$89 million in total voluntary housing and community investment expenses during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023.

#### **FHLBanks' Financial Highlights**

**Combined Financial Condition.** The FHLBanks' assets and liabilities expand and contract as the needs of member financial institutions and their communities change over time. Total assets were \$1,263.6 billion at September 30, 2024, a decrease of 2% from \$1,289.4 billion at December 31, 2023.

- Advance balances totaled \$756.5 billion at September 30, 2024, a decrease of 7% from \$809.6 billion at December 31, 2023, resulting primarily from a decrease in advances to large depository members. Commercial banks represented the largest segment of borrowers, with 50% of the total principal amount of advances outstanding at September 30, 2024, compared to 54% at December 31, 2023. The top 10 advance holding borrowers by holding company represented 27% and 31% of the total principal amount of advances outstanding at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023. Each FHLBank reviews its borrowers' financial condition on an ongoing basis using current information and collateralizes all advances to mitigate credit risk. At September 30, 2024, each FHLBank had rights to collateral with an estimated value greater than the related outstanding advances.
- Investments were \$429.3 billion at September 30, 2024, an increase of 5% from \$407.9 billion at December 31, 2023, driven by an increase in federal funds sold, mortgage-backed securities, and U.S. Treasury obligations, partially offset by a decrease in securities purchased under agreements to resell. The FHLBanks maintain investment portfolios to provide funds to meet the credit needs of their members, maintain liquidity, and earn interest income.
- Mortgage loans held for portfolio were \$67.4 billion at September 30, 2024, an increase of 10% from \$61.3 billion at December 31, 2023, as mortgage loan purchase volume outpaced repayments. An FHLBank may purchase mortgage loans to support its housing mission, provide an additional source of liquidity to its members, diversify its investments, and generate additional earnings.

Total liabilities were \$1,190.9 billion at September 30, 2024, a decrease of 2% compared to \$1,217.9 billion at December 31, 2023.

Consolidated obligations totaled \$1,165.8 billion at September 30, 2024, a decrease of 2% from \$1,191.7 billion at December 31, 2023, in line with the decrease in total assets and consisting of a 4% decrease in consolidated discount notes and a 2% decrease in consolidated bonds. Consolidated obligations are the principal funding source used by the FHLBanks to make advances and to purchase mortgage loans and investments. The future amounts and types of consolidated obligations issued depend primarily on the demand for the FHLBanks' advances.

Total GAAP capital was \$72.7 billion at September 30, 2024, an increase of 2%, compared to \$71.5 billion at December 31, 2023. The regulatory capital-to-assets ratio was 5.86% at September 30, 2024, compared to 5.72% at December 31, 2023. Each FHLBank was in compliance with FHFA regulatory capital requirements at September 30, 2024.

- Capital stock was \$43.1 billion at September 30, 2024, a decrease of 4% from \$44.7 billion at December 31, 2023, due principally to the net redemption of activity-based capital stock.
- Retained earnings grew to \$30.0 billion at September 30, 2024, an increase of 7% from \$27.9 billion at December 31, 2023, resulting principally from net income of \$4,847 million, partially offset by dividends of \$2,782 million.

**Combined Results of Operations.** Net income was \$1,506 million and \$4,847 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, decreases of \$229 million and \$237 million, or 13% and 5%, compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, resulting primarily from lower net interest income and increases in voluntary housing and community investment expense, partially offset by increases in non-interest income.

Net interest income was \$2,155 million and \$6,594 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, decreases of \$148 million and \$66 million, or 6% and 1% compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023. Net interest margin was 0.67% for the three months ended September 30, 2024, a decrease of 1 basis point compared to the three months ended September 30, 2023. Net interest margin was 0.68% for the nine months ended September 30, 2024, an increase of 5 basis points compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2023.

- Interest income was \$17,891 million and \$53,804 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, decreases of \$541 million and \$628 million, or 3% and 1%, compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, driven primarily by decreases in the average balances of advances, partially offset by increases in the average yields on total interest-earning assets. The average balances of advances were \$775.9 billion and \$793.5 billion for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, decreases of 9% and 15% compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023. The average yields on total interest-earning assets were 5.53% and 5.57% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, compared to 5.46% and 5.13% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023.
- Interest expense was \$15,736 million and \$47,210 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, decreases of \$393 million and \$562 million, or 2% and 1%, compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, driven primarily by decreases in the average balances of consolidated obligations. The average balances of consolidated obligations were \$1,192.1 billion and \$1,194.1 billion for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, decreases of 4% and 9%, compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023. The average rates on consolidated obligations were 5.18% and 5.21% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023.

The future level of net interest income of the FHLBanks will depend, in part, upon the level and volatility of interest rates, demand for advances, cost of consolidated obligations, changes in fiscal or monetary policies, as well as the state of the U.S. economy and financial markets.

Non-interest income was a net gain of \$110 million and a net gain of \$347 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, increases of \$45 million and \$74 million, or 69% and 27%, compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, resulting primarily from changes in the fair value of investment securities, derivatives, and financial instruments held under the fair value option, driven by changes in interest rates.

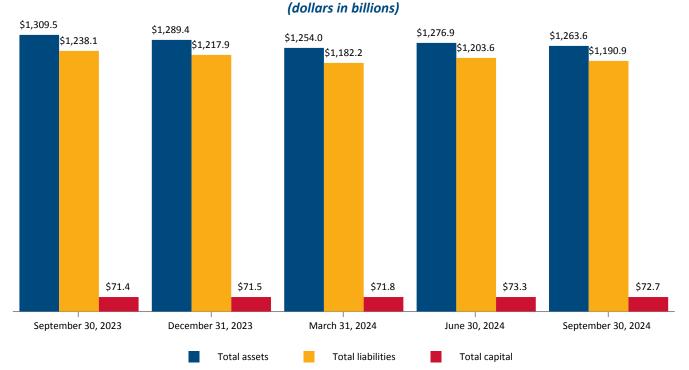
Non-interest expense was \$594 million and \$1,553 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, increases of \$165 million and \$290 million, or 38% and 23%, compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, resulting primarily from increases in voluntary housing and community investment expense. An FHLBank may make voluntary contributions to the AHP or other housing and community investment initiatives. These voluntary contributions are in addition to the statutory AHP assessments. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, voluntary housing and community investment expense was \$176 million and \$307 million, increases of \$138 million and \$218 million compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023.

The FHLBanks' income subject to assessments resulted in statutory AHP assessments of \$170 million and \$548 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, decreases of \$26 million and \$22 million, or 13% and 4%, compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023.

See <u>Combined Financial Condition</u> and <u>Combined Results of Operations</u> for further information.

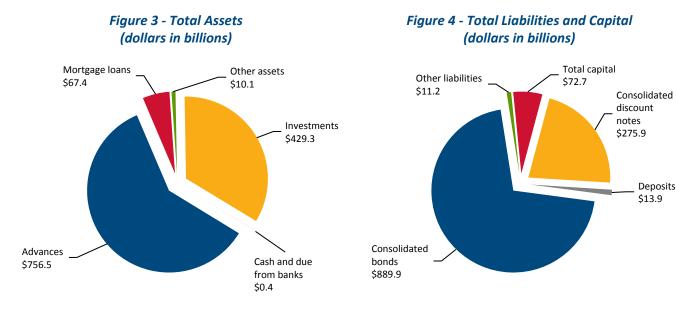
#### **Combined Financial Condition**

The FHLBanks' asset composition includes cash and due from banks, investments, advances, mortgage loans held for portfolio, and other assets. The FHLBanks' liability composition includes deposits, consolidated discount notes, consolidated bonds, mandatorily redeemable capital stock, and other liabilities. The FHLBanks' capital composition includes capital stock, retained earnings, and accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) (AOCI). The FHLBanks' assets and liabilities expand and contract as the needs of member financial institutions and their communities change over time. As of September 30, 2024, total assets decreased 2%, total liabilities decreased 2%, and total GAAP capital increased 2%, compared to December 31, 2023. Figure 2 presents the total assets, liabilities, and capital for the most recent five quarters.



# Figure 2 - Total Assets, Liabilities, and Capital

Figures 3 and 4 present the total assets and total liabilities and capital composition at September 30, 2024.



#### Advances

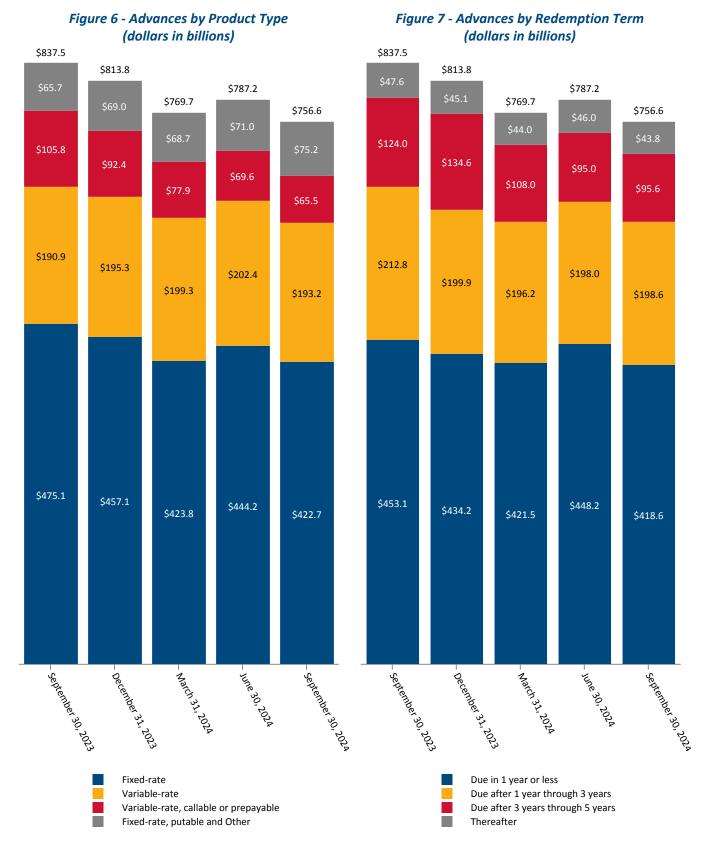
The FHLBanks provide funding to members and housing associates through secured loans (advances), which may be used for, among other things, residential mortgages, community investments, and other services for housing and community development. Each FHLBank makes advances based on the security of mortgage loans and other types of eligible collateral pledged by, and the creditworthiness and financial condition of, the borrowing institutions. Figure 5 presents advances for the most recent five quarters.



#### Figure 5 - Advances Outstanding (Carrying Value) (dollars in billions)

The outstanding carrying value of advances totaled \$756.5 billion at September 30, 2024, a decrease of \$53.1 billion, or 7%, from \$809.6 billion at December 31, 2023, resulting primarily from a decrease in advances to large depository members. The decrease in advances to the top 25 advance holders at each FHLBank, in aggregate, represented substantially all of the total decrease in the principal amount of advances outstanding at September 30, 2024, compared to December 31, 2023. The FHLBanks' assets and liabilities expand and contract as the needs of member financial institutions and their communities change over time. The future demand for advances will depend on many factors, including but not limited to, changes in interest rates, government liquidity programs, changes in fiscal and monetary policies, as well as the state of the U.S. economy and financial markets.

The percentage of members with outstanding advances was 55% at September 30, 2024, compared to 58% at December 31, 2023. Figures 6 and 7 present the principal amount of advances by product type and by redemption term for the most recent five quarters.



#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

Table 3 presents advances outstanding by product type and redemption term, some of which include advances that contain embedded put or call options. A member can either sell an embedded option to an FHLBank or purchase an embedded option from an FHLBank. (See <u>Note 4 - Advances</u> to the accompanying combined financial statements for additional information on putable and callable advances and their potential effects on advance redemptions.)

#### Table 3 - Types of Advances by Redemption Term

(dollars in millions)

	Septemb	er 30, 2024	December 31, 2023		Char	e	
	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage	
Fixed-rate							
Due in 1 year or less	\$ 231,030	30.5 %	\$ 254,450	31.3 %	\$ (23,420)	(9.2)%	
Due after 1 year through 3 years	121,099	16.0 %	113,804	14.0 %	7,295	6.4 %	
Due after 3 years through 5 years	54,537	7.2 %	70,998	8.7 %	(16,461)	(23.2)%	
Due after 5 years through 15 years	15,406	2.0 %	17,198	2.1 %	(1,792)	(10.4)%	
Thereafter	620	0.1 %	627	0.1 %	(7)	(1.1)%	
Total principal amount	422,692	55.8 %	457,077	56.2 %	(34,385)	(7.5)%	
Fixed-rate, putable							
Due in 1 year or less	381	0.1 %	30	_	351	1,170.0 %	
Due after 1 year through 3 years	9,585	1.3 %	8,062	1.0 %	1,523	18.9 %	
Due after 3 years through 5 years	9,875	1.3 %	8,963	1.1 %	912	10.2 %	
Due after 5 years through 15 years	18,252	2.4 %	17,857	2.2 %	395	2.2 %	
Thereafter	-	_	-	_	_	_	
Total principal amount	38,093	5.1 %	34,912	4.3 %	3,181	9.1 %	
Variable-rate							
Due in 1 year or less	153,347	20.3 %	149,746	18.4 %	3,601	2.4 %	
Due after 1 year through 3 years	32,413	4.3 %	38,176	4.7 %	(5,763)	(15.1)%	
Due after 3 years through 5 years	5,665	0.7 %	5,257	0.6 %	408	7.8 %	
Due after 5 years through 15 years	1,801	0.2 %	2,128	0.3 %	(327)	(15.4)%	
Thereafter	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Total principal amount	193,226	25.5 %	195,307	24.0 %	(2,081)	(1.1)%	
Variable-rate, callable or prepayable <sup>(1)</sup>							
Due in 1 year or less	23,484	3.1 %	21,652	2.7 %	1,832	8.5 %	
Due after 1 year through 3 years	23,125	3.1 %	29,423	3.5 %	(6,298)	(21.4)%	
Due after 3 years through 5 years	16,641	2.2 %	38,722	4.8 %	(22,081)	(57.0)%	
Due after 5 years through 15 years	1,882	0.2 %	2,251	0.3 %	(369)	(16.4)%	
Thereafter	395	0.1 %	369	_	26	7.0 %	
Total principal amount	65,527	8.7 %	92,417	11.3 %	(26,890)	(29.1)%	
Other <sup>(2)</sup>							
Due in 1 year or less	10,356	1.4 %	8,270	1.0 %	2,086	25.2 %	
Due after 1 year through 3 years	12,341	1.5 %	10,413	1.3 %	1,928	18.5 %	
Due after 3 years through 5 years	8,845	1.2 %	10,674	1.3 %	(1,829)	(17.1)%	
Due after 5 years through 15 years	5,103	0.7 %	4,593	0.6 %	510	11.1 %	
Thereafter	400	0.1 %	121	_	279	230.6 %	
Total principal amount	37,045	4.9 %	34,071	4.2 %	2,974	8.7 %	
Overdrawn and overnight deposit accounts	40	_	. 11	_	29	263.6 %	
Total principal amount advances	756,623	100.0 %	813,795	100.0 %	\$ (57,172)	(7.0)%	
Other adjustments, net <sup>(3)</sup>	(158		(4,224)	)		. ,	
Total advances	\$ 756,465	-	\$ 809,571	-			

(1) Prepayable advances are those advances that may be contractually prepaid by the borrower on specified dates without incurring prepayment or termination fees.

(2) Includes hybrid, fixed-rate amortizing/mortgage matched, convertible, fixed-rate callable or prepayable, and other advances.

(3) Consists of hedging and fair value option valuation adjustments and unamortized premiums, discounts, and commitment fees.

Table 4 presents the principal amount of advances indexed to a variable interest rate at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

#### Table 4 - Advances Indexed to a Variable Interest Rate<sup>(1)</sup>

(dollars in millions)

	<u></u> S	eptember 30, 2024	Dece	ember 31, 2023
SOFR	\$	209,700	\$	214,523
Consolidated obligation yields		22,801		27,368
Other <sup>(2)</sup>		28,604		45,842
Total principal amount of advances indexed to a variable interest rate	\$	261,105	\$	287,733

(1) Includes fixed-rate advances that have cap/floor optionality linked to an interest-rate Index.

(2) Includes advances with floating rates that are not indexed to a single rate, but may be determined using a formula incorporating multiple indices.

The FHLBanks make advances primarily to their members. Table 5 presents the principal amount of advances by type of borrower and member.

#### Table 5 - Advances by Type of Borrower and Member

(dollars in millions)

		September 3	30, 2024		December 31, 2023			
	Princ	cipal Amount	Number of Members	Princ	ipal Amount	Number of Members		
Commercial bank members	\$	381,182	2,177	\$	442,328	2,262		
Insurance company members		156,649	231		142,790	225		
Savings institution members		106,425	411		109,314	421		
Credit union members		87,452	732		85,272	802		
Community development financial institution members		353	34		336	31		
Total		732,061	3,585		780,040	3,741		
Non-members <sup>(1)</sup>		23,459			32,582			
Housing associates		1,103			1,173			
Total principal amount	\$	756,623		\$	813,795			
Total members			6,500			6,504		

(1) Includes advances outstanding to former members of certain FHLBanks that were acquired by members of other FHLBanks. Also includes \$4.0 billion and \$4.1 billion of principal amount of advances outstanding to captive insurance companies at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, which had their memberships terminated no later than February 19, 2021.

Figure 9 - Percentage of Member

Figure 8 - Percentage of Principal Amount of

Figures 8 and 9 present the percentage of principal amount of advances by type of borrower and percentage of member borrowers by type of member at September 30, 2024. Commercial banks represented the largest segment of borrowers, with 50% of the total principal amount of advances outstanding at September 30, 2024, compared to 54% at December 31, 2023.

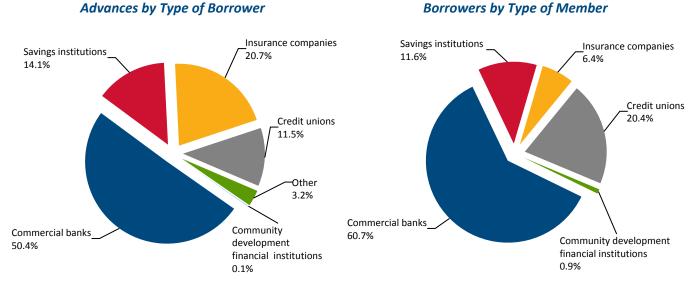


Table 6 presents the FHLBanks' top 10 advance holding borrowers by holding company, on a combined basis, based on the principal amount of advances outstanding at September 30, 2024. The percentage of total advances for each holding company was computed by dividing the principal amount of advances by subsidiaries of that holding company by the principal amount of total combined advances. These percentage concentrations do not represent borrowing concentrations in an individual FHLBank. The top 10 advance holding borrowers by holding company represented 27% of the total principal amount of advances outstanding at September 30, 2024, compared to 31% at December 31, 2023.

Table 6 - Top 10 Advance Holding Borrowers by Holding Company at September 30,	2024
(dollars in millions)	

Holding Company Name <sup>(1)</sup>	FHLBank Districts <sup>(2)</sup>		Principal Amount	Percentage of Total Principal Amount of Advances
JPMorgan Chase & Co.	San Francisco, Cincinnati, Chicago	¢	32,116	4.2 %
The PNC Financial Services Group, Inc.	Pittsburgh		28,000	3.7 %
The Toronto-Dominion Bank	Pittsburgh, Atlanta		25,001	3.3 %
The Charles Schwab Corporation	Dallas		22,600	3.0 %
U.S. Bancorp	Cincinnati, San Francisco, Des Moines		21,551	2.8 %
New York Community Bancorp, Inc.	New York, Indianapolis		18,250	2.4 %
Truist Financial Corporation	Atlanta		15,901	2.1 %
Citigroup Inc.	New York		15,501	2.0 %
Bank of America Corporation	Atlanta, San Francisco, Boston, Des Moines		14,956	2.0 %
MetLife, Inc.	New York		14,590	1.9 %
		Ş	208,466	27.4 %

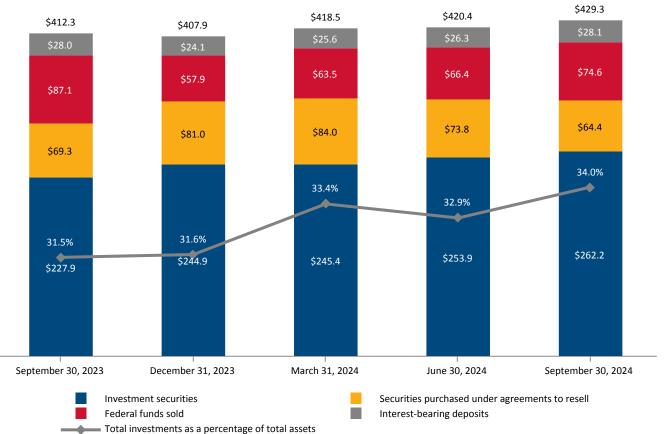
(1) Holding company information was obtained from the Federal Reserve System's website, the National Information Center (NIC), and SEC filings. The NIC is a central repository of data about banks and other institutions for which the Federal Reserve System has a supervisory, regulatory, or research interest, including both domestic and foreign banking organizations operating in the United States.

(2) At September 30, 2024, each holding company had subsidiaries with advance borrowings in these FHLBank districts.

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

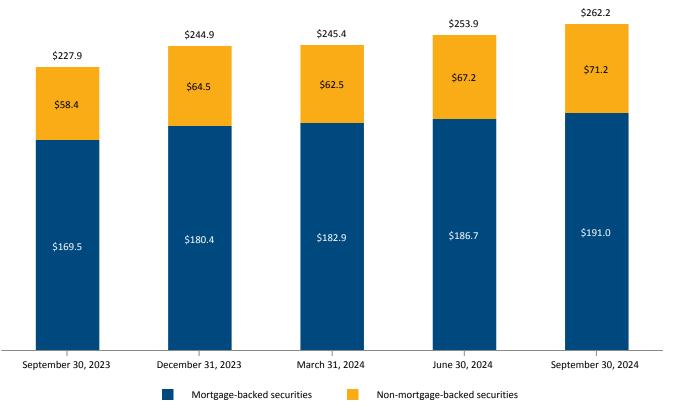
#### Investments

The FHLBanks maintain investment portfolios for liquidity purposes and to generate additional earnings. The income from these investment portfolios also bolsters the FHLBanks' capacity to support affordable housing and community investment. The FHLBanks invest in investment-quality securities to mitigate credit risk inherent in these portfolios. FHFA regulations prohibit the FHLBanks from investing in certain types of securities and limit the FHLBanks' investment in MBS and asset-backed securities (ABS). (See *Financial Discussion and Analysis of Combined Financial Condition and Combined Results of Operations - Risk Management - Credit Risk - Investments* on pages 107 to 108 of the Federal Home Loan Banks Combined Financial Report for the year ended December 31, 2023, for additional information regarding the regulatory restrictions on investments.) Figure 10 presents total investments for the most recent five quarters.



#### Figure 10 - Total Investments (Carrying Value) (dollars in billions)

Total investments, net was \$429.3 billion at September 30, 2024, an increase of \$21.4 billion, or 5%, from \$407.9 billion at December 31, 2023, driven by an increase in federal funds sold, mortgage-backed securities, and U.S. Treasury obligations, partially offset by a decrease in securities purchased under agreements to resell. The FHLBanks classify investment securities as held-to-maturity (HTM), available-for-sale (AFS), or trading securities. Figure 11 presents the composition of investment securities by product type for the most recent five quarters.



#### Figure 11 - Investment Securities by Product Type (Carrying Value) (dollars in billions)

The FHLBanks maintain short-term investment portfolios, the proceeds of which may provide funds to meet the credit needs of their members and to maintain liquidity. These portfolios may include:

- interest-bearing deposits;
- securities purchased under agreements to resell;
- federal funds sold;
- certificates of deposit;
- U.S. Treasury obligations;
- other U.S. obligations; and
- GSE obligations.

The yield earned on these short-term investments is highly correlated with short-term market interest rates. At September 30, 2024, the FHLBanks continued to maintain significant short-term investment balances as part of their ongoing investment strategy and to satisfy liquidity needs. (See <u>Liquidity and Capital Resources</u> for further discussion related to liquidity management.)

The FHLBanks maintain long-term investment portfolios as an additional source of liquidity and to earn interest income. These investments generally provide the FHLBanks with higher returns than those available on short-term investments. These portfolios may include:

- U.S. Treasury obligations;
- other U.S. obligations;
- GSE obligations;
- other agency obligations; and
- other MBS and ABS.

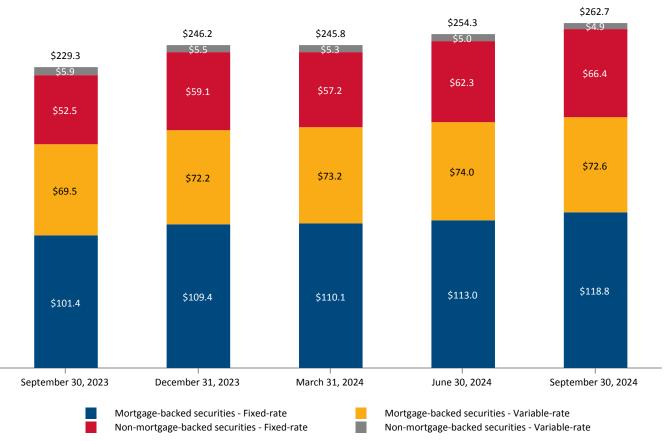
Table 7 presents the composition of investments, including investment securities, at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

#### Table 7 - Total Investments

(dollars in millions)

Net Carrying Value	Septer	nber 30, 2024	December 31, 2023	 Change
Interest-bearing deposits	\$	28,121	\$ 24,163	\$ 3,958
Securities purchased under agreements to resell		64,360	81,012	(16,652)
Federal funds sold		74,597	57,860	16,737
Total Investment Securities by Major Security Type				
Non-mortgage-backed investment securities				
U.S. Treasury obligations		56,260	46,106	10,154
Other U.S. obligations		2,297	2,968	(671)
GSE and Tennessee Valley Authority obligations		8,396	10,661	(2,265)
State or local housing agency obligations		2,176	2,124	52
Federal Family Education Loan Program ABS		1,619	1,957	(338)
Other		502	617	(115)
Total non-mortgage-backed investment securities		71,250	64,433	 6,817
Mortgage-backed investment securities				
U.S. obligations single-family		14,636	14,641	(5)
U.S. obligations multifamily		471	478	(7)
GSE single-family		27,548	23,103	4,445
GSE multifamily		147,029	140,813	6,216
Private-label		1,298	1,399	(101)
Total mortgage-backed investment securities		190,982	180,434	10,548
Total investment securities		262,232	244,867	 17,365
Total investments	\$	429,310	\$ 407,902	\$ 21,408

The interest-rate and prepayment risks associated with investment securities are managed through a combination of debt issuance and derivatives. (See <u>Note 6 - Derivatives and Hedging Activities</u> to the accompanying combined financial statements for additional information.) Figure 12 summarizes the interest-rate payment terms of investment securities by product type for the most recent five quarters, with trading securities presented at fair value and AFS and HTM securities presented at amortized cost.



# Figure 12 - Interest-Rate Payment Terms of Investment Securities by Product Type (dollars in billions)

Table 8 presents the interest-rate payment terms of investment securities at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

#### Table 8 - Interest-Rate Payment Terms of Investment Securities

(dollars in millions)

	Septe	mber 30, 2024	Decer	nber 31, 2023
Trading Securities at Fair Value				
Trading non-mortgage-backed securities				
Fixed-rate	\$	21,665	\$	14,330
Variable-rate		650		599
Total trading non-mortgage-backed securities		22,315		14,929
Trading mortgage-backed securities				
Fixed-rate		527		609
Variable-rate		12		15
Total trading mortgage-backed securities		539		624
Total trading securities	\$	22,854	\$	15,553
Available-for-Sale Securities at Amortized Cost				
Available-for-sale non-mortgage-backed securities				
Fixed-rate	\$	43,755	\$	42,402
Variable-rate		3,279		3,717
Total available-for-sale non-mortgage-backed securities		47,034		46,119
Available-for-sale mortgage-backed securities				
Fixed-rate		102,552		92,610
Variable-rate		26,288		23,037
Total available-for-sale mortgage-backed securities		128,840		115,647
Total available-for-sale securities	\$	175,874	\$	161,766
Held-to-Maturity Securities at Amortized Cost				
Held-to-maturity non-mortgage-backed securities				
Fixed-rate	\$	971	\$	2,371
Variable-rate		1,001		1,136
Total held-to-maturity non-mortgage-backed securities		1,972		3,507
Held-to-maturity mortgage-backed securities				
Fixed-rate		15,691		16,207
Variable-rate		46,298		49,146
Total held-to-maturity mortgage-backed securities	_	61,989		65,353
Total held-to-maturity securities	\$	63,961	\$	68,860

Table 9 presents the principal amount of variable-rate investment securities by interest-rate index at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

#### Table 9 - Variable-Rate Investment Securities by Interest-Rate Index

(dollars in millions)

		Septe	ember 30, 2024			December 31, 2023						
	nortgage- securities		rtgage-backed securities	Total		Non-mortgage- backed securities		Mortgage-backed securities			Total	
SOFR	\$ 4,118	\$	72,545	\$	76,663	\$	4,688	\$	71,882	\$	76,570	
LIBOR <sup>(1)</sup>	_		56		56		-		252		252	
Other <sup>(2)</sup>	812		176		988		166		260		426	
Total principal amount of variable- rate investment securities	\$ 4,930	\$	72,777	\$	77,707	\$	4,854	\$	72,394	\$	77,248	

 Includes LIBOR-indexed investments as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023. The FHLBanks transitioned all of these investments such that, immediately following June 30, 2023, the U.S. dollar LIBOR rates referenced in these investments became static or will convert to SOFR at the beginning of the instruments' next reset period.

(2) Consists primarily of investments indexed to Treasury rates.

*Limits on Certain Investments.* FHFA regulations prohibit an FHLBank from purchasing MBS/ABS if its investment in these securities exceeds 300% of that FHLBank's previous month-end regulatory capital on the day it intends to purchase the securities. During the nine months ended September 30, 2024, each of the FHLBanks was in compliance with this regulatory requirement at the time of its respective securities purchases. However, at September 30, 2024, the FHLBank of Atlanta exceeded the 300% regulatory limit and was precluded from purchasing additional MBS/ABS investments until its MBS/ABS to total regulatory capital percentage declined below 300%. The FHLBank of Atlanta was not required by the FHFA to sell any previously purchased securities. On a combined basis, the FHLBanks' percentage of MBS/ABS (net of regulatory excluded MBS) was 265% of combined regulatory capital at September 30, 2024.

#### **Mortgage Loans Held for Portfolio**

An FHLBank may purchase fixed-rate mortgage loans to support the FHLBank's housing mission, provide an additional source of liquidity to FHLBank members, diversify its investments, and generate additional earnings. These programs include the Mortgage Purchase Program (MPP), the Mortgage Partnership Finance<sup>®</sup> (MPF<sup>®</sup>) Program ("Mortgage Partnership Finance,", "MPF," and "MPF Xtra<sup>®</sup>" are registered trademarks of the FHLBank of Chicago), and the Mortgage Asset Program ("MAP<sup>®</sup>" is a registered trademark of the FHLBank of New York). Figure 13 presents mortgage loans held for portfolio (designated as held for investment for accounting purposes) for the most recent five quarters.

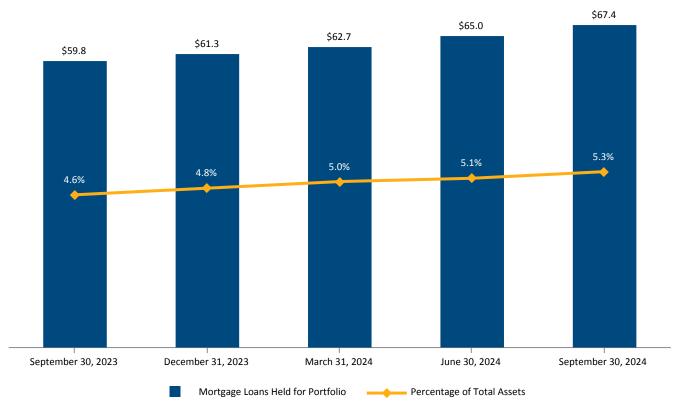


Figure 13 - Mortgage Loans Held for Portfolio (Carrying Value) (dollars in billions)

Mortgage loans, excluding the allowance for credit losses, were \$67.5 billion at September 30, 2024, an increase of \$6.1 billion, or 10%, from \$61.4 billion at December 31, 2023, as mortgage loan purchase volume outpaced repayments. The allowance for credit losses on mortgage loans was \$29 million at September 30, 2024, a decrease of \$6 million, or 17%, from \$35 million at December 31, 2023. The FHLBanks utilize credit enhancements on conventional mortgage loans held for portfolio, which help to mitigate expected credit losses.

Table 10 presents mortgage loans held for portfolio at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

#### Table 10 - Mortgage Loans Held for Portfolio

(dollars in millions)

	September 30, 2024		Decembe	er 31, 2023
Mortgage loans held for portfolio	\$	67,457	\$	61,370
Allowance for credit losses on mortgage loans		(29)		(35)
Mortgage loans held for portfolio, net	\$	67,428	\$	61,335

Table 11 presents metrics and ratios of mortgage loans held for portfolio. Periodically, each FHLBank evaluates the allowance for credit losses for its mortgage loans based on its policies and procedures to determine if an allowance for credit losses is necessary.

# Table 11 - Mortgage Loans Held for Portfolio - Metrics and Ratios (dollars in millions)

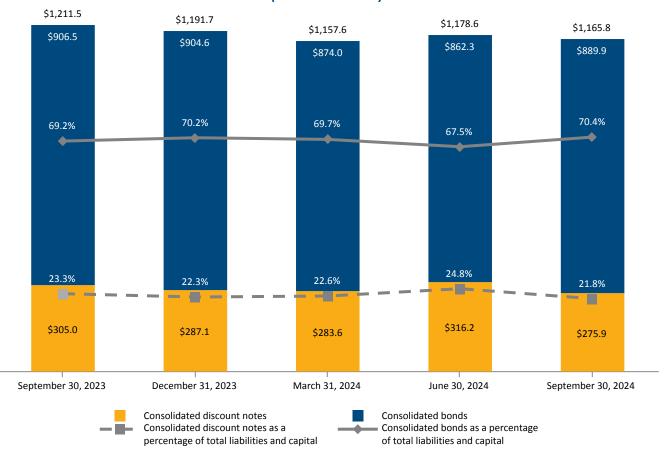
	Septe	mber 30, 2024	Septem	ber 30, 2023
Average loans outstanding during the period (unpaid principal balance, or UPB) <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	63,263	\$	56,684
Mortgage loans held for portfolio (UPB)		66,547		58,988
Non-accrual loans (UPB)		197		148
Allowance for credit losses on mortgage loans held for portfolio		29		35
(Charge-offs), net of recoveries <sup>(1)</sup>		(2)		_
Ratio of charge-offs, net of recoveries to average loans outstanding during the period $^{(1)}$		— %		— %
Ratio of allowance for credit losses to mortgage loans held for portfolio		0.04 %		0.06 %
Ratio of non-accrual loans to mortgage loans held for portfolio		0.30 %		0.25 %
Ratio of allowance for credit losses to non-accrual loans		14.72 %		23.65 %

(1) Represents the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023.

**MPF Xtra Conventional Mortgage Loans.** In addition to mortgage loans purchased by the FHLBanks and held for portfolio, the FHLBank of Chicago also purchases eligible conventional loans from participating financial institutions (PFIs) located in its district and in other MPF FHLBank districts under the MPF Xtra product. Upon purchase from the PFIs, the FHLBank of Chicago concurrently sells the mortgage loans to Fannie Mae. During the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, the FHLBank of Chicago purchased and concurrently delivered \$518 million and \$548 million in UPB of these loans to Fannie Mae. (See *Business - Mortgage Loans* on page 11 of the Federal Home Loan Banks Combined Financial Report for the year ended December 31, 2023, for more information about MPF Xtra mortgage loans.)

#### **Consolidated Obligations**

Consolidated obligations consist of consolidated bonds and consolidated discount notes, which are joint and several obligations of all FHLBanks. The FHLBanks issue consolidated obligations through the Office of Finance as their agent. Consolidated obligations are the principal funding source used by the FHLBanks to make advances and to purchase mortgage loans and investments. The outstanding balance and types of consolidated obligations issued will fluctuate based on the funding requirements of the FHLBanks. The future amounts and types of consolidated obligations issued depend primarily on the demand for advances and could also be affected by changes in fiscal and monetary policies, as well as the state of the U.S. economy and financial markets. Figure 14 presents consolidated bonds and consolidated discount notes for the most recent five quarters.



#### Figure 14 - Consolidated Obligations Outstanding (Carrying Value) (dollars in billions)

The carrying value of consolidated obligations totaled \$1,165.8 billion at September 30, 2024, a decrease of \$25.9 billion, or 2%, from \$1,191.7 billion at December 31, 2023, in line with the decrease in total assets. The decrease in consolidated obligations was comprised of a 4% decrease in consolidated discount notes and a 2% decrease in consolidated bonds.

Consolidated bonds may be issued to raise short-, intermediate-, or long-term funds. Consolidated bonds are issued with either fixed-rate coupon payment terms or variable-rate coupon payment terms that are indexed to specified indices, such as SOFR, and typically have maturities ranging from three months to 30 years. The carrying value of consolidated bonds was \$889.9 billion at September 30, 2024, a decrease of \$14.7 billion, or 2%, from \$904.6 billion at December 31, 2023. Consolidated bonds represented 76% of total consolidated obligations outstanding at both September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

Consolidated discount notes are issued to provide short-term funding and have a maturity range of one day to one year. They are generally issued below face value and mature at face value. A significant portion of consolidated discount note activity typically results from the refinancing of maturing discount notes. The carrying value of consolidated discount notes was \$275.9 billion at September 30, 2024, a decrease of \$11.2 billion, or 4%, from \$287.1 billion at December 31, 2023. Consolidated discount notes represented 24% of total consolidated obligations outstanding at both September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

Figures 15 and 16 present the principal amount of consolidated obligations by product type and by contractual maturity for the most recent five quarters.

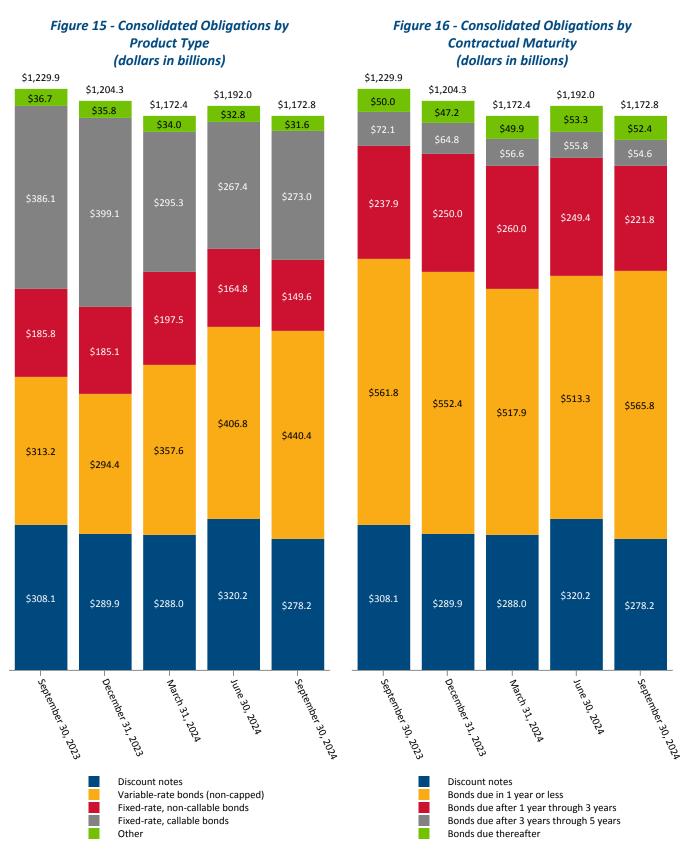


Table 12 presents the composition of consolidated obligations by product type and by contractual maturity at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023. At both September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, all outstanding variable-rate consolidated bonds were indexed to SOFR.

#### Table 12 - Types of Consolidated Obligations by Contractual Maturity

(dollars in millions)

	September	30, 2024	December	31, 2023	Change			
	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage		
Consolidated Discount Notes								
Overnight	\$ 11,051	0.9 %	\$ 11,575	1.0 %	\$ (524)	(4.5)%		
Due after 1 day through 30 days	81,302	6.9 %	74,391	6.2 %	6,911	9.3 %		
Due after 30 days through 90 days	101,309	8.6 %	133,435	11.1 %	(32,126)	(24.1)%		
Due after 90 days through 1 year	84,554	7.2 %	70,484	5.9 %	14,070	20.0 %		
Total principal amount	278,216	23.6 %	289,885	24.2 %	(11,669)	(4.0)%		
Consolidated Bonds								
Fixed-rate, non-callable								
Due in 1 year or less	83,243	7.1 %	108,007	9.0 %	(24,764)	(22.9)%		
Due after 1 year through 3 years	36,838	3.1 %	46,477	3.9 %	(9,639)	(20.7)%		
Due after 3 years through 5 years	18,911	1.7 %	19,631	1.5 %	(720)	(3.7)%		
Due after 5 years through 15 years	10,228	0.9 %	10,411	0.9 %	(183)	(1.8)%		
Thereafter	428		559		(131)	(23.4)%		
Total principal amount	149,648	12.8 %	185,085	15.3 %	(35,437)	(19.1)%		
Fixed-rate, callable								
Due in 1 year or less	114,226	9.7 %	224,405	18.6 %	(110,179)	(49.1)%		
Due after 1 year through 3 years	88,896	7.6 %	105,319	8.7 %	(16,423)	(15.6)%		
Due after 3 years through 5 years	32,397	2.8 %	38,205	3.2 %	(5,808)	(15.2)%		
Due after 5 years through 15 years	31,639	2.7 %	27,659	2.3 %	3,980	14.4 %		
Thereafter	5,812	0.5 %	3,532	0.3 %	2,280	64.6 %		
Total principal amount	272,970	23.3 %	399,120	33.1 %	(126,150)	(31.6)%		
Variable-rate (non-capped)								
Due in 1 year or less	362,402	30.9 %	215,772	17.9 %	146,630	68.0 %		
Due after 1 year through 3 years	77,687	6.6 %	78,471	6.5 %	(784)	(1.0)%		
Due after 3 years through 5 years	303	_	200	—	103	51.5 %		
Due after 5 years through 15 years	_	_	_	_	_	_		
Thereafter	_	_	_	_	_	_		
Total principal amount	440,392	37.5 %	294,443	24.4 %	145,949	49.6 %		
Step-up/step-down, callable								
Due in 1 year or less	2,106	0.2 %	1,849	0.2 %	257	13.9 %		
Due after 1 year through 3 years	9,488	0.8 %	11,448	1.0 %	(1,960)	(17.1)%		
Due after 3 years through 5 years	2,157	0.2 %	5,388	0.4 %	(3,231)	(60.0)%		
Due after 5 years through 15 years	4,281	0.4 %	4,946	0.4 %	(665)	(13.4)%		
Thereafter	_	_	_	_	_	_		
Total principal amount	18,032	1.6 %	23,631	2.0 %	(5,599)	(23.7)%		
Other								
Due in 1 year or less	3,771	0.3 %	2,335	0.2 %	1,436	61.5 %		
Due after 1 year through 3 years	8,919	0.8 %	8,360	0.7 %	559	6.7 %		
Due after 3 years through 5 years	772	0.1 %	1,377	0.1 %	(605)	(43.9)%		
Due after 5 years through 15 years	80	_	80	_	_	_		
Thereafter	_	_	_	_	_	_		
Total principal amount	13,542	1.2 %	12,152	1.0 %	1,390	11.4 %		
Total principal amount consolidated bonds	894,584	76.4 %	914,431	75.8 %	(19,847)	(2.2)%		
Total principal amount	1,172,800	100.0 %	1,204,316	100.0 %		(2.6)%		
Other adjustments, net <sup>(1)</sup>	(7,026)		(12,630)		<u>·</u>	. ,		
Total consolidated obligations	\$ 1,165,774		\$ 1,191,686					

(1) Consists of hedging and fair value option valuation adjustments, unamortized premiums and discounts, and combining adjustments.

Table 13 presents cash flows related to consolidated obligations. During the three months ended September 30, 2024, payments exceeded proceeds, resulting in lower consolidated obligations outstanding compared to June 30, 2024, driven by lower discount note issuance, in line with decreased advance activity. During the nine months ended September 30, 2024, payments exceeded proceeds, resulting in lower consolidated obligations outstanding compared to June 30, compared to December 31, 2023, in line with decreased advance activity.

#### Table 13 - Net Proceeds and Payments for Consolidated Obligations

(dollars in millions)

		Three Mo	nths	Ended Septembe	r 30,	2024		Nine Months Ended September 30,						
	2024			2023		Change		2024		2023		Change		
Net proceeds from issuance of consolidated obligations														
Discount notes	\$	1,633,648	\$	1,521,255	\$	112,393	\$	4,483,515	\$	4,461,405	\$	22,110		
Bonds		256,378		170,657		85,721		702,721		847,639		(144,918)		
Net proceeds		1,890,026		1,691,912	\$	198,114		5,186,236		5,309,044	\$	(122,808)		
Payments for maturing and retiring consolidated obligations														
Discount notes		1,674,804		1,580,829	\$	93,975		4,495,348		4,623,084	\$	(127,736)		
Bonds		233,620		219,932		13,688		722,574		637,799		84,775		
Total payments		1,908,424		1,800,761	\$	107,663		5,217,922		5,260,883	\$	(42,961)		
Net change	\$	(18,398)	\$	(108,849)			\$	(31,686)	\$	48,161				

Consolidated bonds often have investor-determined features. The decision to issue a consolidated bond using a particular structure is based on the desired amount of funding and the ability of the FHLBank(s) receiving the proceeds of the consolidated bond issued to hedge the risks. This strategy of issuing consolidated obligations while simultaneously entering into derivative transactions enables an FHLBank to offer a wider range of attractively-priced advances to its members and may allow an FHLBank to reduce its funding costs. The continued attractiveness of this strategy depends on yield relationships between the FHLBanks' consolidated obligations and the derivatives markets. If conditions change, an FHLBank may alter the types or terms of the consolidated obligatied debt/ swap transactions is beneficial to the FHLBanks because it may diversify the investor base, reduce funding costs, and/or provide additional asset/liability management tools.

Table 14 presents the bond types the FHLBanks issued for their bond funding needs. The types of consolidated bonds issued can fluctuate based on comparative changes in their cost levels, supply and demand conditions, advance demand, and the FHLBanks' individual balance sheet management strategies. During the nine months ended September 30, 2024, the total issuance of consolidated bonds decreased compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2023, in line with the decrease in demand for advances. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, issuance of consolidated bonds continued to be concentrated in short-term variable-rate consolidated bonds.

#### Table 14 - Percentage of Total Consolidated Bonds Issued by Bond Type

	Three Months End	ed September 30,	Nine Months End	ded September 30,		
	2024	2023	2024	2023		
Single-index, variable-rate	71.4 %	68.5 %	72.3 %	67.6 %		
Fixed-rate, callable	26.6 %	21.6 %	21.6 %	23.9 %		
Fixed-rate, non-callable	2.0 %	9.9 %	6.1 %	8.4 %		
Step-up/step-down <sup>(1)</sup>	-	_		0.1 %		
Total	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %		

(1) Primarily consists of callable step-up bonds.

#### Deposits

The FHLBanks offer demand and overnight deposit programs to members and to qualifying non-members. In addition, certain FHLBanks offer short-term interest-bearing deposit programs to members, and in certain cases, to qualifying non-members. Figure 17 presents deposits for the most recent five quarters.

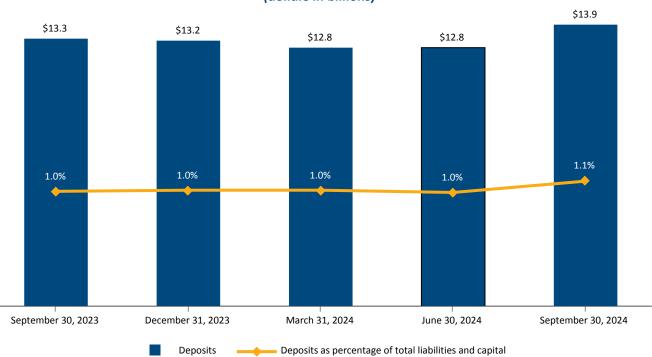


Figure 17 - Deposits (dollars in billions)

Deposits represent a relatively small portion of the FHLBanks' funding, totaling \$13.9 billion at September 30, 2024, an increase of \$0.8 billion, or 6%, from \$13.2 billion at December 31, 2023. All FHLBank deposits are uninsured and deposit balances vary depending on market factors, such as the attractiveness of the FHLBanks' deposit pricing relative to the rates available on alternative money market instruments, FHLBank members' investment preferences with respect to the maturity of their investments, and FHLBank members' liquidity. Interest-bearing demand and overnight deposits primarily being term deposits and non-interest-bearing deposits. Interest-bearing demand and overnight deposits pay interest based on a daily interest rate. Term deposits pay interest based on a fixed rate determined at the issuance of the deposit.

#### Capital

GAAP capital consists of capital stock, retained earnings, and accumulated other comprehensive income (loss). Figure 18 presents GAAP capital for the most recent five guarters.

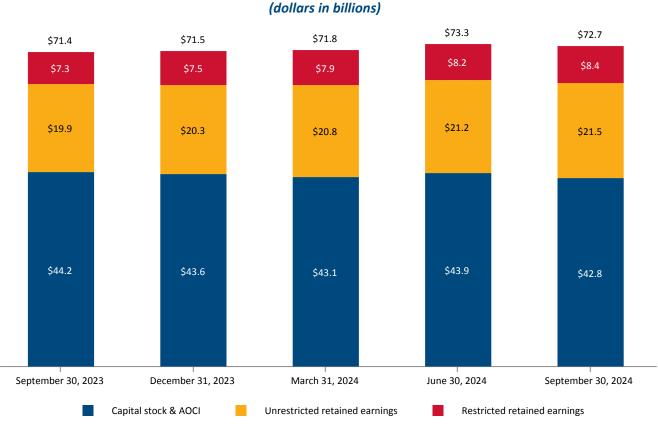




Table 15 - Total Capital and Regulatory Capital-to-Assets Ratio

(dollars in millions)

	Se	ptember 30, 2024	Dec	ember 31, 2023		Change	
Capital stock	\$	43,051	\$	44,686	\$	(1,635)	
Retained earnings:							
Unrestricted		21,506		20,348		1,158	
Restricted <sup>(1)</sup>		8,453		7,546		907	
Total retained earnings		29,959		27,894		2,065	
AOCI		(283)		(1,044)		761	
Total GAAP capital		72,727		71,536		1,191	
Exclude: AOCI		283		1,044		(761)	
Add: Mandatorily redeemable capital stock		978		1,230		(252)	
Combined regulatory capital <sup>(2)</sup>	\$	73,988	\$	73,810	\$	178	
Total assets	\$	1,263,632	\$	1,289,413	\$	(25,781)	
Regulatory capital-to-assets ratio <sup>(3)</sup>		5.86 %		5.72 %	0.14 9		

(1) Restricted retained earnings was established through the Capital Agreement, as amended, and is intended to enhance the capital position of each FHLBank. (See Note 9 -

Capital to the accompanying combined financial statements for additional information about the Capital Agreement and restricted retained earnings.)

(2) Regulatory capital requirements apply to individual FHLBanks, and the combined amounts are for analysis only. The sum of the individual FHLBank regulatory capital amounts does not agree to the combined regulatory capital due to combining adjustments.

The regulatory capital-to-assets ratio is calculated based on the FHLBanks' combined regulatory capital as a percentage of combined total assets. (See Note 9 - Capital to the (3) accompanying combined financial statements for a definition and discussion of regulatory capital.)

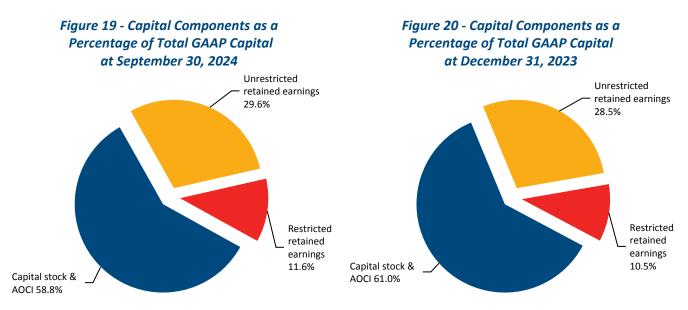
**GAAP Capital.** Total GAAP capital was \$72.7 billion at September 30, 2024, an increase of \$1.2 billion, or 2%, from \$71.5 billion at December 31, 2023, due primarily to growth in retained earnings and lower losses in AOCI, partially offset by a decrease in capital stock.

*Capital Stock.* Capital stock was \$43.1 billion at September 30, 2024, a decrease of \$1.6 billion, or 4%, from \$44.7 billion at December 31, 2023, due principally to the net redemption of activity-based capital stock.

*Retained Earnings*. Retained earnings grew to \$30.0 billion at September 30, 2024, an increase of \$2.1 billion, or 7%, from \$27.9 billion at December 31, 2023, resulting principally from net income of \$4.8 billion, partially offset by dividends of \$2.8 billion. Unrestricted retained earnings were \$21.5 billion at September 30, 2024, an increase of \$1.2 billion, or 6%, from \$20.3 billion at December 31, 2023. Restricted retained earnings were \$8.5 billion at September 30, 2024, an increase of \$0.9 billion, or 12%, from \$7.5 billion at December 31, 2023.

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss). AOCI was a loss of \$0.3 billion at September 30, 2024, compared to a loss of \$1.0 billion at December 31, 2023, primarily consisting of net unrealized losses on MBS classified as AFS securities.

Figures 19 and 20 present the components of capital as a percentage of total GAAP capital at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.



**Regulatory Capital.** Combined regulatory capital was \$74.0 billion at September 30, 2024, an increase of \$0.2 billion, or less than 1%, from \$73.8 billion at December 31, 2023, due primarily to growth in retained earnings, partially offset by a decrease in capital stock. The regulatory capital-to-assets ratio was 5.86% at September 30, 2024, an increase of 14 basis points from 5.72% at December 31, 2023.

#### **Combined Results of Operations**

#### **Net Income**

The primary source of each FHLBank's earnings is net interest income, which is the interest income on advances, mortgage loans, and investments, less the interest expense on consolidated obligations, deposits, and mandatorily redeemable capital stock. The expenses of the FHLBanks, other than interest expense, primarily consist of employee compensation and benefits, other operating expenses, voluntary housing and community investment expenses, and AHP assessments. The FHLBanks may also recognize non-interest gains and losses, such as gains and losses on derivatives and hedging activities and gains and losses on investment securities. Due to the FHLBanks' cooperative structure, the FHLBanks generally earn a narrow net interest spread. Accordingly, the FHLBanks' net income is relatively low compared to total assets and total liabilities. Figure 21 presents net income, return on average assets, and return on average equity for the most recent five quarters.

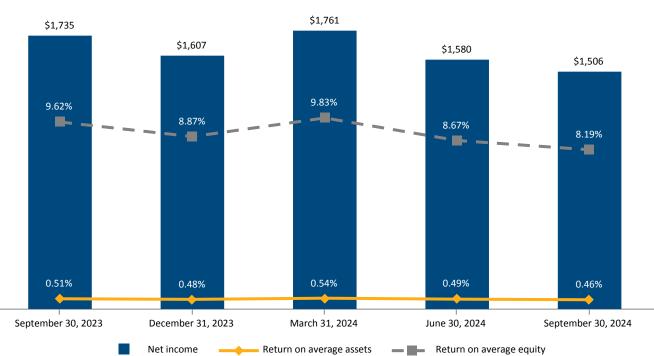


Figure 21 - Net Income (dollars in millions)

Net income was \$1,506 million and \$4,847 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, decreases of 13% and 5% compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, resulting primarily from lower net interest income and increases in voluntary housing and community investment expense, partially offset by increases in non-interest income.

#### Table 16 - Changes in Net Income

(dollars in millions)

	Th	ree Months End	ptember 30,		Change Nine Months Ended September 30,					Change		
		2024		2023		2024 vs. 2023		2024		2023	2024 vs. 2023	
Net interest income after provision (reversal) for credit losses	\$	2,160	\$	2,295	\$	(135)	\$	6,601	\$	6,644	\$	(43)
Non-interest income (loss)		110		65		45		347		273		74
Non-interest expense		594		429		165		1,553		1,263		290
Affordable Housing Program assessments		170		196		(26)		548		570		(22)
Net income	\$	1,506	\$	1,735	\$	(229)	\$	4,847	\$	5,084	\$	(237)

#### Net Interest Income after Provision (Reversal) for Credit Losses

The primary source of each FHLBank's earnings is net interest income, which is the interest income on advances, mortgage loans, and investments, less the interest expense on consolidated obligations, deposits, and mandatorily redeemable capital stock. The net interest income of the FHLBanks is affected by several external factors, including changes in interest rates, liquidity levels and demand for advances from member institutions, the general state of the economy, and fiscal and monetary policies. The future level of net interest income of the FHLBanks will depend, in part, upon the level and volatility of interest rates, demand for advances, cost of consolidated obligations, changes in fiscal and monetary policies, as well as the state of the U.S. economy and financial markets. Figure 22 presents net interest income after provision (reversal) for credit losses, net interest margin, and net interest spread for the most recent five quarters.

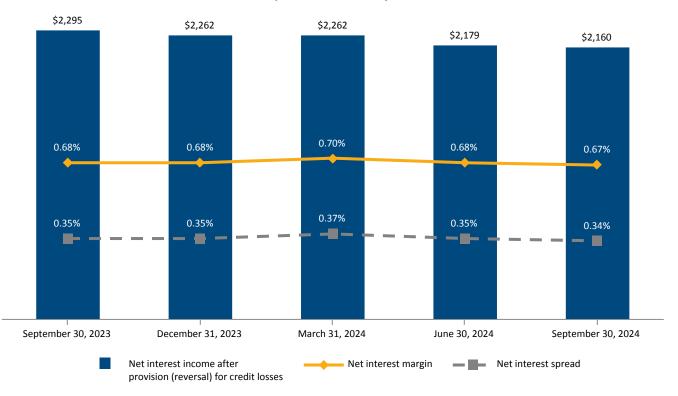


Figure 22 - Net Interest Income after Provision (Reversal) for Credit Losses (dollars in millions)

Net interest income after provision (reversal) for credit losses was \$2,160 million and \$6,601 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, decreases of 6% and 1% compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023.

#### Table 17 - Net Interest Income after Provision (Reversal) for Credit Losses

(dollars in millions)

	1	hree Months End	ded S	ed September 30, Change			 Nine Months End	ed Se	eptember 30,	Change		
		2024		2023		2024 vs. 2023	2024		2023		2024 vs. 2023	
Interest income												
Advances	\$	11,008	\$	12,053	\$	(1,045)	\$ 33,770	\$	36,500	\$	(2,730)	
Investments		6,240		5,885		355	18,226		16,544		1,682	
Mortgage loans held for portfolio		643		494		149	1,808		1,388		420	
Total interest income		17,891		18,432		(541)	53,804		54,432		(628)	
Interest expense												
Consolidated obligations - Discount notes		4,083		4,159		(76)	12,044		15,144		(3,100)	
Consolidated obligations - Bonds		11,454		11,760		(306)	34,551		32,109		2,442	
Total consolidated obligations		15,537		15,919		(382)	46,595		47,253		(658)	
Deposits and mandatorily redeemable capital stock		199		210		(11)	 615		519		96	
Total interest expense		15,736		16,129		(393)	 47,210		47,772		(562)	
Net interest income		2,155		2,303		(148)	6,594		6,660		(66)	
Provision (reversal) for credit losses		(5)		8		(13)	(7)		16		(23)	
Net interest income after provision (reversal) for credit losses	\$	2,160	\$	2,295	\$	(135)	\$ 6,601	\$	6,644	\$	(43)	

Table 18 presents average balances of and average yields/rates on the major categories of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities, net interest spread, and net interest margin. Due to the FHLBanks' cooperative structure, the FHLBanks generally earn a narrow net interest spread.

### Table 18 - Analysis of Interest Income/Expense and Average Yield/Rate

(dollars in millions)

					Three Months End	led Se	eptember 30,			
				2024					2023	
	Av	erage Balance	Inte	erest Income/ Expense	Average Yield/Rate	A	verage Balance	Inte	erest Income/ Expense	Average Yield/Rate
Assets										
Interest-bearing deposits and other	\$	36,308	\$	507	5.56 %	\$	40,379	\$	567	5.57 %
Securities purchased under agreements to resell		52,513		707	5.36 %		52,913		709	5.32 %
Federal funds sold		95,615		1,286	5.35 %		107,601		1,443	5.32 %
Investment securities <sup>(1)(2)</sup>		259,247		3,740	5.74 %		225,753		3,166	5.56 %
Advances <sup>(3)</sup>		775,910		11,008	5.64 %		853,070		12,053	5.61 %
Mortgage loans <sup>(4)</sup>		66,397		643	3.85 %		58,776		494	3.33 %
Total interest-earning assets		1,285,990		17,891	5.53 %		1,338,492		18,432	5.46 %
Other non-interest-earning assets		14,453					16,116			
Fair-value adjustment on investment securities <sup>(2)</sup>		71					(1,036)			
Total assets	\$	1,300,514				\$	1,353,572			
Liabilities and Capital										
Consolidated obligations - Discount notes	\$	311,145		4,083	5.22 %	\$	319,847		4,159	5.16 %
Consolidated obligations - Bonds		880,954		11,454	5.17 %		916,376		11,760	5.09 %
Deposits and mandatorily redeemable capital stock		14,838		199	5.34 %		15,875		210	5.25 %
Total interest-bearing liabilities		1,206,937		15,736	5.19 %		1,252,098		16,129	5.11 %
Non-interest-bearing liabilities		20,454					29,921			
Total liabilities		1,227,391					1,282,019			
Capital		73,123					71,553			
Total liabilities and capital	\$	1,300,514				\$	1,353,572			
Net interest income			\$	2,155				\$	2,303	
Net interest spread					0.34 %					0.35 %
Net interest margin					0.67 %					0.68 %
Total interest-earning assets to total interest-bearing liabilities		106.55 %					106.90 %			

					Nine Months End	ed Se	ptember 30,			
				2024					2023	
	Av	erage Balance	In	terest Income/ Expense	Average Yield/Rate	A	verage Balance	Int	erest Income/ Expense	Average Yield/Rate
Assets										
Interest-bearing deposits and other	\$	36,301	\$	1,529	5.63 %	\$	40,082	\$	1,569	5.23 %
Securities purchased under agreements to resell		52,318		2,112	5.39 %		60,551		2,262	4.99 %
Federal funds sold		92,601		3,740	5.39 %		112,736		4,213	5.00 %
Investment securities <sup>(1)(2)</sup>		251,267		10,845	5.77 %		217,547		8,500	5.22 %
Advances <sup>(3)</sup>		793,458		33,770	5.69 %		930,194		36,500	5.25 %
Mortgage loans <sup>(4)</sup>		64,133		1,808	3.77 %		57,231		1,388	3.24 %
Total interest-earning assets		1,290,078		53,804	5.57 %		1,418,341		54,432	5.13 %
Other non-interest-earning assets		14,884					15,513			
Fair-value adjustment on investment securities <sup>(2)</sup>		(302)					(939)			
Total assets	\$	1,304,660				\$	1,432,915			
						-		•		
Liabilities and Capital										
Consolidated obligations - Discount notes	\$	306,141		12,044	5.26 %	\$	422,578		15,144	4.79 %
Consolidated obligations - Bonds		887,914		34,551	5.20 %		894,075		32,109	4.80 %
Deposits and mandatorily redeemable capital stock		14,780		615	5.56 %		14,941		519	4.64 %
Total interest-bearing liabilities		1,208,835		47,210	5.22 %		1,331,594		47,772	4.80 %
Non-interest-bearing liabilities		23,001					27,983			
Total liabilities		1,231,836					1,359,577	•		
Capital		72,824					73,338			
Total liabilities and capital	\$	1,304,660				\$	1,432,915			
Net interest income			\$	6,594				\$	6,660	
Net interest spread					0.35 %					0.33 %
Net interest margin					0.68 %					0.63 %
Total interest-earning assets to total interest-bearing liabilities		106.72 %					106.51 %			

(1) Investment securities consist of Trading, AFS, and HTM securities.

(2) The average balances of AFS securities and HTM securities are reflected at amortized cost. (See <u>Note 3 - Investments</u> to the accompanying combined financial statements for additional information.)

(3) Interest income includes prepayment fees, net on advances of \$4 million and \$31 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, and \$36 million and \$139 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023.

(4) Non-accrual loans are included in the average balances used to determine average yield/rate.

Changes in both average interest rates and average balances of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities have a direct influence on changes in net interest income, net interest margin, and net interest spread. Table 19 presents changes in interest income and interest expense due to rate-related and volume-related factors. Changes in interest income and interest expense not identifiable as either rate-related or volume-related, but rather attributable to both rate and volume changes, have been allocated to the rate and volume categories based on the proportion of the absolute value of the rate and volume changes.

### Table 19 - Rate and Volume Analysis

(dollars in millions)

	Three M	ontł	ns Ended Septer	mbe	er 30,	 Nine M	onth	s Ended Septen	nber	30,
		2	024 vs. 2023				2	024 vs. 2023		
	Volume		Rate		Total	 Volume		Rate		Total
Interest Income										
Interest-bearing deposits and other	\$ (57)	\$	(3)	\$	60)	\$ (155)	\$	115	\$	(40)
Securities purchased under agreements to resell	(5)		3		(2)	(323)		173		(150)
Federal funds sold	(161)		4		(157)	(790)		317		(473)
Investment securities <sup>(1)</sup>	479		95		574	1,391		954		2,345
Advances	(1,076)		31		(1,045)	(5,660)		2,930		(2,730)
Mortgage loans	 69		80		149	 178		242		420
Total interest income	(751)		210		(541)	(5,359)		4,731		(628)
Interest Expense										
Consolidated obligations - Discount notes	(113)		37		(76)	(4,487)		1,387		(3,100)
Consolidated obligations - Bonds	(457)		151		(306)	(224)		2,666		2,442
Deposits and mandatorily redeemable capital stock	(14)		3		(11)	(6)		102		96
Total interest expense	 (584)		191		(393)	 (4,717)		4,155		(562)
Changes in net interest income	\$ (167)	\$	19	\$	6 (148)	\$ (642)	\$	576	\$	(66)

(1) Investment securities consist of Trading, AFS, and HTM securities.

Net interest income was \$2,155 million and \$6,594 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, decreases of 6% and 1% compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023. Net interest margin was 0.67% for the three months ended September 30, 2024, a decrease of 1 basis point compared to the three months ended September 30, 2023. Net interest margin was 0.68% for the nine months ended September 30, 2023. Net interest margin was 0.68% for the nine months ended September 30, 2023. Net interest margin was 0.68% for the nine months ended September 30, 2023. Net interest spread was 0.34% for the three months ended September 30, 2024, a decrease of 1 basis point compared to the three months ended September 30, 2023. Net interest spread was 0.34% for the three months ended September 30, 2024, a decrease of 1 basis point compared to the three months ended September 30, 2023. Net interest spread was 0.35% for the nine months ended September 30, 2023. Net interest spread was 0.35% for the nine months ended September 30, 2023. Net interest spread was 0.35% for the nine months ended September 30, 2023. Net interest spread was 0.35% for the nine months ended September 30, 2023. Net interest spread was 0.35% for the nine months ended September 30, 2023.

- Interest income was \$17,891 million and \$53,804 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, decreases of 3% and 1% compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, driven primarily by decreases in the average balances of advances, partially offset by increases in the average yields on total interest-earning assets. The average balances of advances were \$775.9 billion and \$793.5 billion for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, decreases of 9% and 15% compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023. The average yields on total interestearning assets were 5.53% and 5.57% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, increases of 7 and 44 basis points from 5.46% and 5.13% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023.
- Interest expense was \$15,736 million and \$47,210 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, decreases of 2% and 1% compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, driven primarily by decreases in the average balances of consolidated obligations, partially offset by the higher average rates on consolidated obligations. The average balances of consolidated obligations were \$1,192.1 billion and \$1,194.1 billion for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, decreases of 4% and 9% compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, decreases of consolidated obligations were 5.18% and 5.21% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, increases of 7 and 41 basis points from 5.11% and 4.80% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023.

### Factors Affecting Net Interest Income.

Advances. Interest income on advances was \$11,008 million and \$33,770 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, decreases of 9% and 7% compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, resulting primarily from decreases in the average balances of advances, partially offset by increases in the average yields on advances. The average balances of advances were \$775.9 billion and \$793.5 billion for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, decreases of 9% and 15% compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, resulting primarily from decreases in advances to large depository members. The average yields on advances were 5.64% and 5.69% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, increases of 3 and 44 basis points from 5.61% and 5.25% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023. The increases in the average yields on advances were the result of higher interest rates on advances, driven by the higher interest-rate environment.

*Mortgage Loans.* Interest income on mortgage loans was \$643 million and \$1,808 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, both increases of 30% compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, resulting from increases in both the average yields on, and the average balances of, mortgage loans. The average yields on mortgage loans were 3.85% and 3.77% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, increases of 52 and 53 basis points from 3.33% and 3.24% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, resulting primarily from higher interest rates on mortgage loans. The average balances of mortgage loans were \$66.4 billion and \$64.1 billion for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, increases of 13% and 12% compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, and 12% compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, and 12% compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, and 12% compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, and 12% compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, increases of 13% and 12% compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, increases of 13% and 12% compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, increases of 13% and 12% compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, as mortgage loan purchase volume outpaced repayments.

*Total Investments.* Interest income on total investments was \$6,240 million and \$18,226 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, increases of 6% and 10% compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, resulting primarily from increases in the average balances of investment securities and the average yields on total investments, partially offset by the decreases in the average balances of federal funds sold, securities purchased under agreements to resell, and interest-bearing deposits. The average balances of investment securities were \$259.2 billion and \$251.3 billion for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, increases of 15% and 16% compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, due primarily to increases in AFS securities. The average yields on total investments were 5.60% and 5.63% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, increases of 13 and 50 basis points from 5.47% and 5.13% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023. The increases in the average yields on investments funded by member capital and the effect of derivatives and hedging activities on interest income from investment securities in the higher interest-rate environment. (See *Table 20* for additional information regarding the effect of derivatives on net interest income and *Liquidity and Capital Resources* for more discussion regarding the FHLBanks' liquidity requirements.)

*Consolidated Obligations.* Interest expense on consolidated obligations was \$15,537 million and \$46,595 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, decreases of 2% and 1% compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, driven primarily by the decreases in the average balances of consolidated obligations, partially offset by the higher average rates on consolidated obligations. The average balances of consolidated obligations were \$1,192.1 billion and \$1,194.1 billion for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, decreases of 4% and 9% compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, in line with the decrease in advance activity. The average rates on consolidated obligations were 5.18% and 5.21% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, increases of 7 and 41 basis points from 5.11% and 4.80% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023.

### Effect of Derivatives and Hedging Activities on Net Interest Income.

Net interest income includes components related to the effect of derivatives and hedging activities resulting from the FHLBanks' hedging strategies. If a hedging relationship is designated and qualifies for hedge accounting treatment, the net interest settlements of interest receivables or payables related to derivatives designated in fair value or cash flow hedge relationships are recognized as adjustments to interest income or expense of the designated hedged item. When fair value hedge accounting is discontinued, the cumulative basis adjustment on the hedged item is amortized or accreted into net interest income over the remaining life of the hedged item using a level-yield methodology. In addition, changes in fair value of the derivative and the hedged item for designated fair value hedges are recorded in net interest income in the same line as the hedged item. (See <u>Note 6 - Derivatives</u> <u>and Hedging Activities</u> to the accompanying combined financial statements for additional information on the effect of derivatives and hedging activities.) Table 20 presents the effect of derivatives and hedging activities on net interest income.

# Table 20 - Effect of Derivatives and Hedging Activities on Net Interest Income (dollars in millions)

			T	hree	Months Ended	l Sej	otember 30, 202	24		
	A	dvances	Investment Securities		Mortgage Loans <sup>(1)</sup>	(	Consolidated Bonds	-	onsolidated scount Notes	 Total
Net interest income										
Amortization and accretion of hedging activities in net interest income	\$	10	\$ (37)	\$	2	\$	(109)	\$	_	\$ (134)
Net gains (losses) on derivatives and hedged items		(14)	23		_		112		(3)	118
Net interest settlements on derivatives		1,511	 981		_		(1,890)		(12)	 590
Total effect on net interest income	\$	1,507	\$ 967	\$	2	\$	(1,887)	\$	(15)	\$ 574

			т	hree	Months Endeo	l Sej	otember 30, 202	23		
	A	dvances	 Investment Securities		Mortgage Loans <sup>(1)</sup>	(	Consolidated Bonds	-	onsolidated scount Notes	 Total
Net interest income										
Amortization and accretion of hedging activities in net interest income	\$	43	\$ (26)	\$	1	\$	(139)	\$	_	\$ (121)
Net gains (losses) on derivatives and hedged items		17	26		_		138		(6)	175
Net interest settlements on derivatives		1,623	 873		_		(2,289)		9	 216
Total effect on net interest income	\$	1,683	\$ 873	\$	1	\$	(2,290)	\$	3	\$ 270

			Ν	Vine	Months Ended	Sep	tember 30, 202	4		
	A	dvances	Investment Securities		Mortgage Loans <sup>(1)</sup>	(	Consolidated Bonds	-	onsolidated scount Notes	Total
Net interest income										
Amortization and accretion of hedging activities in net interest income	\$	41	\$ (121)	\$	2	\$	(398)	\$	(1)	\$ (477)
Net gains (losses) on derivatives and hedged items		8	64		_		406		(2)	476
Net interest settlements on derivatives		4,616	2,864		—		(6,053)		(12)	1,415
Total effect on net interest income	\$	4,665	\$ 2,807	\$	2	\$	(6,045)	\$	(15)	\$ 1,414

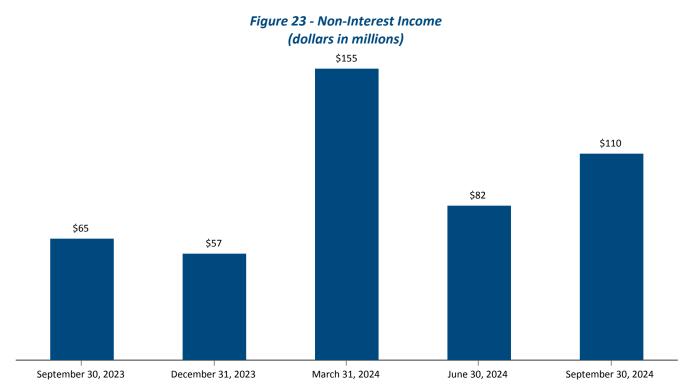
			Ν	Vine	Months Ended	Sep	tember 30, 202	3		
	A	dvances	 Investment Securities		Mortgage Loans <sup>(1)</sup>	(	Consolidated Bonds	-	onsolidated scount Notes	Total
Net interest income										
Amortization and accretion of hedging activities in net interest income	\$	76	\$ (106)	\$	1	\$	(334)	\$	(2)	\$ (365)
Net gains (losses) on derivatives and hedged items		(260)	43		_		287		(1)	69
Net interest settlements on derivatives		4,174	2,379		_		(6,204)		12	361
Total effect on net interest income	\$	3,990	\$ 2,316	\$	1	\$	(6,251)	\$	9	\$ 65

(1) Includes standalone mortgage delivery commitments.

FHLBANKS COMBINED FINANCIAL REPORT | 2024 3Q

### **Non-Interest Income**

Non-interest income consists of realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investment securities, derivatives activities, financial instruments held under fair value option, and other non-interest-earning activities. Figure 23 presents non-interest income for the most recent five quarters.



Non-interest income was a net gain of \$110 million and a net gain of \$347 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, increases of \$45 million and \$74 million compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, resulting primarily from changes in the fair value of investment securities, derivatives, and financial instruments held under the fair value option, driven by changes in interest rates.

### Table 21 - Changes in Non-Interest Income

(dollars in millions)

	 Three M	/Ionth	is Ended Septem	ber 3	30,		Nine M	lonth	is Ended Septemb	oer 3	0,
	2024		2023	_	Change	_	2024		2023		Change
Net gains (losses) on investment securities	\$ 455	\$	(90)	\$	545	\$	367	\$	(46)	\$	413
Net gains (losses) on financial instruments held under fair value option	(79)		(75)		(4)		(84)		(144)		60
Net gains (losses) on derivatives	(343)		189		(532)		(179)		262		(441)
Other, net	 77		41		36		243		201		42
Total non-interest income (loss)	\$ 110	\$	65	\$	45	\$	347	\$	273	\$	74

Gains (Losses) on Investment Securities. The FHLBanks classify investment securities as AFS, HTM, or trading securities. The realized gains (losses) from the sale of AFS and HTM securities are recognized in current period earnings. Trading securities are recorded at fair value, with changes in fair value reflected in non-interest income. A number of factors affect the fair value of investment securities, such as the current and projected levels of interest rates, credit spreads, and volatility, as well as the passage of time. The net gain on investment securities was \$455 million for the three months ended September 30, 2024, compared to a net loss of \$90 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023. The net gain on investment securities was \$367 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2024, compared to a net loss of \$46 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023. The three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, were due primarily to changes in the fair value of investment securities classified as trading securities, driven by changes in interest rates.

Gains (Losses) on Financial Instruments Held under Fair Value Option. Certain FHLBanks elect the fair value option for certain financial assets and certain financial liabilities, and these FHLBanks recognize the changes in fair value on these assets and liabilities as unrealized gains and losses in current period earnings. The use of the fair value option allows these FHLBanks to mitigate potential income statement volatility that can arise when an economic derivative is adjusted for changes in fair value, but the related hedged item is not. The net loss on financial instruments held under fair value options was \$79 million for the three months ended September 30, 2024, compared to a net loss of \$75 million for the three months ended September 30, 2024, compared to a net loss of \$144 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023. The net losses for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, resulted from fair value losses on consolidated obligations held under the fair value option, partially offset by fair value gains on advances held under the fair value option. (See *Table 22* and *Note 11 - Fair Value* to the accompanying combined financial statements for additional information regarding the gains (losses) on financial instruments held under the fair value option.

Gains (Losses) on Derivatives. Gains (losses) on derivatives are primarily comprised of the change in fair value of economic hedges, which are derivatives hedging specific or non-specific underlying assets, liabilities, or firm commitments that do not qualify, or were not designated, for fair value or cash flow hedge accounting. Gains (losses) on derivatives fluctuate with changes in market conditions and are based on a wide range of factors, including current and projected levels of interest rates, credit spreads, and volatility, as well as the passage of time.

The net loss on derivatives was \$343 million for the three months ended September 30, 2024, compared to a net gain of \$189 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023. The net losses for the three months ended September 30, 2024, were due primarily to fair value losses on economic hedges, which hedge investment securities and advances, partially offset by fair value gains on economic hedges, which hedge consolidated obligations. The net loss on derivatives was \$179 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023. The net losses for the nine months ended September 30, 2024, compared to a net gain of \$262 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023. The net losses for the nine months ended September 30, 2024, were due primarily to fair value losses on economic hedges, which hedge consolidated obligations and investment securities. Table 22 presents the effect of derivatives on non-interest income.

# Table 22 - Effect of Derivatives on Non-Interest Income

(dollars in millions)

					Thre	e Mo	onths Ended	l Sep	tember 30,	2024				
	Adva	nces	estment curities	r	Mortgage Loans	Со	nsolidated Bonds		nsolidated Discount Notes	l	Balance Sheet	Pos	ermediary itions and Other	Total
Net gains (losses) on derivatives														
Gains (losses) related to derivatives not designated as hedging instruments	\$	(93)	\$ (360)	\$	(27)	\$	46	\$	82	\$	_	\$	6	\$ (346)
Price alignment amount		_	 _		_		_		_		_		3	 3
Total net gains (losses) on derivatives		(93)	 (360)		(27)		46		82		_		9	(343)
Net gains (losses) on trading securities <sup>(1)</sup>		_	447				_							 447
Net gains (losses) on financial instruments under fair value option		96	_		_		(59)		(116)		_		_	(79)
Total effect on non-interest income	\$	3	\$ 87	\$	(27)	\$	(13)	\$	(34)	\$	_	\$	9	\$ 25

					Thre	e M	Ionths Ended	l Sep	tember 30,	202	3				
	Adva	nces	estment curities	r	Mortgage Loans	Co	onsolidated Bonds		nsolidated Discount Notes		Balance Sheet	Pos	ermediary itions and Other		Total
Net gains (losses) on derivatives															
Gains (losses) related to derivatives not designated as hedging instruments	\$	41	\$ 173	\$	27	\$	(35)	\$	(4)	\$	_	\$	(6)	\$	196
Price alignment amount		_	 _		_		_				_		(7)		(7)
Total net gains (losses) on derivatives		41	173		27		(35)		(4)		_		(13)	_	189
Net gains (losses) on trading securities <sup>(1)</sup>		_	 (84)		_		_		_		_		_	_	(84)
Net gains (losses) on financial instruments under fair value option		(14)	_		(1)		(43)		(17)		_		_		(75)
Total effect on non-interest income	\$	27	\$ 89	\$	26	\$	(78)	\$	(21)	\$	_	\$	(13)	\$	30

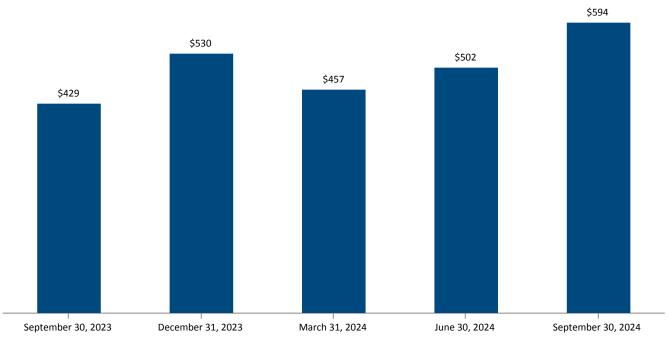
				Nine	e N	Months Ended	Sep	otember 30, 2	2024			
	Advances		Investment Securities	Mortgage Loans	c	Consolidated Bonds	-	onsolidated Discount Notes		Balance Sheet	ermediary sitions and Other	Total
Net gains (losses) on derivatives												
Gains (losses) related to derivatives not designated as hedging instruments	\$ (2	0)	\$ (65)	\$ (9)	\$	\$ (41)	\$	(49)	\$	_	\$ (3)	\$ (187)
Price alignment amount	-	-	_	 _		_		_		_	 8	 8
Total net gains (losses) on derivatives	(2	0)	(65)	(9)		(41)		(49)		_	5	(179)
Net gains (losses) on trading securities <sup>(1)</sup>	-	-	358	_		_	_	_		_	_	358
Net gains (losses) on financial instruments under fair value option	8	3	-	_		(101)		(66)		_	 _	(84)
Total effect on non-interest income	\$6	3	\$ 293	\$ (9)	\$	\$ (142)	\$	(115)	\$	_	\$ 5	\$ 95

				Nine	e IV	/lonths Ended	September 30,	202	3			
	Adva	nces	vestment ecurities	Mortgage Loans	с	Consolidated Bonds	Consolidated Discount Notes		Balance Sheet	Intermedi Positions a Other		 Total
Net gains (losses) on derivatives												
Gains (losses) related to derivatives not designated as hedging instruments	\$	88	\$ 348	\$ 32	\$	5 (131)	\$ (47)	\$	(1)	\$ ()	10)	\$ 279
Price alignment amount		_	 _	 _		_			_	(1	17)	 (17)
Total net gains (losses) on derivatives		88	348	32		(131)	(47)		(1)	(:	27)	262
Net gains (losses) on trading securities <sup>(1)</sup>		_	 (41)	_		_	_		_		_	(41)
Net gains (losses) on financial instruments under fair value option		(9)	 _	(1)		(63)	(71)		_		_	 (144)
Total effect on non-interest income	\$	79	\$ 307	\$ 31	\$	6 (194)	\$ (118)	\$	(1)	\$ (:	27)	\$ 77

(1) Includes only those gains (losses) on trading securities that have been economically hedged.

### **Non-Interest Expense**

Non-interest expense consists of compensation and benefits, other operating expenses, FHFA expenses, Office of Finance expenses, voluntary housing and community investment expenses, and other expenses. Figure 24 presents non-interest expense for the most recent five quarters.





Non-interest expense was \$594 million and \$1,553 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, increases of 38% and 23% compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, driven by increases in voluntary housing and community investment expenses, as well as higher other operating expenses.

The FHLBanks expensed voluntary contributions to housing and community investment initiatives, which totaled \$176 million and \$307 million, including \$24 million and \$72 million related to voluntary AHP contributions, during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, increases of \$138 million and \$218 million compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023.

The increases in other operating expenses resulted primarily from increased investment in information technology at certain FHLBanks.

### Table 23 - Changes in Non-Interest Expense

(dollars in millions)

	Three Months Ended September 30,					Nine Months Ended September 30,					
	2024		2023		Change		2024		2023		Change
Compensation and benefits	\$ 210	\$	202	\$	8	\$	636	\$	617	\$	19
Other operating expenses	154		140		14		447		406		41
Federal Housing Finance Agency	27		26		1		80		76		4
Office of Finance	19		16		3		58		53		5
Voluntary housing and community investment	176		38		138		307		89		218
Other expenses	 8		7		1		25		22		3
Total non-interest expense	\$ 594	\$	429	\$	165	\$	1,553	\$	1,263	\$	290

### **Affordable Housing Program Assessments**

Each FHLBank recognizes AHP assessment expense equal to the greater of 10% of its annual income subject to assessment, or the prorated sum required to ensure the aggregate contribution by the FHLBanks is no less than \$100 million for each year. For purposes of the statutory AHP calculation, each FHLBank's income subject to assessment is defined as the individual FHLBank's net income before assessments, plus interest expense related to mandatorily redeemable capital stock. (See *Legislative and Regulatory Developments - FHFA's Review and Analysis of the FHLBank System* included in the Federal Home Loan Banks Combined Financial Reports for the year ended December 31, 2023 (pages 99 to 101) and the quarterly periods ended March 31, 2024 (pages 44 to 45) and June 30, 2024 (pages 47 to 48), for information about potential changes that may affect the FHLBanks' Affordable Housing and Community Investment Cash Advance programs.)

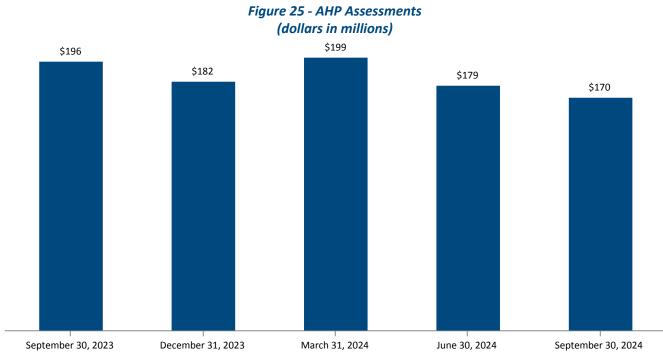


Figure 25 presents AHP assessments for the most recent five quarters.

In addition to the statutory AHP assessment, an FHLBank may make voluntary contributions to the AHP or other housing and community investment initiatives. In connection with that, and in recognition that additional funding would be beneficial in meeting community needs in affordable housing as well as business and community development, the FHLBanks are either already making additional voluntary contributions or are in the process of increasing their voluntary contribution levels. (See <u>Non-Interest Expense</u> for more information.)

### **Comprehensive Income**

Comprehensive income is comprised of net income and other comprehensive income. Other comprehensive income is reported on the Combined Statements of Comprehensive Income and presents the net change in the accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) balances.

Other comprehensive income was a net loss of \$190 million and a net gain of \$761 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, compared to a net loss of \$477 million and a net loss of \$281 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023. The net loss in other comprehensive income for the three months ended September 30, 2024, primarily consisted of net unrealized losses relating to hedging activities due to changes in interest rates and net unrealized losses on MBS classified as AFS securities. The net gain in other comprehensive income for the nine months ended September 30, 2024, primarily consisted of net unrealized as AFS securities. The net gain in other comprehensive income for the nine months ended September 30, 2024, primarily consisted of net unrealized gains on MBS classified as AFS securities.

### Table 24 - Comprehensive Income

(dollars in millions)

	Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Months Ended September 30,						
	2024 2023			Change	2024			2023		Change	
Net income	\$ 1,506	\$	1,735	\$	(229)	\$	4,847	\$	5,084	\$	(237)
Other comprehensive income											
Net unrealized gains (losses) on AFS securities	(56)		(533)		477		850		(368)		1,218
Net non-credit portion of other-than- temporary gains (losses) on HTM securities	_		_		_		_		3		(3)
Net unrealized gains (losses) relating to hedging activities	(133)		58		(191)		(83)		63		(146)
Pension and postretirement benefits	(1)		(2)		1		(6)		21		(27)
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	 (190)		(477)		287		761		(281)		1,042
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 1,316	\$	1,258	\$	58	\$	5,608	\$	4,803	\$	805

**Changes in Fair Value of AFS Securities.** For AFS securities in hedging relationships that qualify as fair value hedges, the FHLBanks record the portion of the change in the fair value of the investment related to the risk being hedged in interest income on AFS securities together with the related change in the fair value of the derivative, and record the remainder of the change in the fair value of the investment in other comprehensive income as net unrealized gains (losses) on AFS securities. For AFS securities not designated in a fair value hedge relationship, the changes in the fair value of AFS securities are recorded in other comprehensive income. The net change in unrealized gains (losses) on AFS securities is due primarily to changes in interest rates, credit spreads, the passage of time, and volatility.

**Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) Relating to Hedging Activities.** Net unrealized gains (losses) relating to hedging activities is comprised of changes in the fair value of a derivative that is designated and qualifies as a cash flow hedge until earnings are affected by the variability of the cash flows of the hedged transaction and the amounts are reclassified to interest income or interest expense. The FHLBanks' gains (losses) on hedging activities fluctuate with volatility in the overall interest-rate environment and with the positions taken by the FHLBanks to hedge their risk exposure using cash flow hedges.

### Liquidity and Capital Resources

### Liquidity

Each FHLBank is required to maintain liquidity in accordance with the FHLBank Act, FHFA regulations and guidance, and policies established by its management and board of directors. Each FHLBank seeks to be in a position to meet the credit and liquidity needs of its members and to meet all current and future financial commitments of the FHLBank. Each FHLBank seeks to achieve this objective by managing liquidity positions to maintain stable, reliable, and cost-effective sources of funds while taking into account market conditions, member demand, and the maturity profile of the assets and liabilities of the FHLBank.

The FHLBanks may not be able to predict future trends in member credit needs because member credit needs are driven by complex interactions among a number of factors, including members' mortgage loan originations, other loan portfolio activity, deposit levels, and the attractiveness of advances compared to other wholesale borrowing alternatives. Each FHLBank monitors current trends and anticipates future debt issuance needs to fund its members' credit needs and investment opportunities of the FHLBank. An FHLBank's ability to expand its balance sheet and corresponding liquidity requirements in response to its members' increased credit needs is correlated to its members' requirements for advances and mortgage loans. Alternatively, in response to reduced member credit needs, an FHLBank may allow its consolidated obligations to mature without replacement, or repurchase and retire outstanding consolidated obligations, allowing its balance sheet to shrink. Over time, the FHLBanks historically have had comparatively stable access to funding through a diverse investor base.

**Sources of Liquidity.** The FHLBanks' primary sources of liquidity are proceeds from the issuance of consolidated obligations, as well as cash and investment holdings that are primarily high-quality, short-, and intermediate-term financial instruments. The FHLBanks' consolidated obligations are not obligations of the United States and are not guaranteed by the United States, but have historically received the same credit rating as the government bond credit rating of the United States. S&P, Moody's, or other rating organizations could downgrade or upgrade the credit ratings of the U.S. government and GSEs, including the FHLBanks and their consolidated obligations. Investors should note that a rating issued by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization is not a recommendation to buy, sell, or hold securities, and that the ratings may be revised or withdrawn at any time. Investors should not take the historical or current ratings of the FHLBanks or their consolidated obligations as an indication of future ratings for the FHLBanks and their consolidated obligations as an indication about the credit ratings associated with the FHLBanks' consolidated obligations as well as the credit rating of each individual FHLBank.)

Other sources of liquidity include advance repayments, payments collected on mortgage loans, proceeds from the issuance of capital stock, and deposits from members. In addition, by law, the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to purchase up to \$4 billion aggregate principal amount of consolidated obligations of the FHLBanks. This authority may be exercised only if alternative means cannot be effectively employed to permit the FHLBanks to continue to supply reasonable amounts of funds to the mortgage market, and the ability to supply such funds is substantially impaired because of monetary stringency and a high level of interest rates. Any funds borrowed from the U.S. Treasury shall be repaid by the FHLBanks at the earliest practicable date.

**Uses of Liquidity.** The FHLBanks' primary uses of liquidity are advance originations and consolidated obligation payments. Other uses of liquidity are mortgage loan and investment purchases, dividend payments, and other contractual payments. An FHLBank also maintains liquidity to redeem or repurchase excess capital stock, at its discretion, upon the request of a member or under an FHLBank's capital plan.

**FHLBank Funding and Debt Issuance.** Changes or disruptions in the capital markets could limit the FHLBanks' ability to issue consolidated obligations. During the nine months ended September 30, 2024, the FHLBanks maintained continual access to funding. The FHLBanks' funding was generally driven by member demand for advances and was achieved primarily through the issuance of short-term variable-rate consolidated bonds and consolidated discount notes during the nine months ended September 30, 2024. Average funding spreads of newly-issued consolidated obligations relative to benchmark Treasury and SOFR indices declined during the nine months ended September 30, 2023. (See <u>Combined</u> <u>Financial Condition - Consolidated Obligations</u> for additional information about net proceeds and payments of consolidated obligations.)

**Refinancing Risk and Investor Concentration Risk.** There are inherent risks in utilizing short-term funding to support longer-dated assets and the FHLBanks may be exposed to refinancing risk and investor concentration risk. Refinancing risk includes the risk that the FHLBanks could have difficulty rolling over short-term obligations when market conditions change or investor confidence in short-term consolidated obligations declines. In managing and monitoring the amounts of financial assets that require refinancing, the FHLBanks consider their contractual maturities, as well as certain assumptions regarding expected cash flows (i.e., estimated prepayments, embedded call optionality, and scheduled amortizations). Investor concentration risk includes the risk that a market-driven or regulatory disruption to certain investor classes could lead to significant investor outflows causing unfavorable market conditions, the inherent refinancing and investor concentration risks may also increase. For example, as of September 30, 2024, the holding of the FHLBanks' consolidated obligations by taxable money market funds, as a percentage of the total outstanding consolidated obligations, was 51%, compared to 46% at December 31, 2023, based on data from SEC filings by registered money market funds. The holdings of the FHLBanks'

consolidated obligations by taxable money market funds represented 10% and 9% of these funds' assets under management at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, based on data from SEC filings by registered money market funds. While demand from this investor class has benefited the FHLBanks' ability to access short-term funding at attractive costs, this demand could change over time. (See the notes to the accompanying combined financial statements for additional information regarding contractual maturities of certain financial assets and financial liabilities and *Risk Factors - Liquidity Risk* on pages 35 to 36 of the Federal Home Loan Banks Combined Financial Report for the year ended December 31, 2023, for more information on refinancing risk and investor concentration risk.)

**Interest-Rate Risk.** The FHLBanks may use a portion of the short-term consolidated obligations issued to fund both short- and long-term variable-rate assets. However, funding longer-term variable-rate assets with shorter-term liabilities generally does not expose the FHLBanks to interest-rate risk because the rates on the variable-rate assets reset similarly to the liabilities (either through rate resets or re-issuance of the obligations). The FHLBanks measure and monitor interest-rate risk with commonly used methods and metrics, which include the calculations of market value of equity, duration of equity, and duration gap. (See <u>Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures</u> <u>about Market Risk</u> for additional discussion and analysis regarding the FHLBanks' sensitivity to interest rate changes and the use of derivatives to manage their exposure to interest-rate risk.)

Asset/Liability Maturity Profile. Each FHLBank is focused on maintaining an adequate amount of liquidity, and the FHLBanks work collectively to manage FHLBank System-wide liquidity and funding needs. The FHLBanks are committed to prudent risk management practices and jointly monitor certain FHLBank System risks, including by tracking the funding gap, which is a measure of the difference in the projected cash flows from their financial assets and financial liabilities. External factors, including FHLBank member borrowing needs, supply and demand in the debt markets, and other factors may affect the amount of liquidity and the balance between the cash flows for financial assets and financial liabilities. However, due to the FHLBanks' status as GSEs, they have traditionally had ready access to funding at relatively favorable rates.

**Regulatory Liquidity Requirements.** To protect the FHLBanks against temporary disruptions in access to the debt markets in response to a rise in capital markets volatility, the FHFA requires each FHLBank to:

- have available at all times an amount greater than or equal to its members' current deposits invested in advances with maturities not to exceed five years, deposits in banks or trust companies, and obligations of the U.S. Treasury;
- maintain, in the aggregate, unpledged qualifying assets in an amount at least equal to the amount of its participation in total consolidated obligations outstanding; and
- maintain a base case amount of liquidity.

Each FHLBank also maintains a contingency funding plan designed to address liquidity shortfalls in times of need, such as operational disruptions at an FHLBank and/or the Office of Finance, or short-term capital market disruptions. In addition, under its funding contingency plan policy, the Office of Finance has an allocation methodology for the proceeds from the issuance of consolidated obligations when consolidated obligations cannot be issued in sufficient amounts to satisfy all FHLBank demand for funding during periods of financial distress and when its existing allocation processes are deemed insufficient.

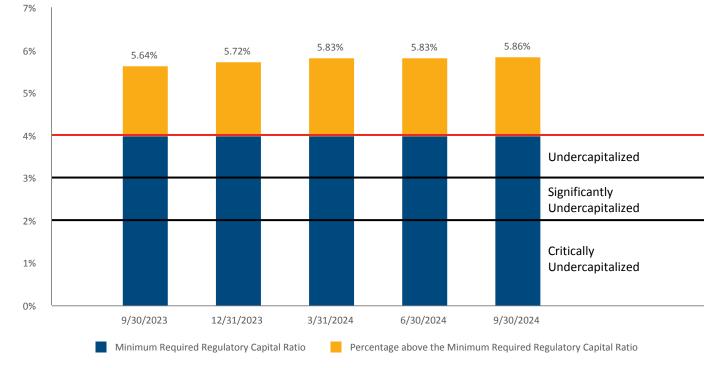
During the nine months ended September 30, 2024, each of the FHLBanks was in compliance with the FHFA's liquidity requirements, including the FHFA's Advisory Bulletins on liquidity and the FHFA's funding gap guidance for three-month and one-year maturity horizons.

### **Capital Resources**

The FHLBanks' ability to expand their balance sheets as member credit needs increase is based, in part, on the capital stock requirements for advances. In addition, FHFA regulations stipulate that each FHLBank must comply with three limits on capital. Although each FHLBank's minimum regulatory capital-to-assets ratio requirement is 4.0%, each FHLBank strives to maintain a level of retained earnings to support its regulatory capital compliance, stable dividend payments to members, and business growth. At September 30, 2024, each FHLBank was in compliance with its statutory minimum capital requirements. In addition, an FHFA Advisory Bulletin expects each FHLBank to maintain a ratio of at least two percent of capital stock to total assets. At September 30, 2024, each FHLBank was in compliance with this guidance. (See <u>Note 9 - Capital</u> to the accompanying combined financial statements for additional information regarding minimum regulatory capital requirements.)

Management and the board of directors of each FHLBank review the capital structure of that FHLBank on a periodic basis to ensure the capital structure supports the risk associated with its assets and addresses applicable regulatory and supervisory matters. In addition, an individual FHLBank may, at its discretion, institute a higher capital requirement to meet internally-established thresholds or to address supervisory matters, limit dividend payments, or restrict excess capital stock repurchases as part of its retained earnings policies.

Figure 26 presents the combined regulatory capital ratio and related regulatory classifications applicable to the FHLBanks for each of the last five quarters.



### Figure 26 - Combined Regulatory Capital Ratio<sup>(1)</sup>

(1) Based on FHFA rules and regulations, regulatory capital requirements apply to individual FHLBanks, and there are no minimum regulatory capital requirements or classifications at a combined level. The combined regulatory capital ratio and related regulatory classifications are for analysis only. The combined regulatory capital ratio is calculated based on the sum of the individual FHLBanks' risk-based capital amounts as a percentage of combined total assets.

**Joint Capital Enhancement Agreement.** The Joint Capital Enhancement Agreement, as amended (Capital Agreement), is intended to enhance the capital position of each FHLBank. The Capital Agreement provides that each FHLBank will, on a quarterly basis, allocate 20% of its net income to a separate restricted retained earnings account until the balance of that account, calculated as of the last day of each calendar quarter, equals at least one percent of that FHLBank's average balance of outstanding consolidated obligations for the calendar quarter.

These restricted retained earnings are not available to pay dividends. Additionally, the Capital Agreement provides that amounts in restricted retained earnings in excess of 150% of an FHLBank's restricted retained earnings minimum (i.e., one percent of that FHLBank's average balance of outstanding consolidated obligations calculated as of the last day of each calendar quarter) may be released from restricted retained earnings. As of September 30, 2024, none of the FHLBanks had restricted retained earnings that exceeded one percent of its average balance of outstanding consolidated obligations.

### **Critical Accounting Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires each FHLBank's management to make a number of judgments, estimates, and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities (if applicable), and the reported amounts of income and expense during the reported periods. Although each FHLBank's management believes that its judgments, estimates, and assumptions are reasonable, actual results may differ from these estimates.

In the Federal Home Loan Banks Combined Financial Report for the year ended December 31, 2023, certain accounting estimates and assumptions were identified as critical because they are generally considered by each FHLBank's management to be the most critical to an understanding of its financial statements and the financial data it provides to the Office of Finance for preparing the Combined Financial Reports. These estimates and assumptions consist of those used in conjunction with fair value estimates and derivatives and hedging activities. For a description of accounting policies related to these estimates and assumptions, see *Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies* on pages F-15 to F-26 of the audited combined financial statements included in the Federal Home Loan Banks Combined Financial Report for the year ended December 31, 2023.

There have been no significant changes to the critical accounting estimates disclosed in the Federal Home Loan Banks Combined Financial Report for the year ended December 31, 2023. For a detailed discussion of Critical Accounting Estimates, see *Financial Discussion and Analysis of Combined Financial Condition and Combined Results of Operations - Critical Accounting Estimates* on pages 95 to 98 of the Federal Home Loan Banks Combined Financial Report for the year ended December 31, 2023. Each FHLBank describes its critical accounting estimates in its periodic reports filed with the SEC.

### **Recent Accounting Developments**

See Note 2 - Recently Issued and Adopted Accounting Guidance on page F-26 of the audited combined financial statements included in the Federal Home Loan Banks Combined Financial Report for the year ended December 31, 2023, for a discussion regarding the effect of recently issued and adopted accounting guidance on the FHLBanks' combined financial condition, combined results of operations, or combined cash flows.

### **Legislative and Regulatory Developments**

Certain legislative and regulatory actions and developments are summarized in this section. (See *Financial Discussion and Analysis of Combined Financial Condition and Combined Results of Operations - Legislative and Regulatory Developments* in the Federal Home Loan Banks Combined Financial Reports for the year ended December 31, 2023 (pages 99 to 101) and the quarterly periods ended March 31, 2024 (pages 44 to 45) and June 30, 2024 (pages 47 to 48), for a description of certain legislative and regulatory developments that occurred prior to the publication of those reports.)

**Proposed Rule on FHLBank System Boards of Directors and Executive Management.** On October 21, 2024, the FHFA proposed revisions to its regulations addressing boards of directors and overall corporate governance of the FHLBanks and the Office of Finance, with a comment deadline of February 3, 2025. If adopted as presented, the proposed rule would, among other things: (1) affect director compensation by allowing the Director of the FHFA to establish an annual amount of director compensation that the Director determines is reasonable; (2) require the

FHLBanks to complete and submit background checks to the FHFA on every nominee for a directorship; (3) affect public interest independent director qualifications, in part by requiring a person to have advocated for, or otherwise acted primarily on behalf of or for the direct benefit of, consumers or the community to meet the representation requirement; (4) expand the list of qualifying experiences for all FHLBank independent directors to include artificial intelligence, information technology and security, climate-related risk, Community Development Financial Institutions, business models, and modeling; and (5) establish a review process for director performance and participation, together with a process for removing FHLBank directors for cause. Other proposed revisions address, among other things, FHLBank conflicts of interest policies, covering all FHLBank employees, including specific limitations on executive officers and senior management, and record retention.

While some proposed revisions would codify existing guidance and practice, several of the proposed revisions could result in significant changes to the nomination, election, and retention of the FHLBanks' boards of directors. Additional director eligibility requirements and limitations on, and potential reductions or limitations to, director compensation resulting from the proposed rule could hinder the FHLBanks' ability to recruit and retain the talent and expertise that are critical to their ability to satisfy their mission, particularly given the growing complexities of the finance industry. The FHLBanks continue to analyze the effect that the proposed rule could have on them.

**Proposed Rule on Unsecured Credit Limits for FHLBanks.** On October 3, 2024, the FHFA published a proposed rule, with a comment deadline of December 2, 2024, to amend the FHFA's regulation on capital requirements (Capital Regulation) to modify unsecured credit limits for the FHLBanks. The proposed rule would include interestbearing deposit accounts in a category of authorized overnight investments that would be excluded from the general limit on unsecured credit to a single counterparty. Interest-bearing deposit accounts are non-maturity deposits in approved counterparties, which may be used to manage liquidity. The proposed rule would, among other things, increase the frequency of the required performance of certain capital calculations and clarify that certain non-interest-bearing deposit accounts (such as settlement, payment or other transactional accounts) are to be considered unsecured extensions of credit subject to the Capital Regulation's unsecured general or overall (less restrictive) limit. Although excluding interest-bearing deposit accounts from the general unsecured credit limit could provide greater flexibility for an FHLBank's liquidity management, several of the other proposed changes, if adopted, could result in significant changes to the FHLBanks' current business processes. The FHLBanks are evaluating the potential effect of the proposed rule on the FHLBanks and their operations.

Advisory Bulletin on FHLBank System Climate-Related Risk Management. On September 30, 2024, the FHFA issued an advisory bulletin setting forth the FHFA's expectation that each FHLBank should integrate climate-related risk management into its existing enterprise risk management framework over time. The advisory bulletin provides that an effective framework should address climate-related risk governance, such as selection of the related risk appetite and setting strategy and objectives, establishing and implementing plans to mitigate and monitor and report material exposures to such risks, and establishing roles and responsibilities for the board of directors and management. The advisory bulletin requires the FHLBanks to: establish metrics that track exposure to climate-related risks and collect related data to quantify risk exposures; conduct climate-related scenario analyses; implement processes to report and communicate climate-related risks to internal stakeholders; and have a plan to respond to natural disasters and support climate resiliency. The FHLBanks are evaluating the potential effect of the advisory bulletin on the FHLBanks and their operations. Some aspects of the advisory bulletin also apply to the Office of Finance, as relevant.

Advisory Bulletin on FHLBank Member Credit Risk Management. On September 27, 2024, the FHFA issued an advisory bulletin setting forth the FHFA's expectations that an FHLBank's underwriting and credit decisions should reflect a member's financial condition and not rely solely on the collateral securing the member's credit obligations. The advisory bulletin provides guidance for the FHLBanks to implement policies for credit risk governance, member credit assessment, and monitoring of credit conditions, among other considerations. It also provides guidance on the oversight of members in financial distress by recommending implementation of: escalation policies; processes for coordination with members' prudential regulators; and management policies

addressing default, failure, and insolvency situations. The FHLBanks are evaluating this advisory bulletin against their current member credit risk management policies and procedures to assess its potential effect on the FHLBanks and their operations.

### **External Credit Ratings**

Since September 30, 2024, no changes to external credit ratings have occurred with regard to the FHLBanks or their consolidated obligations. At October 31, 2024, consolidated obligations were rated AA+/A-1+ by S&P with outlook stable and Aaa/P-1 by Moody's, with outlook negative. S&P, Moody's, or other rating organizations could downgrade or upgrade the credit ratings of the U.S. government and GSEs, including the FHLBanks and their consolidated obligations. Investors should note that a rating issued by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization is not a recommendation to buy, sell, or hold securities, and that the ratings may be revised or withdrawn at any time. Investors should not take the historical or current ratings of the FHLBanks and their consolidated obligations as an indication of future ratings for the FHLBanks or their consolidated obligations. Table 25 presents each FHLBank's long-term credit rating, short-term credit rating, and outlook at October 31, 2024.

### Table 25 - FHLBanks' Long-Term Credit Ratings, Short-Term Credit Ratings, and Outlook at October 31, 2024

	S&	Р	Moody's		
FHLBank	Long-Term/ Short-Term Rating	Outlook	Long-Term/ Short-Term Rating	Outlook	
Boston	AA+/A-1+	Stable	Aaa/P-1	Negative	
New York	AA+/A-1+	Stable	Aaa/P-1	Negative	
Pittsburgh	AA+/A-1+	Stable	Aaa/P-1	Negative	
Atlanta	AA+/A-1+	Stable	Aaa/P-1	Negative	
Cincinnati	AA+/A-1+	Stable	Aaa/P-1	Negative	
Indianapolis	AA+/A-1+	Stable	Aaa/P-1	Negative	
Chicago	AA+/A-1+	Stable	Aaa/P-1	Negative	
Des Moines	AA+/A-1+	Stable	Aaa/P-1	Negative	
Dallas	AA+/A-1+	Stable	Aaa/P-1	Negative	
Topeka	AA+/A-1+	Stable	Aaa/P-1	Negative	
San Francisco	AA+/A-1+	Stable	Aaa/P-1	Negative	

### **Risk Management**

The fundamental business of each FHLBank is to provide a readily available, competitively-priced source of funds, in a wide range of maturities, to meet the borrowing demands of its members and housing associates. The principal sources of funds for these activities are the proceeds from the issuance of consolidated obligations and, to a lesser extent, capital and deposits from members. Lending and investing funds, and engaging in derivative transactions, can potentially expose the FHLBanks to a number of risks, including market risk and credit risk. (See *Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk* for a discussion of market risk.) The FHLBanks are also subject to liquidity, operational, and business risks. (See *Financial Discussion and Analysis of Combined Financial Condition and Combined Results of Operations - Risk Management* on pages 118 to 122, and *Risk Factors* on pages 28 to 39, of the Federal Home Loan Banks Combined Financial Report for the year ended December 31, 2023, for more information on these risks.)

### **Credit Risk**

Advances. Each FHLBank manages its credit exposure to advances through an integrated approach that provides for the ongoing review of the financial condition of its borrowers coupled with collateral and lending policies and procedures designed to limit its risk of loss while balancing its borrowers' needs for a reliable source of funding. Each FHLBank uses a methodology to evaluate its borrowers, based on financial, regulatory, and other qualitative

information, including examination reports. Each FHLBank reviews its borrowers' financial condition on an ongoing basis using current information and makes changes to its collateral guidelines to mitigate the credit risk on advances. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, no FHLBank incurred any credit loss on any of its advances and the management of each FHLBank believed it had adequate policies and procedures in place to manage its credit risk on advances effectively.

The FHLBanks protect against credit risk on advances by collateralizing all advances. Advances and other credit product obligations to an FHLBank are fully secured with eligible collateral, the value of which is discounted to account for liquidation and other risks, if applicable, and to protect the FHLBanks from credit loss. Collateral that is determined to contain a low level of risk, such as U.S government obligations, is discounted at a lower rate than collateral that carries a higher level of risk, such as commercial real estate mortgage loans. Eligible collateral values are determined by the market value for securities collateral, and the market value or unpaid principal balance for all loan collateral. For collateral which market prices are not readily available, the FHLBanks may use internal or external valuation models or methodologies to determine the fair value of the collateral. These valuation models incorporate assumptions related to factors that may affect collateral values, such as market liquidity, discount rates, potential prepayments, and liquidation and servicing costs in the event of default, among others, which may be adjusted in response to changes in economic and market conditions in order to produce reliable results. The FHLBanks also have policies and procedures for validating the reasonableness of their collateral valuations. In addition, collateral verifications and on-site reviews are performed by the FHLBanks based on the risk profile of the borrower. At September 30, 2024, each FHLBank had rights to collateral with an estimated value greater than the related outstanding advances. (See Financial Discussion and Analysis of Combined Financial Condition and Combined Results of Operations - Risk Management - Credit Risk - Advances on pages 102 to 107 of the Federal Home Loan Banks Combined Financial Report for the year ended December 31, 2023, for information on eligible collateral and effective lending values, and Note 4 - Advances to the accompanying combined financial statements for more information about advances.)

Residential mortgage loans are the principal form of collateral for advances. Collateral eligible to secure new or renewed advances includes:

- one-to-four family and multifamily mortgage loans (delinquent for no more than 90 days) and securities representing such mortgages;
- loans and securities issued, insured, or guaranteed by the U.S. government or any U.S. government agency (for example, mortgage-backed securities issued or guaranteed by Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac, or Ginnie Mae);
- cash or deposits in the FHLBank;
- certain other collateral that is real estate-related, such as commercial real estate loans, provided it meets certain eligibility requirements; and
- certain qualifying securities representing undivided equity interests in eligible advance collateral.

As of September 30, 2024, there were 131 individual FHLBank borrowers (127 FHLBank members and 4 nonmembers) that each held advances of at least \$1.0 billion. When a non-member financial institution acquires some or all of the assets and liabilities of an FHLBank member, including outstanding advances and FHLBank capital stock, an FHLBank may allow those advances to remain outstanding to that non-member financial institution. In addition, members that voluntarily withdraw from membership or members whose membership has been terminated involuntarily, such as captive insurers, can be non-members with advances outstanding. Non-members would be required to meet all of that FHLBank's credit and collateral requirements, including requirements regarding creditworthiness and collateral borrowing capacity. A borrower's total credit obligation to an FHLBank could include outstanding advances, notional amount of letters of credit, collateralized derivative contracts, and credit enhanced obligations on mortgage loans sold to the FHLBank. Eligible collateral values include market values for securities and the unpaid principal balance for all other collateral pledged by the blanket lien, listing, or delivery method. The collateralization ratio for borrowers with at least \$1.0 billion in advances outstanding was 3.2 at September 30, 2024, which represented the total of these 131 individual FHLBank borrowers' eligible collateral divided by these borrowers' advances and other credit products outstanding. The collateralization ratio for all borrowers was 3.9 at September 30, 2024. However, individual borrower credit obligations to the FHLBanks are not cross-collateralized between borrowers.

Table 26 presents advances, other credit products (which primarily includes notional amount of letters of credit), and collateral outstanding for borrowers with at least \$1.0 billion of advances outstanding as compared to all borrowers.

# Table 26 - Advances, Other Credit Products, and Collateral Outstanding at September 30, 2024 (dollars in millions)

	Leas	rowers with at t \$1.0 Billion of Advances Dutstanding	All Borrowers	Percentage
Advances outstanding, principal amount	\$	524,580	\$ 756,623	69.3 %
Other credit products	\$	120,104	\$ 196,622	61.1 %
Collateral outstanding	\$	2,042,289	\$ 3,675,874	55.6 %

Based on the financial condition of the borrower, each FHLBank classifies each borrower by the method of pledging collateral into one of three collateral categories: (1) blanket lien status; (2) listing (specific identification) status; or (3) delivery (possession) status.

The blanket lien status is the least restrictive collateral status, and is generally assigned to lower risk institutions pledging collateral. Under the blanket lien status, an individual FHLBank allows a borrower to retain possession of eligible collateral pledged to that FHLBank, provided the borrower executes a written security agreement and agrees to hold the collateral for the benefit of that FHLBank. Origination of new advances or renewal of advances must only be supported by certain eligible collateral categories. A blanket lien is typically accepted by the FHLBanks only for loan collateral; most securities collateral must be delivered to an FHLBank, or an FHLBank-approved third-party custodian, and pledged for the benefit of that FHLBank.

An FHLBank may require borrowers to provide a detailed listing of eligible advance collateral being pledged to the FHLBank due to their high usage of FHLBank credit products, the type of assets being pledged, or the credit condition of the borrower. Under the listing status, the borrower retains physical possession of specific collateral pledged to an FHLBank, but the borrower provides listings of loans pledged to its FHLBank with detailed loan information, such as loan amount, payment status, maturity date, interest rate, loan-to-value, collateral type, and FICO<sup>®</sup> scores. From a borrower's perspective, the benefit of listing collateral relative to a blanket lien security agreement is that, in some cases, the discount or haircut applicable to that collateral may be lower than that for blanket lien collateral. From an FHLBank's perspective, the benefit of listing collateral is that it provides more detailed loan information to arrive at a more precise valuation.

Under the delivery status, an FHLBank requires the borrower to place physical possession of eligible collateral with the FHLBank or a third-party custodian to sufficiently secure all outstanding obligations. Typically, an FHLBank would take physical possession or control of collateral if the financial condition of the borrower was deteriorating or if the borrower exceeded certain credit product usage triggers. However, an FHLBank may require insurance company borrowers, and certain other borrowers, to place physical possession of all pledged eligible collateral with the FHLBank or deposit it with a custodian or control agent in order to establish control over the pledged collateral. Delivery of collateral may also be required if there is a regulatory action against the borrower by its regulator that would indicate inadequate controls or other conditions that would be of concern to that FHLBank.

Table 27 presents information on a combined basis regarding the type of collateral securing advances and other credit products outstanding.

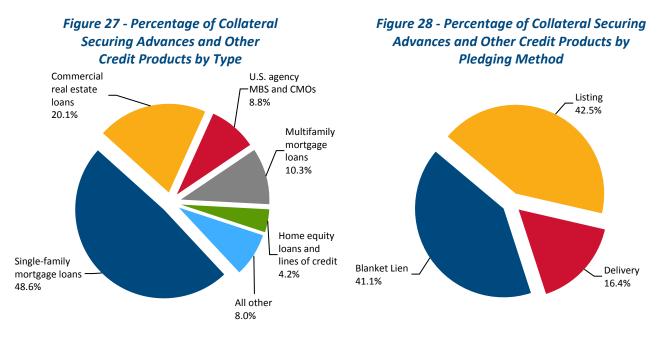
# Table 27 - Type of Collateral Securing Advances and Other Credit Products Outstanding at September 30, 2024 (dollars in millions)

	Blanke	t Lien	Listing		Del	ivery	Total		
Collateral Type	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage	
Single-family mortgage loans <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 756,038	20.6%	\$ 1,007,376	27.4%	\$ 23,537	0.6%	\$ 1,786,951	48.6%	
Commercial real estate loans	458,018	12.5%	215,119	5.9%	63,543	1.7%	736,680	20.1%	
Multifamily mortgage loans	109,691	3.0%	227,159	6.2%	41,374	1.1%	378,224	10.3%	
U.S. agency MBS and CMOs	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	326,288	8.8%	326,288	8.8%	
Home equity loans and lines of credit	74,496	2.0%	81,167	2.2%	44	_	155,707	4.2%	
Other real estate loans	69,530	1.9%	24,761	0.7%	8,044	0.2%	102,335	2.8%	
Commercial MBS	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	45,956	1.3%	45,956	1.3%	
CFI loans	42,109	1.1%	2,037	0.1%	9	_	44,155	1.2%	
U.S. obligations	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	28,728	0.8%	28,728	0.8%	
U.S. agency securities (excluding MBS)	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	22,058	0.6%	22,058	0.6%	
Private-label MBS and CMOs	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	19,784	0.5%	19,784	0.5%	
Other	494	_	36	_	28,478	0.8%	29,008	0.8%	
Total collateral	\$ 1,510,376	41.1%	\$ 1,557,655	42.5%	\$ 607,843	16.4%	\$ 3,675,874	100.0%	

(1) Includes Federal Housing Administration and Department of Veterans Affairs loans.

n/a Collateral is not pledged using this pledging method.

Figures 27 and 28 present the percentage of collateral securing advances and other credit products by type and the percentage of collateral securing advances and other credit products by pledging method at September 30, 2024.



### TABLE OF CONTENTS

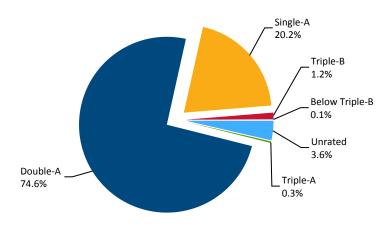
**Investments.** The FHLBanks are subject to credit risk on investments consisting of investment securities, interestbearing deposits, securities purchased under agreements to resell, and federal funds sold. These investments are generally transacted with government agencies and large financial institutions that are considered by an individual FHLBank to be of investment quality. FHFA regulation defines investment quality as a determination by an FHLBank, with respect to a security, that there is adequate financial backing so that full and timely payment of principal and interest on such a security is expected, and the FHLBank determines that there is minimal risk that the timely payment of principal and interest would not occur because of adverse changes in economic and financial conditions during the projected life of the security.

The FHLBanks maintain short-term investment portfolios, the proceeds of which may provide funds to meet the credit needs of their members and to maintain liquidity. Within this portfolio of short-term investments, the FHLBanks may have unsecured credit exposure on certain investments.

The FHLBanks maintain long-term investment portfolios as an additional source of liquidity and to earn interest income. These investments generally provide the FHLBanks with higher returns than those available on short-term investments. Within this portfolio of long-term investments, the FHLBanks are subject to credit risk related to private-label mortgage-backed securities that are either directly or indirectly supported by underlying mortgage loans. Each private-label mortgage-backed security may contain one or more forms of credit protection/ enhancements, including, but not limited to, (1) guarantee of principal and interest, (2) subordination, (3) over-collateralization and excess interest, and (4) third-party insurance. Credit enhancement achieved through subordination features results in the subordination of payments to junior classes to support cash flows received by senior classes held by investors such as the FHLBanks.

Regulatory Restrictions on Investments. To minimize credit risk on investments, the FHLBanks are prohibited by FHFA regulations from investing in certain types of investments. (See Financial Discussion and Analysis of Combined Financial Condition and Combined Results of Operations - Risk Management - Credit Risk - Investments on pages 107 to 108 of the Federal Home Loan Banks Combined Financial Report for the year ended December 31, 2023, for additional information about regulatory restrictions on the FHLBanks' investments.)

*Investment Quality and Ratings.* The FHLBanks seek to reduce the credit risk by investing in investment-quality securities. The FHLBanks consider a variety of credit quality factors when analyzing potential investments, including collateral performance, marketability, asset class or sector considerations, local and regional economic conditions, credit ratings based on the nationally recognized statistical rating organization(s), or the financial health of the underlying issuer. Although the FHLBanks invested in private-label mortgage-backed securities that at the date of purchase were substantially all rated triple-A, many of these securities have incurred credit losses based on economic conditions and housing market trends since the FHLBanks originally purchased them. Figure 29 presents the composition of total investments by credit rating at September 30, 2024.



### Figure 29 - Total Investments by Credit Rating at September 30, 2024

### TABLE OF CONTENTS

Table 28 presents the credit ratings of investments held by the FHLBanks as of September 30, 2024, using the lowest long-term credit rating for each security owned by an individual FHLBank based on the nationally recognized statistical rating organization(s) used by that FHLBank. The internal ratings of an individual FHLBank may differ from those obtained from the nationally recognized statistical rating organization(s) and other FHLBank internal ratings. Investors should not take the historical or current ratings displayed in this table as an indication of future ratings.

### Table 28 - Investment Ratings

(dollars in millions)

					S	epte	mber 30, 2024 <sup>(1</sup>	)(2)			
Carrying Value, Net	Tr	iple-A	Double-A		Single-A		Triple-B	Below Triple-	в	Unrated	 Total
Interest-bearing deposits	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 28,121	\$	-	\$	_	\$ -	\$ 28,121
Securities purchased under agreements to resell <sup>(3)</sup>		_	23,9	10	20,755		4,675		_	15,020	64,360
Federal funds sold		—	38,0	48	36,464		85		—	-	74,597
Investment securities by major security type											
Non-mortgage backed securities											
U.S. Treasury obligations		_	56,2	60	_		_		_	-	56,260
Other U.S. obligations		_	2,2	97	-		_		_	-	2,297
GSE and Tennessee Valley Authority obligations		_	8,3	96	_		_		_	_	8,396
State or local housing agency obligations		647	1,5	29	_		_		_	_	2,176
Federal Family Education Loan Program ABS		_	2	14	1,143		262		_	_	1,619
Other		482		19	-		_		_	1	502
Total non-mortgage-backed securities		1,129	68,7	15	1,143		262		_	1	71,250
Mortgage-backed securities											
U.S. obligations single-family		_	14,6	36	_		-		_	_	14,636
U.S. obligations multifamily		-	4	71	_		-		—	-	471
GSE single-family		4	27,5	41	2		-		1	_	27,548
GSE multifamily		241	146,7	88	_		-		—	-	147,029
Private-label		5		19	58		53	5	68	595	 1,298
Total mortgage-backed securities		250	189,4	55	60		53	5	69	595	190,982
Total investment securities		1,379	258,1	70	1,203		315	50	69	596	 262,232
Total investments	\$	1,379	\$ 320,1	28	\$ 86,543	\$	5,075	\$ 5	69	\$ 15,616	\$ 429,310

(1) Does not reflect any changes in ratings, outlook, or watch status occurring after September 30, 2024.

(2) Net carrying values do not include related accrued interest and are presented after any allowance for credit losses.

(3) Based on the rating of the counterparty to the agreements, which in some cases were not rated; however, all the collateral of unrated counterparties was rated single-A or above at September 30, 2024.

Short-term Investments. The FHLBanks maintain short-term investment portfolios, the proceeds of which may provide funds to meet the credit needs of their members and to maintain liquidity. The FHLBank Act and FHFA regulations set liquidity requirements for the FHLBanks, and an individual FHLBank's board of directors may also adopt additional liquidity policies. In addition, each FHLBank maintains a contingency funding plan in the event of operational disruptions at either the FHLBanks or the Office of Finance. (See <u>Liquidity and Capital Resources</u> for a discussion of the FHLBanks' liquidity management.)

Within their portfolios of short-term investments, the FHLBanks are subject to credit risk from unsecured credit exposures with private counterparties that may be members, former members, or their affiliates. Short-term investment transactions are executed at then-current market prices without preference to the status of the counterparty as a member, former member, or affiliate. Each FHLBank manages its own credit risk independently. The FHLBanks' unsecured credit investments may have maturities ranging between overnight and nine months, and generally include the following types:

- Interest-bearing deposits. Primarily consists of unsecured deposits that earn interest.
- Federal funds sold. Unsecured loans of reserve balances at the Federal Reserve Banks between financial institutions that are made on an overnight and term basis.
- Certificates of deposit. Unsecured negotiable promissory notes issued by banks and payable to the bearer on demand.

Table 29 presents the FHLBanks' unsecured credit exposure with private counterparties by investment type. At September 30, 2024, the FHLBanks had aggregate unsecured credit exposure from investments of \$1 billion or more to each of 21 private counterparties. The aggregate unsecured credit exposure to these counterparties represented 96% of the FHLBanks' total unsecured investment credit exposure to private counterparties. The unsecured investment credit exposure to private counterparties. The unsecured investment credit exposure to private counterparties. The unsecured investment credit exposure presented in Table 29 does not reflect the average or maximum exposure during the period, as the balances presented reflect the balances at period end.

### Table 29 - Unsecured Credit Exposure by Investment Type

(dollars in millions)				
Carrying Value <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	Septer	mber 30, 2024	Decem	nber 31, 2023
Interest-bearing deposits	\$	28,121	\$	24,163
Federal funds sold		74,597		57,860
Total	\$	102,718	\$	82,023

 Excludes unsecured investment credit exposure to U.S. government, U.S. government agencies, government instrumentalities, government-sponsored enterprises, and supranational entities, and does not include related accrued interest.

(2) May include unsecured investment credit exposure to members.

Each FHLBank actively monitors its credit exposures and the credit quality of its counterparties, including an assessment of each counterparty's financial performance, capital adequacy, sovereign support, and the current market perceptions of the counterparties. General macroeconomic, political, and market conditions may also be considered when deciding on unsecured exposure. As a result, the FHLBanks may limit or suspend existing exposures.

FHFA regulations include limits on the amount of unsecured credit an individual FHLBank may extend to a counterparty or to a group of affiliated counterparties. The limit on the amount of unsecured credit extended to a counterparty is calculated by multiplying the eligible capital by the maximum capital exposure limit applicable to the counterparty. Under these regulations, the level of eligible capital is determined as the lesser of an individual FHLBank's regulatory capital or the eligible amount of Tier 1 capital or regulatory capital of the counterparty. The maximum capital exposure limit is based on the counterparty's overall FHFA credit rating and ranges from 1% to 15%. Extensions of unsecured credit by an individual FHLBank to a counterparty arise from on-balance sheet transactions, off-balance sheet commitments, and derivative transactions. (See <u>Credit Risk - Derivative</u> <u>Counterparties</u> for additional information related to derivatives exposure.)

FHFA regulations also permit the FHLBanks to extend additional unsecured credit for sales of federal funds with a maturity of one day or less and sales of federal funds subject to a continuing contract that renews automatically. An FHLBank's total unsecured exposure to a counterparty may not exceed twice the regulatory limit for term exposures, or a total of 2% to 30% of the eligible amount of capital, based on the counterparty's credit rating. As of September 30, 2024, each of the FHLBanks was in compliance with the regulatory limits established for unsecured credit.

The FHLBanks are prohibited by FHFA regulations from investing in financial instruments issued by non-U.S. entities, other than those issued by U.S. branches and agency offices of foreign commercial banks. The FHLBanks' unsecured credit exposures to U.S. branches and agency offices of foreign commercial banks include the risk that, as a result of political or economic conditions in a country, the counterparty may be unable to meet its contractual repayment obligations. The FHLBanks' unsecured credit exposures to domestic counterparties, U.S. subsidiaries of foreign commercial banks, and U.S. branches and agency offices of foreign commercial banks include the risk that these counterparties have extended credit to foreign counterparties. As of September 30, 2024, an FHLBank held full faith and credit U.S. guaranteed securities with foreign issuers totaling \$86 million. Other than these investments, the FHLBanks were in compliance with the FHFA regulation as of September 30, 2024.

As of September 30, 2024, the FHLBanks' unsecured investment credit exposure to U.S. branches and agency offices of foreign commercial banks was comprised of federal funds sold. As of September 30, 2024, 95% of the FHLBanks' unsecured investments in federal funds sold were to U.S. branches and agency offices of foreign commercial banks.

Figure 30 - Total Unsecured Investment Credit Exposure by Credit Rating

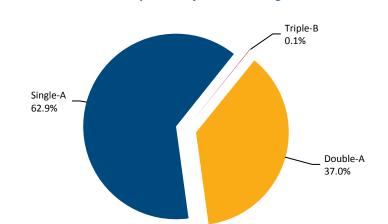


Figure 30 presents total unsecured investment credit exposure by credit rating at September 30, 2024.

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

Table 30 presents the lowest long-term credit ratings of the unsecured investment credit exposures presented by the domicile of the counterparty or the domicile of the counterparty's immediate parent for U.S. branches and agency offices of foreign commercial banks based on the nationally recognized statistical rating organization(s) used by the individual FHLBank holding the investment. This table does not reflect the foreign sovereign government's credit rating. The internal ratings of an individual FHLBank may differ from those obtained from the nationally recognized statistical rating organization(s) and other FHLBank internal ratings. Investors should not take the historical or current ratings displayed in this table as an indication of future ratings.

# Table 30 - Ratings of Unsecured Investment Credit Exposure by Domicile of Counterparty at September 30,2024<sup>(1)</sup>

(dollars in millions)

		Investment Grade		
Carrying Value <sup>(2)</sup>	Double-A	Single-A	Triple-B	Total
Domestic	\$ 267	\$ 30,781	\$ 85	\$ 31,133
U.S. subsidiaries of foreign commercial banks		650		650
Total domestic and U.S. subsidiaries of foreign commercial banks	267	31,431	85	31,783
U.S. branches and agency offices of foreign commercial banks				
Canada	5,435	12,965	-	18,400
Germany	4,203	8,303	_	12,506
Australia	11,470	-	-	11,470
Finland	6,828	_	_	6,828
Sweden	4,255	2,255	_	6,510
Netherlands	—	6,000	—	6,000
Norway	5,590	-	-	5,590
France	—	3,130	—	3,130
United Kingdom	-	400	_	400
Austria	_	101	_	101
Total U.S. branches and agency offices of foreign commercial banks	37,781	33,154		70,935
Total unsecured investment credit exposure	\$ 38,048	\$ 64,585	\$ 85	\$ 102,718

(1) Does not reflect any changes in ratings, outlook, or watch status occurring after September 30, 2024.

(2) Excludes unsecured investment credit exposure to U.S. government, U.S. government agencies, government instrumentalities, government-sponsored enterprises, and supranational entities, and does not include related accrued interest.

The FHLBanks also reduce the credit risk on investments by generally investing in investments that have shortterm maturities. At September 30, 2024, all unsecured investments held by the FHLBanks had overnight maturities.

**Mortgage Loans Held for Portfolio.** The FHFA's Acquired Member Asset (AMA) regulation permits the FHLBanks to purchase and hold specified mortgage loans from their members. The FHLBanks may elect to participate in the Acquired Member Asset programs such as the MPF Program, the MPP, and the MAP as services to their members. Members and eligible housing associates may apply to become a participating financial institution (PFI) of their respective FHLBank. The mortgage loans purchased under these programs may carry more credit risk than advances, even though the respective member or housing associate provides fully secured credit enhancement and bears a portion of the credit risk.

The FHFA's AMA regulation on credit risk sharing allows an FHLBank to utilize its choice of model and methodology to determine the credit enhancement for AMA loan assets and pool loans. The assets delivered must be credit enhanced by the members up to an FHLBank determined "AMA investment-grade" instead of a specific nationally recognized statistical rating organization's ratings.

Management at each FHLBank believes that it has adequate policies and procedures in place to manage credit risk on mortgage loans appropriately. (See <u>Note 5 - Mortgage Loans</u> to the accompanying combined financial statements for additional information about mortgage loan payment status, allowance for credit losses, and other delinquency statistics.)

See Financial Discussion and Analysis of Combined Financial Condition and Combined Results of Operations - Risk Management - Credit Risk - Mortgage Loans Held for Portfolio on pages 112 to 116 of the Federal Home Loan Banks Combined Financial Report for the year ended December 31, 2023, for additional information on credit risk of conventional mortgage loans held for portfolio, including loss allocation structures, mortgage insurance, and state concentrations of the MPF Program, the MPP, and the MAP.

**Derivative Counterparties.** Each FHLBank transacts most of its derivatives with counterparties that are large banks and major broker-dealers. Derivative transactions may be either executed with a counterparty, referred to as uncleared derivatives, or cleared through a Futures Commission Merchant (i.e., clearing agent) with a Derivative Clearing Organization, referred to as cleared derivatives.

Each FHLBank is subject to credit risk due to the risk of non-performance by counterparties to its derivative transactions. The amount of credit risk on derivatives depends on the extent to which netting procedures, collateral requirements, and other credit enhancements are used and are effective in mitigating the risk. Each FHLBank manages credit risk through credit analysis, collateral management, and other credit enhancements. The FHLBanks are also required to follow the requirements set forth by applicable regulation.

The contractual or notional amount of derivative transactions reflects the involvement of an FHLBank in the various classes of financial instruments. The maximum credit risk of an FHLBank with respect to derivative transactions is the estimated cost of replacing the derivative transactions if there is a default, minus the value of any related collateral. In determining maximum credit risk, each FHLBank considers accrued interest receivables and payables, as well as the netting requirements to net assets and liabilities.

*Uncleared Derivatives.* Each FHLBank is subject to the risk of non-performance by the counterparties to its uncleared derivative transactions. An FHLBank generally requires collateral on uncleared derivative transactions. Unless the collateral delivery threshold is set to zero, the amount of net unsecured credit exposure that is permissible with respect to each counterparty may depend on the credit rating of that counterparty. A counterparty generally must deliver collateral if the total market value of the FHLBank's exposure to that counterparty rises above a specific threshold.

Uncleared derivative transactions executed on or after the dates specified in applicable regulations are subject to two-way initial margin requirements as mandated by the Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act, or Dodd-Frank Act, if an FHLBank's aggregate uncleared derivative transactions exposure to a counterparty exceeds a specified threshold. The initial margin is required to be held at a third-party custodian and does not change ownership. Rather, the party in respect of which the initial margin required under the uncleared margin rules and can only take ownership upon the occurrence of certain events, including an event of default due to bankruptcy, insolvency, or similar proceeding.

For all uncleared transactions entered into on or after March 1, 2017, the derivative agreements are fully collateralized with a zero unsecured threshold in accordance with variation margin requirements issued by the U.S. federal bank regulatory agencies and the Commodity Futures Trading Commission.

As a result of these risk mitigation initiatives, the management of each FHLBank did not anticipate any credit losses on its uncleared derivative transactions as of September 30, 2024.

### TABLE OF CONTENTS

*Cleared Derivatives.* Each FHLBank is subject to the risk of non-performance by the Derivative Clearing Organization(s) (Clearinghouse) and the clearing agents. The requirement that an FHLBank posts initial and variation margin through the clearing agent, to the Clearinghouse, exposes an FHLBank to credit risk in the event that the clearing agent or the Clearinghouse fails to meet its obligations. However, the use of cleared derivatives is intended to mitigate an FHLBank's overall credit risk exposure because a central counterparty is substituted for individual counterparties and collateral/payment is posted daily for changes in the value of cleared derivatives through a clearing agent. The management of each FHLBank did not anticipate any credit losses on its cleared derivatives as of September 30, 2024.

Table 31 presents the derivative positions with non-member counterparties and member institutions to which the FHLBanks had credit exposure at September 30, 2024. The ratings presented in this table represent the lowest long-term counterparty credit rating available for each counterparty of an individual FHLBank, based on the nationally recognized statistical rating organization(s) used by that FHLBank. Investors should not take the historical or current ratings displayed in this table as an indication of future ratings.

### Table 31 - Derivative Counterparty Credit Exposure at September 30, 2024

(dollars in millions)

Credit Rating <sup>(1)</sup>	Notional Amount		Net Derivatives Fair Value Before Collateral		Cash Collateral Pledged To (From) Counterparties		Non-cash Collateral Pledged To (From) Counterparties		t Credit Exposure Counterparties
Non-member counterparties									
Asset positions with credit exposure									
Uncleared derivatives									
Single-A	\$	37,027	\$	834	\$	(720)	\$ (78)	\$	36
Cleared derivatives <sup>(2)</sup>		660,517		719		3,426	3,662		7,807
Liability positions with credit exposure									
Uncleared derivatives									
Single-A		102,107		(1,277)		1,322	35		80
Triple-B		21,118		(536)		537	20		21
Cleared derivatives <sup>(2)</sup>		31,853		(2)		33	33		64
Total derivative positions with credit exposure to non-member counterparties		852,622		(262)		4,598	3,672		8,008
Member institutions <sup>(3)</sup>		433		1		_	_		1
Consolidated obligation bond firm commitment		40		-		_			_
Total	\$	853,095	\$	(261)	\$	4,598	\$ 3,672	\$	8,009

(1) This table does not reflect any changes in rating, outlook, or watch status occurring after September 30, 2024.

(2) Represents derivative transactions cleared with LCH Ltd. and CME Clearing, the FHLBanks' clearinghouses. LCH Ltd. is rated AA- by S&P and CME Clearing is not rated, but its parent company, CME Group Inc., is rated AA- by S&P and Fitch Ratings.

(3) Member institutions include mortgage delivery commitments and derivatives with members where an FHLBank is acting as an intermediary. Collateral held with respect to derivatives with member institutions where an FHLBank is acting as an intermediary represents the amount of eligible collateral physically held by or on behalf of the FHLBank or collateral assigned to the FHLBank, as evidenced by a written security agreement, and held by the member institution for the benefit of that FHLBank.

# QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Each FHLBank is responsible for establishing its own risk management philosophies, practices, and policies. Each FHLBank describes its risk management policies for its business, including quantitative and qualitative disclosures about its market risk, in its periodic reports filed with the SEC. (See *Explanatory Statement about Federal Home Loan Banks Combined Financial Report*.)

Each FHLBank has established policies and procedures to evaluate, manage, and mitigate market risks. The FHFA has established regulations governing the risk management practices of the FHLBanks. The FHLBanks must file periodic compliance reports with the FHFA. The FHFA conducts annual on-site examinations, interim on-site visits, and off-site analyses of each of the FHLBanks and the Office of Finance.

### **Interest-Rate Risk**

Interest-rate risk is the risk that relative and absolute changes in interest rates may adversely affect an institution's financial condition and results of operations. The primary sources of interest rate risk are yield curve risk, basis risk, repricing risk, and options risk. The goal of an interest-rate risk management strategy is not necessarily to eliminate interest-rate risk, but to manage it by setting, and operating within, an appropriate framework and limits. The FHLBanks generally manage interest-rate risk by acquiring and maintaining a portfolio of assets and liabilities and entering into related derivative transactions to limit the expected mismatches in duration and market value of equity sensitivity. The FHLBanks measure and monitor interest-rate risk with commonly used methods, which generally include, but are not limited to, the calculations of market value of equity's sensitivity in various interest rate scenarios, duration of equity, and duration gap, convexity of equity, and key rate durations. (See *Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk* on pages 123 to 129 of the Federal Home Loan Banks Combined Financial Report for the year ended December 31, 2023, for additional information.)

### Market Value of Equity and Duration of Equity

Each FHLBank has an internal modeling system for measuring its duration of equity; therefore, individual FHLBank measurements may not be directly comparable. Generally, duration of equity equals the market value-weighted duration of assets minus the market value-weighted duration of liabilities (factoring in the effect of derivatives), divided by the market value of equity. Each FHLBank reports the results of its duration of equity calculations to the FHFA monthly. Most of the FHLBanks have risk limits on duration of equity and thus they manage to the duration of equity risk measure. The capital adequacy rules of the FHFA require each FHLBank to hold permanent capital in an amount sufficient to cover the sum of its credit, market, and operational risk-based capital requirements, which are defined by applicable regulations. (See <u>Note 9 - Capital</u> to the accompanying combined financial statements for additional information.) Each FHLBank has implemented a market-risk model that calculates the market-risk component of this requirement.

Table 32 presents each FHLBank that includes quantitative market value of equity and duration of equity information in its individual 2024 Third Quarter SEC Form 10-Q.

### Table 32 - Individual FHLBank's Market Value of Equity and Duration of Equity Disclosures

FHLBank	Market Value of Equity	Duration of Equity
Boston	(1)	(1)
New York	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Pittsburgh	(2)	$\checkmark$
Atlanta	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Cincinnati	✓	$\checkmark$
Indianapolis	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Chicago	(3)	$\checkmark$
Des Moines	$\checkmark$	(4)
Dallas	✓	(5)
Topeka	(6)	$\checkmark$
San Francisco	$\checkmark$	(7)

(1) The FHLBank of Boston monitors and measures market value of equity, duration of equity, and duration gap, as described in its 2024 Third Quarter SEC Form 10-Q. In addition, the FHLBank of Boston also monitors adjusted market value of equity, adjusted duration of equity, and adjusted duration gap. See the FHLBank of Boston's 2024 Third Quarter SEC Form 10-Q for additional information.

(2) The FHLBank of Pittsburgh monitors and measures market value of equity to par value of capital stock, as described in its 2024 Third Quarter SEC Form 10-Q. In addition, the FHLBank of Pittsburgh also monitors return on equity spread volatility relative to a return on equity spread volatility limit, established and approved by its board of directors.

(3) The FHLBank of Chicago disclosed the dollar loss limits on changes in market value of equity under parallel interest rate shocks in its 2024 Third Quarter SEC Form 10-Q.
 (4) Although the FHLBank of Des Moines measures and monitors duration of equity, it disclosed in its 2024 Third Quarter SEC Form 10-Q projected 24 month income as a key interest-rate risk measure.

(5) The FHLBank of Dallas monitors and measures duration of equity and duration gap, as described in its 2024 Third Quarter SEC Form 10-Q.

(6) The FHLBank of Topeka measures and monitors market value of equity (MVE); however, the FHLBank of Topeka measures market value risk in terms of its MVE in relation to its regulatory capital stock outstanding instead of to its book value of equity. As described in its 2024 Third Quarter SEC Form 10-Q, the FHLBank of Topeka believes this is a reasonable metric because, as a cooperative, the metric reflects the market value of the FHLBank of Topeka relative to the book value of its capital stock.

(7) The FHLBank of San Francisco does not disclose duration of equity, rather it discloses a comparable metric, "Market Value of Capital Sensitivity" as a key market risk measure.

Table 33 presents the duration of equity reported by each FHLBank to the FHFA in accordance with the FHFA's guidance, which prescribes that down and up interest-rate shocks equal 200 basis points. However, the applicable guidance restricts the down rate from assuming a negative interest rate. Therefore, each FHLBank adjusts the down rate accordingly in periods of very low levels of interest rates.

### Table 33 - Duration of Equity

(in years)

		September 30, 2024		December 31, 2023				
FHLBank	Down	Base	Up	Down	Base	Up		
Boston	0.7	1.4	2.4	0.1	0.8	1.7		
New York	0.2	0.4	0.8	(0.1)	0.2	0.9		
Pittsburgh	0.3	1.3	2.0	0.9	0.7	1.1		
Atlanta	1.0	1.5	3.2	0.9	1.2	3.0		
Cincinnati	(0.5)	0.9	1.6	1.5	2.0	2.1		
Indianapolis	0.2	1.4	1.8	(0.9)	0.5	1.4		
Chicago	(0.5)	0.5	1.4	(1.1)	0.0	0.7		
Des Moines	0.9	1.5	1.5	1.9	2.1	2.2		
Dallas	0.0	0.0	(0.3)	(0.3)	0.0	0.6		
Topeka	1.5	2.5	2.7	1.2	2.1	3.3		
San Francisco	0.7	1.1	1.2	0.6	1.1	1.2		

### **Duration Gap**

A related measure of interest-rate risk is duration gap, which is the difference between the estimated durations (market value sensitivity) of assets and liabilities, and reflects the extent to which estimated maturity and repricing cash flows for assets and liabilities are matched. Duration gap determines the sensitivity of assets and liabilities to interest-rate changes. Each FHLBank has an internal modeling system for measuring its duration gap; therefore, individual FHLBank measurements may not be directly comparable. Duration generally indicates the expected change in an instrument's market value resulting from an increase or a decrease in interest rates. Higher duration numbers, whether positive or negative, indicate greater volatility in the market value of equity in response to changing interest rates. Duration gap numbers in Table 34 include the effect of derivative transactions.

### Table 34 - Duration Gap

(in months)

FHLBank	September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
Boston	0.9	0.5
New York	0.1	(0.1)
Pittsburgh	0.6	0.2
Atlanta	1.0	0.6
Cincinnati	0.0	0.1
Indianapolis	0.6	0.0
Chicago	0.5	0.0
Des Moines	1.0	1.4
Dallas	(0.1)	(0.1)
Topeka	1.5	1.3
San Francisco	1.1	1.0

### **Use of Derivatives to Manage Interest-Rate Risk**

An FHLBank enters into derivatives to manage interest-rate risk, prepayment risk, and other exposure inherent in otherwise unhedged assets and funding positions. An FHLBank attempts to use derivatives to reduce interest-rate exposure in the most cost-efficient manner. Derivatives are also used to manage the effective maturity, repricing frequency, or option characteristics of financial instruments to achieve risk-management objectives. (See <u>Note 6</u> - <u>Derivatives and Hedging Activities</u> to the accompanying combined financial statements for a discussion of managing interest-rate risk exposure and <u>Financial Discussion and Analysis - Combined Results of Operations</u> for the effect of derivatives and hedging activities on net interest income and non-interest income resulting from the FHLBanks' hedging strategies.)

Table 35 presents the notional amount of the pay and receive leg of interest-rate swaps by interest-rate index at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023. The pay and receive legs are equal as both sides of the derivative transaction are being presented.

### Table 35 - Notional Amount of Interest-Rate Swaps by Interest-Rate Index

(dollars in millions)

	 Septembe	r 30,	2024		Decembe	er 31, 2023		
	Pay Leg		Receive Leg	Pay Leg			Receive Leg	
Interest-Rate Index								
Fixed	\$ 549,698	\$	527,705	\$	529,347	\$	694,998	
SOFR OIS	481,373		478,111		638,652		450,116	
Federal Funds OIS	46,347		71,602		56,426		79,311	
Total notional amount of interest-rate swaps	\$ 1,077,418	\$	1,077,418	\$	1,224,425	\$	1,224,425	

In addition to the interest-rate swaps included in Table 35, the FHLBanks have other derivatives at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023. Table 36 presents the notional amount of other derivatives at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

### Table 36 - Notional Amount of Other Derivatives

(dollars in millions)

	Septen	nber 30, 2024	Decem	ber 31, 2023
Interest-rate caps or floors	\$	5,685	\$	6,790
Interest-rate swaptions		2,275		2,125
Mortgage delivery commitments		964		588
Interest-rate futures or forwards		445		172
Other		127		116
Total notional amount of other derivatives	\$	9,496	\$	9,791

## **CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES**

### **FHLBanks**

The management of each FHLBank is required under applicable laws and regulations to establish and maintain effective disclosure controls and procedures as well as effective internal control over financial reporting, as such disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting relate to that FHLBank only. Each FHLBank's management assessed the effectiveness of its individual internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2023, based on the criteria established in *Internal Control-Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). Based on this assessment, management of each FHLBank concluded, as of December 31, 2023, that its individual internal control over financial reporting was effective based on the criteria established in *Internal Control-Integrated Framework*. Additionally, the independent registered public accounting firm of each FHLBank opined that the individual FHLBank maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2023. (See *Part II. Item 8 - Financial Statements and Supplementary Data* or *Item 9A - Controls and Procedures* of each FHLBank's 2023 SEC Form 10-K for its *Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting*.)

The management of each FHLBank concluded that its disclosure controls and procedures were effective at a reasonable assurance level as of the end of the period covered by its 2024 Third Quarter SEC Form 10-Q. Additionally, each FHLBank, except for the FHLBank of Dallas, indicated that there were no changes to its internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended September 30, 2024, that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, its internal control over financial reporting. During the quarter ended September 30, 2024, the FHLBank of Dallas replaced a customized front- and back-office trade processing system with a new cloud-based solution and, as a result, automated, modified, implemented, or replaced some of its internal control over financial reporting to address the new control environment and processes associated with the replacement system. (See *Part I. Item 4 - Controls and Procedures* of each FHLBank's 2024 Third Quarter SEC Form 10-Q.)

# Office of Finance Controls and Procedures over the Combined Financial Reporting Combining Process

The Office of Finance is not responsible for the preparation, accuracy, or adequacy of the information or financial data provided by the FHLBanks to the Office of Finance for use in preparing the combined financial reports, or for the quality or effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures or internal control over financial reporting of the FHLBanks as they relate to that information and financial data. Each FHLBank is responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting with respect to the information and financial data provided to the Office of Finance. Although the Office of Finance is not an SEC registrant, FHFA regulations require that the combined financial report form and content generally be consistent with SEC Regulations S-K and S-X, as interpreted by the FHFA. The Office of Finance is not required to establish and maintain, and in light of the nature of its role has not established and maintained, disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial by each FHLBank. The Office of Finance has established controls and procedures concerning the FHLBanks' submission of information and financial data to the Office of Finance, the process of combining the financial statements and other financial information of the individual FHLBanks, and the review of that information.

The Office of Finance does not independently verify the financial information submitted by each FHLBank that comprise the combined financial statements, the condensed combining schedules, and other disclosures included in this Combined Financial Report. Instead, the Office of Finance relies on each FHLBank management's certification and representation regarding the accuracy and completeness, in all material respects, of its data submitted to the Office of Finance for use in preparing this Combined Financial Report.

### **Audit Committee Charter**

The charter of the audit committee of the Office of Finance's board of directors is available on the Office of Finance's website at fhlb-of.com. This website address is provided as a matter of convenience only, and its contents are not made part of or incorporated by reference into this report.

### **LEGAL PROCEEDINGS**

The FHLBanks are subject to various pending legal proceedings arising in the normal course of business. The FHLBanks and the Office of Finance do not believe they are a party to, or subject to, any pending legal proceedings where the ultimate liability of the FHLBanks, if any, arising out of these proceedings is likely to have a material effect on the results of operations, financial condition, or liquidity of the FHLBanks on a combined basis or that are otherwise material to the FHLBanks on a combined basis.

See each FHLBank's 2024 Third Quarter SEC Form 10-Q under *Part II. Item 1 - Legal Proceedings* for additional information.

# **RISK FACTORS**

There were no material changes to the risk factors disclosed on pages 28 to 39 of the Federal Home Loan Banks Combined Financial Report for the year ended December 31, 2023. (See each FHLBank's 2024 SEC Form 10-Qs for any updates to the risk factors included in the FHLBank's 2023 SEC Form 10-K under *Part I. Item 1A - Risk Factors*.)

# MARKET FOR CAPITAL STOCK AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

As a cooperative, each FHLBank conducts its advances business and mortgage loan programs almost exclusively with its members. Members and certain former members own all of the FHLBanks' capital stock. There is no established marketplace for the FHLBanks' stock and it is not publicly traded. FHLBank stock is purchased by members at the stated par value of \$100 per share and may be redeemed/repurchased at its stated par value of \$100 per share, subject to applicable redemption periods and certain conditions and limitations. (See *Business - Capital, Capital Rules, and Dividends* on pages 15 to 19 of the Federal Home Loan Banks Combined Financial Report for the year ended December 31, 2023, for more information on the restrictions on capital stock redemptions and repurchases.)

At September 30, 2024, the FHLBanks had 440 million shares of capital stock outstanding, including mandatorily redeemable capital stock. The FHLBanks are not required to register their securities under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended; however, each FHLBank is required to register a class of its stock under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. (See <u>Note 9 - Capital</u> to the accompanying combined financial statements for additional information on regulatory capital stock and mandatorily redeemable capital stock.)

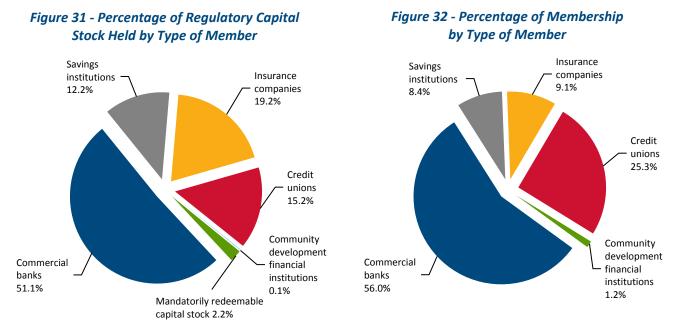
Table 37 presents combined regulatory capital stock, which includes mandatorily redeemable capital stock, held by type of member and FHLBank membership by type of member.

### Table 37 - Regulatory Capital Stock Held and Membership by Type of Member

(dollars in millions)

		September	30, 2024	December	31, 2023		
		tory Capital « Amount	Number of Members	Regulatory Capital Stock Amount	Number of Members		
Commercial banks	\$	22,516	3,637	\$ 25,089	3,675		
Insurance companies		8,461	593	7,754	579		
Credit unions		6,671	1,645	6,315	1,623		
Savings institutions		5,368	547	5,504	556		
Community development financial institutions		35	78	24	71		
Total		43,051	6,500	44,686	6,504		
Mandatorily redeemable capital stock		978		1,230			
Combined regulatory capital stock	\$	44,029		\$ 45,916			

Figures 31 and 32 present the percentage of regulatory capital stock held, and membership, by type of member at September 30, 2024.



The information on regulatory capital stock presented in Table 38 is accumulated at the holding-company level. The percentage of combined regulatory capital stock identified in Table 38 for each holding company was computed by dividing all regulatory capital stock owned by subsidiaries of that holding company by combined regulatory capital stock. These percentage concentrations do not represent ownership concentrations in an individual FHLBank.

# Table 38 - Top 10 Regulatory Capital Stockholders by Holding Company at September 30, 2024 (dollars in millions)

Holding Company Name <sup>(1)</sup>	FHLBank Districts <sup>(2)</sup>	Regulat	ory Capital ock <sup>(3)</sup>	Percentage of Combined Regulatory Capital Stock	Mandatorily Redeemable Capital Stock
The Toronto-Dominion Bank	Pittsburgh, Atlanta	\$	1,192	2.7 %	\$ —
The PNC Financial Services Group, Inc.	Pittsburgh, Cincinnati		1,152	2.6 %	5
New York Community Bancorp, Inc.	New York, Indianapolis		1,145	2.6 %	329
JPMorgan Chase & Co.	Cincinnati, San Francisco, Chicago, Des Moines		1,138	2.6 %	464
U.S. Bancorp	Cincinnati, San Francisco, Des Moines		962	2.2 %	56
The Charles Schwab Corporation	Dallas		962	2.2 %	-
Truist Financial Corporation	Atlanta, Pittsburgh		780	1.8 %	1
Citigroup Inc.	New York		748	1.7 %	-
MetLife, Inc.	New York		715	1.6 %	-
Bank of America Corporation	Atlanta, San Francisco, Boston, Des Moines		710	1.6 %	3
		\$	9,504	21.6 %	\$ 858

<sup>(1)</sup> Holding company information was obtained from the Federal Reserve System's website, the National Information Center (NIC), and SEC filings. The NIC is a central repository of data about banks and other institutions for which the Federal Reserve System has a supervisory, regulatory, or research interest, including both domestic and foreign banking organizations operating in the United States.

(2) At September 30, 2024, each holding company had subsidiaries with regulatory capital stock holdings in these FHLBank districts.

(3) Includes FHLBank capital stock that is considered to be mandatorily redeemable, which is classified as a liability under GAAP.

(This page intentionally left blank)

### SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

### Individual Federal Home Loan Bank Selected Financial Data and Financial Ratios

The following individual Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLBank) selected financial data and financial ratios are unaudited, and provided as a convenience to the reader. Please refer to *Explanatory Statement about Federal Home Loan Banks Combined Financial Report*, which discusses the independent management and operation of the FHLBanks; identifies the availability of other information about the FHLBanks; and describes where to find the periodic reports and other information filed by each FHLBank with the SEC.

### Individual FHLBank Selected Financial Data and Financial Ratios (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions)		Boston		New York		Pittsburgh		Atlanta	Cincinnati		
Selected Statement of Condition Data <sup>(1)</sup>											
At September 30, 2024											
Assets											
Investments <sup>(2)(3)</sup>	\$	26,138	\$	45,659	\$	30,884	\$	47,882	\$	39,750	
Advances		42,007		106,435		79,265		86,536		80,179	
Mortgage loans held for portfolio		3,544		2,308		4,747		93		7,188	
Total assets		72,397		155,454		115,964		135,793		127,827	
Deposits		766		2,115		705		2,543		1,183	
Consolidated obligations <sup>(3)</sup>											
Discount notes		14,941		51,342		9,776		13,541		16,183	
Bonds		52,339		92,468		98,529		110,873		102,445	
Total consolidated obligations		67,280		143,810		108,305		124,414		118,628	
Mandatorily redeemable capital stock		5		6		28		_		15	
Total capital											
Capital stock <sup>(4)</sup>		2,161		6,014		3,932		5,159		4,879	
Retained earnings		1,873		2,487		2,034		2,708		1,793	
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)		(227)		(86)		(5)		(7)		(50)	
Total capital		3,807		8,415		5,961		7,860		6,622	
Asset composition (as a percentage of the individual FHLBan	k's tot	al assets)									
Investments <sup>(2)(3)</sup>		36.1 %		29.4 %		26.6 %		35.3 %		31.1 %	
Advances		58.0 %		68.5 %		68.4 %		63.7 %	62.7		
Mortgage loans held for portfolio, net		4.9 %		1.5 %		4.1 %		0.1 %		5.6 %	
Retained earnings as a percentage of FHLBank's total assets		2.6 %		1.6 %		1.8 %	2.0 %			1.4 %	
FHLBank's total assets as a percentage of FHLBank System		5.7 %		12.3 %	9.2 %			10.7 %		10.1 %	
At September 30, 2023											
Assets											
Investments <sup>(2)(3)</sup>	\$	18,736	\$	39,870	\$	25,066	\$	53,839	\$	40,813	
Advances		40,131		101,488		76,202		108,091		69,786	
Mortgage loans held for portfolio		2,940		2,165		4,664		107		7,076	
Total assets		62,747		144,421		106,937		163,381		118,588	
Deposits		1,151		2,721		856		2,106		1,220	
Consolidated obligations <sup>(3)</sup>		_,		_/				_,		_,	
Discount notes		20,337		36,397		12,520		34,443		24,297	
Bonds		37,364		96,374		86,843		117,092		86,058	
Total consolidated obligations		57,701		132,771		99,363		151,535		110,355	
Mandatorily redeemable capital stock		6	-	7		28	_			19	
Total capital		Ū		,		20				15	
Capital stock <sup>(4)</sup>		2,007		5,750		3,841		6,165		4,535	
Retained earnings		1,779		2,321		1,781		2,454		1,619	
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)		(327)		(189)		(116)		2,434		(50)	
Total capital											
		3,459		7,882		5,506	_	8,619		6,104	
Asset composition (as a percentage of the individual FHLBan Investments <sup>(2)(3)</sup>	k s tot			27 6 04		22 4 0/		22.0.0		24.4.0	
		29.9 %		27.6 %		23.4 %		33.0 %		34.4 %	
Advances		64.0 %		70.3 %		71.3 %		66.2 %		58.8 %	
Mortgage loans held for portfolio, net		4.7 %		1.5 %		4.4 %		0.1 %	)	6.0 %	
Retained earnings as a percentage of individual FHLBank's total assets		2.8 %		1.6 %		1.7 %		1.5 %		1.4 %	
FHLBank's total assets as a percentage of FHLBank System		4.8 %		11.0 %		8.2 %		12.5 %	)	9.1 %	

(1) The sum or recalculation of individual FHLBank amounts may not agree or may not be recalculated from the Combined Statements of Condition amounts due to combining adjustments.

(2) Investments consist of interest-bearing deposits, deposits with other FHLBanks, securities purchased under agreements to resell, federal funds sold, trading securities, available-for-sale securities, and held-to-maturity securities.

(3) See <u>Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Basis of Presentation</u> on page F-15 in the audited combined financial statements included in the Federal Home Loan Banks Combined Financial Report for the year ended December 31, 2023, for information about the elimination of interbank transactions in the combined financial statements of the FHLBanks.

(dollars in millions)	Indianapolis	C	nicago	D	es Moines	_	Dallas		Topeka	Sa	n Francisco
Selected Statement of Condition Data <sup>(1)</sup>											
At September 30, 2024											
Assets											
Investments <sup>(2)(3)</sup>	\$ 31,555	\$	52,664	\$	49,649	\$	47,351	\$	25,202	\$	32,587
Advances	38,600	!	59,336		98,923		71,358		44,355		49,473
Mortgage loans held for portfolio	9,955		13,033		11,398		5,574		8,882		707
Total assets	81,059	1	25,823		161,979		124,872		79,205		83,270
Deposits	747		958		1,042		1,628		886		1,373
Consolidated obligations <sup>(3)</sup>											
Discount notes	19,641		35,756		59,465		26,969		17,252		11,005
Bonds	55,348		79,751		91,067		87,879		56,461		62,745
Total consolidated obligations	74,989	1	15,507		150,532		114,848		73,713		73,750
Mandatorily redeemable capital stock	363		83		9		-		3		465
Total capital											
Capital stock <sup>(4)</sup>	2,476		3,165		5,892		4,331		2,625		2,416
Retained earnings	1,668		5,232		3,422		2,743		1,556		4,446
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	(17)		49		(30)		151		(109)		47
Total capital	4,127		8,446		9,284		7,225		4,072		6,909
Asset composition (as a percentage of the individual FHLBar	ık's total assets)					_					
Investments <sup>(2)(3)</sup>	38.9 %	,	41.9 %		30.7 %		37.9 %		31.8 %		39.1 %
Advances	47.6 %	, 5	47.2 %		61.1 %		57.1 %		56.0 %		59.4 %
Mortgage loans held for portfolio, net	12.3 %	,	10.4 %		7.0 %		4.5 %		11.2 %		0.8 %
Retained earnings as a percentage of FHLBank's total assets	2.1 %	, 5	4.2 %		2.1 %		2.2 %		2.0 %		5.3 %
FHLBank's total assets as a percentage of FHLBank System	6.4 %	, 5	10.0 %		12.8 %		9.9 %		6.3 %		6.6 %
At September 30, 2023											
Assets											
Investments <sup>(2)(3)</sup>	\$ 27,122	\$ .	49,294	\$	56,667	\$	50,708	\$	19,967	\$	30,235
Advances	34,782		74,963		122,258		91,338		44,322		63,584
Mortgage loans held for portfolio	8,261		11,064		9,546		4,982		8,207		770
Total assets	71,041	1	36,245		190,668		147,614		73,136		95,021
Deposits	603		690		1,140		1,258		752		768
Consolidated obligations <sup>(3)</sup>											
Discount notes	17,458		42,088		64,315		20,931		17,893		14,293
Bonds	47,895	;	83,830		113,766		116,303		50,098		70,907
Total consolidated obligations	65,353	1	25,918		178,081	_	137,234		67,991	_	85,200
Mandatorily redeemable capital stock	368	_	185	-	12	_	1	_	_		776
Total capital											
Capital stock <sup>(4)</sup>	2,227		3,544		6,811		5,204		2,649		2,485
Retained earnings	1,470		4,884		3,005		2,289		1,372		4,222
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	(27)		(112)		(206)		176		(129)		(55)
Total capital	3,670	-	8,316		9,610	_	7,669		3,892	_	6,652
Asset composition (as a percentage of the individual FHLBar	nk's total assets)			-		-				-	
Investments <sup>(2)(3)</sup>	38.2 %	, 5	36.2 %		29.7 %		34.4 %		27.3 %		31.8 %
Advances	49.0 %	5	55.0 %		64.1 %		61.9 %		60.6 %		66.9 %
Mortgage loans held for portfolio, net	11.6 %		8.1 %		5.0 %		3.4 %		11.2 %		0.8 %
Retained earnings as a percentage of individual FHLBank's total assets	2.1 %		3.6 %		1.6 %		1.6 %		1.9 %		4.4 %
FHLBank's total assets as a percentage of FHLBank System	5.4 %	Ď	10.4 %		14.6 %		11.3 %		5.6 %		7.3 %

(4) FHLBank capital stock is redeemable at the request of a member subject to the statutory redemption periods and other conditions and limitations. (See <u>Note 9 - Capital</u> to the accompanying combined financial statements for additional information on the statutory redemption periods and other conditions and limitations.)

### Individual FHLBank Selected Financial Data and Financial Ratios (Unaudited, continued)

(dollars in millions)	I	Boston	New York		Pittsburgh	Atlanta	Cincinnati
Selected Other Data						 	
September 30, 2024							
Advance concentrations - top five borrowers		34 %	56 %		81 %	54 %	60 %
Regulatory capital stock concentrations - top five stockholders		31 %	48 %		74 %	45 %	50 %
Regulatory capital-to-assets ratio <sup>(5)</sup>		5.58 %	5.47 %		5.17 %	5.79 %	5.23 %
Cash and stock dividends							
Quarter-to-date September 30, 2024	\$	43	\$ 147	\$	78	\$ 112	\$ 104
Quarter-to-date September 30, 2023	\$	47	\$ 143	\$	81	\$ 127	\$ 133
Year-to-date September 30, 2024	\$	125	\$ 436	\$	235	\$ 337	\$ 319
Year-to-date September 30, 2023	\$	117	\$ 371	\$	210	\$ 304	\$ 297
Weighted average dividend rate (annualized)							
Quarter-to-date September 30, 2024		8.41 %	9.50 %		8.69 %	7.35 %	9.00 %
Quarter-to-date September 30, 2023		8.04 %	9.50 %		7.75 %	6.97 %	8.00 %
Year-to-date September 30, 2024		8.41 %	9.58 %		8.47 %	7.35 %	9.00 %
Year-to-date September 30, 2023		7.47 %	8.58 %		7.68 %	6.65 %	7.18 %
Return on average equity (annualized) <sup>(6)</sup>							
Quarter-to-date September 30, 2024		6.57 %	8.29 %		9.41 %	7.50 %	10.01 %
Quarter-to-date September 30, 2023		8.27 %	9.13 %		11.44 %	8.76 %	10.16 %
Year-to-date September 30, 2024		7.74 %	9.09 %		10.47 %	8.29 %	9.46 %
Year-to-date September 30, 2023		7.74 %	9.54 %		11.14 %	7.29 %	9.73 %
Net interest margin (annualized) <sup>(7)</sup>							
Quarter-to-date September 30, 2024		0.52 %	0.56 %		0.69 %	0.61 %	0.65 %
Quarter-to-date September 30, 2023		0.65 %	0.64 %		0.69 %	0.59 %	0.69 %
Year-to-date September 30, 2024		0.60 %	0.59 %		0.71 %	0.63 %	0.66 %
Year-to-date September 30, 2023		0.57 %	0.60 %		0.66 %	0.47 %	0.63 %
Net interest spread (annualized)							
Quarter-to-date September 30, 2024		0.19 %	0.27 %		0.41 %	0.29 %	0.36 %
Quarter-to-date September 30, 2023		0.27 %	0.32 %		0.39 %	0.26 %	0.42 %
Year-to-date September 30, 2024		0.25 %	0.30 %		0.41 %	0.29 %	0.37 %
Year-to-date September 30, 2023		0.23 %	0.34 %		0.38 %	0.19 %	0.37 %

(5) The regulatory capital-to-assets ratio is calculated based on the FHLBank's regulatory capital as a percentage of total assets held at period-end. (See <u>Note 9 - Capital</u> to the accompanying combined financial statements for a definition and discussion of regulatory capital.)

(6) Return on average equity is net income expressed as a percentage of average total capital. Mandatorily redeemable capital stock is not included in the calculation of return on average equity.

(7) Net interest margin is equal to net interest income represented as a percentage of average interest-earning assets.

(dollars in millions)	Inc	lianapolis	Chicago	De	Des Moines Dallas		Dallas	Topeka	San Francisco	
Selected Other Data										
September 30, 2024										
Advance concentrations - top five borrowers		39 %	34 %		31 %		54 %	52 %		51 %
Regulatory capital stock concentrations - top five stockholders		36 %	28 %		25 %		38 %	45 %		24 %
Regulatory capital-to-assets ratio <sup>(5)</sup>		5.56 %	6.74 %		5.76 %		5.66 %	5.28 %		8.80 %
Cash and stock dividends										
Quarter-to-date September 30, 2024	\$	47	\$ 71	\$	141	\$	70	\$ 58	\$	52
Quarter-to-date September 30, 2023	\$	34	\$ 70	\$	114	\$	98	\$ 56	\$	63
Year-to-date September 30, 2024	\$	139	\$ 217	\$	424	\$	222	\$ 170	\$	156
Year-to-date September 30, 2023	\$	91	\$ 173	\$	319	\$	207	\$ 165	\$	191
Weighted average dividend rate (annualized)										
Quarter-to-date September 30, 2024		8.17 %	8.74 %		8.96 %		6.13 %	8.90 %		8.75 %
Quarter-to-date September 30, 2023		6.07 %	7.68 %		6.86 %		5.85 %	8.62 %		7.75 %
Year-to-date September 30, 2024		8.07 %	8.56 %		8.55 %		6.13 %	8.82 %		8.75 %
Year-to-date September 30, 2023		5.35 %	7.10 %		6.77 %		5.39 %	8.35 %		7.26 %
Return on average equity (annualized) <sup>(6)</sup>										
Quarter-to-date September 30, 2024		9.11 %	6.12 %		8.40 %		9.97 %	9.87 %		5.88 %
Quarter-to-date September 30, 2023		9.70 %	8.71 %		11.31 %		11.98 %	9.39 %		6.17 %
Year-to-date September 30, 2024		9.37 %	7.37 %		9.77 %		9.98 %	10.84 %		6.15 %
Year-to-date September 30, 2023		10.22 %	8.06 %		10.28 %		10.96 %	9.73 %		7.69 %
Net interest margin (annualized) <sup>(7)</sup>										
Quarter-to-date September 30, 2024		0.66 %	0.75 %		0.77 %		0.73 %	0.67 %		0.70 %
Quarter-to-date September 30, 2023		0.71 %	0.76 %		0.74 %		0.72 %	0.61 %		0.68 %
Year-to-date September 30, 2024		0.68 %	0.76 %		0.75 %		0.72 %	0.71 %		0.68 %
Year-to-date September 30, 2023		0.65 %	0.68 %		0.71 %		0.64 %	0.60 %		0.70 %
Net interest spread (annualized)										
Quarter-to-date September 30, 2024		0.31 %	0.36 %		0.48 %		0.36 %	0.38 %		0.26 %
Quarter-to-date September 30, 2023		0.33 %	0.39 %		0.42 %		0.37 %	0.29 %		0.29 %
Year-to-date September 30, 2024		0.32 %	0.36 %		0.45 %		0.34 %	0.41 %		0.24 %
Year-to-date September 30, 2023		0.31 %	0.34 %		0.42 %		0.32 %	0.32 %		0.39 %

# INDEX OF TABLES AND FIGURES CONTAINED IN THE COMBINED FINANCIAL REPORT

	Page
Tables Included in Notes to Combined Financial Statements	
Table 3.1 - Trading Securities by Major Security Type	F-12
Table 3.2 - Net Gains (Losses) on Trading Securities	F-13
Table 3.3 - AFS Securities by Major Security Type	F-13
Table 3.4 - AFS Securities in a Continuous Gross Unrealized Loss Position	F-14
Table 3.5 - AFS Securities by Contractual Maturity	F-15
Table 3.6 - Proceeds from Sales and Gross Gains and Losses on Sales of AFS Securities	F-16
Table 3.7 - HTM Securities by Major Security Type	F-16
Table 3.8 - HTM Securities by Contractual Maturity	F-17
Table 3.9 - Proceeds from Sales and Gains and Losses on Sales of HTM Securities	F-18
Table 3.10 - Allowance for Credit Losses on Debt Securities	F-18
Table 4.1 - Advances by Redemption Term	F-20
Table 4.2 - Advances by Redemption Term or Next Call Date and Next Put or Convert Date	F-21
Table 4.3 - Advances by Current Interest Rate Terms	F-21
Table 5.1 - Mortgage Loans Held for Portfolio	F-22
Table 5.2 - Mortgage Loans Held for Portfolio by Collateral/Guarantee Type	F-22
Table 5.3 - Credit Quality Indicator for Conventional Mortgage Loans	F-24
Table 5.4 - Other Delinquency Statistics	F-24
Table 5.5 - Allowance for Credit Losses on Conventional Mortgage Loans	F-25
Table 6.1 - Fair Value of Derivative Instruments	F-26
Table 6.2 - Net Gains (Losses) on Fair Value and Cash Flow Hedging Relationships	F-27
Table 6.3 - Cumulative Basis Adjustments for Fair Value Hedges	F-28
Table 6.4 - Net Gains (Losses) on Derivatives and Economic Hedging Activities Recorded in Non-interest Income	F-29
Table 6.5 - Offsetting of Derivative Assets and Derivative Liabilities	F-30
Table 7.1 - Deposits	F-31
Table 8.1 - Consolidated Discount Notes Outstanding	F-32
Table 8.2 - Consolidated Bonds Outstanding by Contractual Maturity	F-32
Table 8.3 - Consolidated Bonds Outstanding by Call Features	F-33
Table 8.4 - Consolidated Bonds Outstanding by Contractual Maturity or Next Call Date	F-33
Table 9.1 - Risk-Based Capital Requirements at September 30, 2024	F-34
Table 9.2 - Regulatory Capital Requirements at September 30, 2024	F-34
Table 9.3 - Leverage Capital Requirements at September 30, 2024	F-35
Table 9.4 - Rollforward of Mandatorily Redeemable Capital Stock	F-36
Table 9.5 - Mandatorily Redeemable Capital Stock by Contractual Year of Redemption	F-37
Table 10.1 - Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	F-38
Table 11.1 - Fair Value Summary	F-41
Table 11.2 - Fair Value Measurements	F-43
Table 11.3 - Rollforward of Level 3 Assets and Liabilities	F-45
Table 11.4 - Fair Value Option - Financial Assets and Liabilities	F-46
Table 11.5 - Aggregate Fair Value and Aggregate Unpaid Principal Balance	F-47
Table 12.1 - Off-Balance Sheet Commitments	F-47

	Page
Tables and Figures Included in Financial Discussion and Analysis of Combined Financial Condition and Combined Results of Operations	
Figure 1 - U.S. Home Sales, Inventory, and Prices	5
Table 1 - Key Interest Rates	6
Table 2 - Funding Spreads to Treasury and SOFR Indices	7
Figure 2 - Total Assets, Liabilities, and Capital	10
Figure 3 - Total Assets	10
Figure 4 - Total Liabilities and Capital	10
Figure 5 - Advances Outstanding	11
Figure 6 - Advances by Product Type	12
Figure 7 - Advances by Redemption Term	12
Table 3 - Types of Advances by Redemption Term	13
Table 4 - Advances Indexed to a Variable Interest Rate	14
Table 5 - Advances by Type of Borrower and Member	14
Figure 8 - Percentage of Principal Amount of Advances by Type of Borrower	15
Figure 9 - Percentage of Member Borrowers by Type of Member	15
Table 6 - Top 10 Advance Holding Borrowers by Holding Company at September 30, 2024	15
Figure 10 - Total Investments	16
Figure 11 - Investment Securities by Product Type	17
Table 7 - Total Investments	18
Figure 12 - Interest-Rate Payment Terms of Investment Securities by Product Type	19
Table 8 - Interest-Rate Payment Terms of Investment Securities	20
Table 9 - Variable-Rate Investment Securities by Interest-Rate Index	20
Figure 13 - Mortgage Loans Held for Portfolio	21
Table 10 - Mortgage Loans Held for Portfolio	22
Table 11 - Mortgage Loans Held for Portfolio - Metrics and Ratios	22
Figure 14 - Consolidated Obligations Outstanding	23
Figure 15 - Consolidated Obligations by Product Type	24
Figure 16 - Consolidated Obligations by Contractual Maturity	24
Table 12 - Types of Consolidated Obligations by Contractual Maturity	25
Table 13 - Net Proceeds and Payments for Consolidated Obligations	26
Table 14 - Percentage of Total Consolidated Bonds Issued by Bond Type	26
Figure 17 - Deposits	27
Figure 18 - GAAP Capital	28
Table 15 - Total Capital and Regulatory Capital-to-Assets Ratio	28
Figure 19 - Capital Components as a Percentage of Total GAAP Capital at September 30, 2024	29
Figure 20 - Capital Components as a Percentage of Total GAAP Capital at December 31, 2023	29
Figure 21 - Net Income	30
Table 16 - Changes in Net Income	30
Figure 22 - Net Interest Income after Provision (Reversal) for Credit Losses	31
Table 17 - Net Interest Income after Provision (Reversal) for Credit Losses	32
Table 18 - Analysis of Interest Income/Expense and Average Yield/Rate	33

	Page
Table 19 - Rate and Volume Analysis	35
Table 20 - Effect of Derivatives and Hedging Activities on Net Interest Income	37
Figure 23 - Non-Interest Income	38
Table 21 - Changes in Non-Interest Income	38
Table 22 - Effect of Derivatives on Non-Interest Income	40
Figure 24 - Non-Interest Expense	41
Table 23 - Changes in Non-Interest Expense	41
Figure 25 - AHP Assessments	42
Table 24 - Comprehensive Income	43
Figure 26 - Combined Regulatory Capital Ratio	46
Table 25 - FHLBanks' Long-Term Credit Ratings, Short-Term Credit Ratings, and Outlook at October 31, 2024	49
Table 26 - Advances, Other Credit Products, and Collateral Outstanding at September 30, 2024	51
Table 27 - Type of Collateral Securing Advances and Other Credit Products Outstanding at September 30, 2024	52
Figure 27 - Percentage of Collateral Securing Advances and Other Credit Products by Type	52
Figure 28 - Percentage of Collateral Securing Advances and Other Credit Products by Pledging Method	52
Figure 29 - Total Investments by Credit Rating at September 30, 2024	53
Table 28 - Investment Ratings	54
Table 29 - Unsecured Credit Exposure by Investment Type	55
Figure 30 - Total Unsecured Investment Credit Exposure by Credit Rating	56
Table 30 - Ratings of Unsecured Investment Credit Exposure by Domicile of Counterparty at September 30, 2024	57
Table 31 - Derivative Counterparty Credit Exposure at September 30, 2024	59
Tables and Figures Included in Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk	
Table 32 - Individual FHLBank's Market Value of Equity and Duration of Equity Disclosures	61
Table 33 - Duration of Equity	61
Table 34 - Duration Gap	62
Table 35 - Notional Amount of Interest-Rate Swaps by Interest-Rate Index	62
Table 36 - Notional Amount of Other Derivatives	63
Tables and Figures Included in Market for Capital Stock and Related Stockholder Matters	
Table 37 - Regulatory Capital Stock Held and Membership by Type of Member	68
Figure 31 - Percentage of Regulatory Capital Stock Held by Type of Member	69
Figure 32 - Percentage of Membership by Type of Member	69
Table 38 - Top 10 Regulatory Capital Stockholders by Holding Company at September 30, 2024	69